CLEVELAND AREA TI-994/A USER GROUPS NEWSLETTER JUNE, 1991

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MEETING DATES

MATT ANDEL 676-9759 NORTHCOAST 1:30 P.M. TI-CHIPS 10 A.M. EUCLIDIAN ROOM N.ROYALTON LIBRARY EUCLID SQUARE MALL STATE RD & RT 82 THIRD SATURDAY THIRD SATURDAY

JUNE 15, 1991 JULY 20, 1991 AUGUST 17, 1991 SEPTEMBER 21, 1991 OCTOBER 19, 1991 NOVEMBER 16, 1991

As noted by Glenn Bernaset, i think we all had a good time again at Lima. It seems well attended and as usual, the conferences were very enlightening. At the Bud Hills conference, he had a young man from California who is producing an 'excelerator' for the II. Unfortunately, as seems to happen all to often at these meets, something happend to his prototype during the flight, and they had not been able to get it running for the demo. As shown, it is a little over the size of a postcard and will fit in the console and take over in the place of the present processor. According to them, it is a hybrid of the 9906 series and all software will be upwards compatible. He is also planning a new card for the PEB which will replace the present one with the flex cable. The new card will also speed up the peripherials. Also, the new card allows up to (I think,) 4 mg of ram and a maximum processor speed of about 18 mz. No delivery dates and no prices were announced.

It would be nice if we could take up the challenge and host the Multi-User Group Conference next year. We are told by the Lima people that it only takes a core of 4 or 5 people to do the job effectively. How about taking up the The hard drive controller from ESO was not challenge? present, nor were any spokespersons.

I didn't see any major new software offerings, but did manage to pick up a few Comprodine Items and a new game from MS Express Software which you will see reviewed inside.

Harry Hoffman copied 110 new library dists from the lima library. We still try to start getting them into our library in the mext couple of months, along with some items that have been collected and downloaded from Genie over the winter.

No. I have not given up on the new Newsletter Printer after only one month. I purchased Steve Bagstad's GENEVE and decided I would try it out with the 80-column Funnelweb for the newsletter. Well, much to my consternation, Newsletter Printer does not seem to work on the GEMEVE. So

far, I have mixed feelings about it. Don't want to may too much yet until I talk with for Markus at the next meeting. So far my experience has been very frustrating, but that could be because I just am not doing things right. Mainly, I tept blowing my ramdisk, and with the GEMEVE, you have to releas everything from scratch. So, I gave up temporarily and went back to my II. but had most of the newsletter printed at that point. It does speed up your 18 programs considerably. I loaded the CSGD label program to do some labels, and could hardly believe it was the same program the way it ram!

Thanks to Jim Petersem for sending a disk of newsletter articles and reviews. Am sure they will come in handy some month when we don't have enough local staff to fill in.

Morthcoast, since we didn't have a meeting in May, don't forget the Marry Hoffman is scheduled to demo the Newsletter Printer at the June meeting. With a little imagination, you can use it for letterheads, signs, etc and are not just limited to newsletter production. This is truly an exciting new software item.

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THE CONFERENCE AT LIMA By Glenn Bernasek

The time for the multi user group conference at Lima, Ohio has come and gone, but the memories will go on and on!

Once again the Lima User Group has done the T1-99/4A community a service that will be hard to surpass. The multi-user group conference at Lima this year provided us with a day filled with informative and fascinating seminars and demonstrations. The only problem I felt I had was that I was unable to attend each and every one on the agenda. Therefore I am only able to provide a 'thumbnail' stetch of the seminars and demos I was able to attend.

Frograms That Write Programs. One of the most interesting items that Barry covered was his 'GRAPHICOMP'. This neat routine emables the programmer the ability to transfer Extended Basic screen graphic commands, which are northrously slow, to the blinding speed of Assembly. All is accomplished with a minimum or no knowledge of II Assembly! Talk about a tool and a half! I bought a disk from Barry, and an eager to learn how to use this tremendous tool.

I had to reluctantly break away from Barry's presentation to attend a meeting on the status of the Ohio Regional II-99/4A / Geneve article BBS being set up by COMMI. The SYSOP will be none other than Irwin Hott! With Irwin at the controls, this clearing house for articles about the II-99/4A and the Geneve will be in operation some time this year. Watch for announcements and system details to appear in the COMMI newsletter.

Nuch was discussed about the BBS system. Irwin said the 2400 band modes should have arrived by time you have read this review. However the NFDC controller issue is still up to the air, and the system is waiting to see what ESC will have to offer. Basic organization was discussed. This included items of interest such as:

- 1. Setting a calling time for mon-local users.
- 2. Limiting "on line" time if meeded.
- J. General servicing to registered (right now a \$30 minimum per user group is requested to be a registered user with two (2) users per group) clearing house users such as periodic mailing of dista with BBS library and acceptance of mailed in dista containing articles. (Providing the dista conform to a yet unspecified format.)

As you can see, much has been done toward accomplishing what had started out as a basic idea discussed at the user group Executive session during the 1998 conference at Lina.

This brings we to the next session that I attended. This was the user group Executive meeting to discuss and share different group problems, ideas and solutions for the 99/4A community.

Charles Good started off the meeting with a caution that the conference at Lima is NOT to be considered a

foregone conclusion. The facility we all enjoy is provided at the pleasure of the Ohio University administration, and there can be no guaranties that this facility will be available next year. Besides, both Charlie and Bave Szippl stated quite clearly that they wouldn't mind traveling to a multi-user group conference elsewhere. I can't really blame them in the least!

Hembership and software support was discussed at length, and many excellent ideas were shared as to how a user group could maintain their membership. Software writer support was also discussed, and the up-shot was that financial support was speradic to say the least. However, not only paying the author(s) is needed, but recognition of their wort is also wise to do. As the Lina group has so well demonstrated, a user group can sponser a particular connectal program and reap the benefits of that sponsorship.

I also attended a presentation be Chris Bobbitt, of ASGARO SOFTMARE, on the future of the "PAGE PRO" utilities series. Chris showed the power of PAGE PRO and the "stand alone" upin offs such as POSTER MAKER and BANNER MAKER. He also demonstrated PAGE PRO EFFECTS which enables the user to manipulate graphics in most any way desired. Chris also confided in me that a new version of SPELL IT! will be coming out in the near future. This version (v. 1.101) will include the user option of selecting a quick (shorter) version of SPELL IT! rather than being locked in to the full dictionary search version that is now available.

There was much to see and do at this year's conference: An isolated comment I had heard was that it was beginning to have a "flea market" look to it. This is only natural in that much of the II-99/4A goodies, that have been "squirreled" away, are just now beginning to be made available. I don't consider this to be a distraction in any way!

This brings me to my challenge for the Cleveland area 99ers out there. If any of you are willing to commit yourself to putting on a multi-user group conference in the greater Cleveland area next year, call or write me and we'll see what we can do! Obtaining a site for the conference isn't that difficult, but we need a few committed members who will be willing to organize and operate a multi-usergroup conference in the greater Cleveland area mext year! If you're willing to work with me, I'm more than willing to work with you! All you have to do is call me at (216) 238-6335 (evenings) or write me at 13246 HARPER ROAD STROMGSVILLE, ONIO 44136. The challenge has been given, let's see who will meet it!

Thanks again Lima! Your dedication, on the behalf of II-99/4A users everywhere, is appreciated more than you will ever know!

TI-Chips Cleveland, Ohio By Cleve Bernasek

About half of our normal attendance showed up for the especially scheduled 'pre-conference' meeting of the TI-Chips on May 11th. Those who were able to attend were in for some un-scheduled demo surprises. And since this was an

for some un-scheduled demo surprises. And since this was an unusual meeting, the reading of the minutes and a detailed Treasurer's report were walved.

Yours truly started the "unscheduled demos" with a short demo of a 2-LIMER game I had written called "2L/MATCHIT!". Actually this game consists of a series of two line programs. Each one more difficult than the previous one. All the user has to do is press the key on the teyboard that matches the one which is "boxed" in the middle of the screen. The trouble is that by time the player gets to the fourth level, not only does the character on the screen continuously change, but turns are used up if a tey is not pressed! The level four version is definitely not a game for short attention spans or slow reflexes! (2L/MATCHIT! is FREE for the asking! Just give me a disk in return.)

Les Kee more than made up for his missing demo at the April meeting! This month's demo was on binary number generation, what binary numbers are anyway and how they are used. The theory that goes into binary generation is best left to Les' routines and his most able demo! It is suffice to say that those of us who were able to watch his demo, waited away with a better understanding of what binary numbers are.

MAKER and from what Matt showed us, extremely large (81) posters can be made from most any graphic instance. That is if you want to have your printer pounding away over might or longer, and beating the life out of the printer ribbon! All this aside, this utility is an easy way to produce witra high resolution graphics on any Epson compatable printer with the II.

Carol Shaw surprised us with a game demo of a library disk of German/Butch translated games called: <u>GAME MO.7</u>. The games appear to be the familiar ones such as <u>DONKEY KONG</u> and <u>PACKMAN</u> type games. They worked worked very similiarly, and the graphics were excellent! I don't remember the library disk number, but Carol would be happy to provide this information, and Harry could make a copy from the group's library for you if you're interested.

One additional INPORTANT point was brought up at the meeting. It's entirely unfair to have club members drive over 25 miles to attend a meeting that starts 30 - 45 minutes LATE! This problem was discussed at length, and it was unanimously decided that ALL TI-CHIPS meetings WILL start PROMPTLY at 10:00 AM. This means that there will be no more waiting to accommodate the late arrivers. This will, once again, allow us to close the meetings on or before 12:00 moon. Rather than an imposition for some, it is CONSIDERATION for all.

The next meeting of the II-CHIPS will be on June 15th. We'll have a lot of experiences and knowledge, from the Multi-user group conference at Lima, to share with you. See you then!

ZL/MATCHIT!
(A Keyboard Recognition Game)
By Glenn Bernasek
TI-CHIPS Cleveland, Ohio

I recently wondered, 'Could 1 make a 'full' response game, including titles, game field, keyboard interaction, turns taken and scoring update all in two lines of Il Extended Basic?' Well 99ers, 2L/MATCHIT! is the result of my curiosity. Actually, 2L/MATCHIT! is a series of four (4) 2-Liner games. Each one being more difficult than the previous.

The object of this game, as usual, is to match the character that is seen on the screen with the proper key on the keyboard. (Be aware that 21/MATCHIT! uses EYERY keyboard character.)

2L/MATCHIT! is auto-leaded, with the following LOAD program:

106 CALL CLEAR :: RUN "DSK1.MM"

21/MATCHIT! does not require 32K expansion. All the player has to do is press (1), (2), (3) or (4) for the desired level of difficulty (4 being the most difficult), kr (5) to exit the mean.

The game menu code is as follows (I tried to write a 2-Liner game menu, but there was entirely too much going on to fit into two lines of code.):

100 PRINT "PICK ONE:": :" <1> MATCHIT(1)": :" <2> MA TCHIT(II)": :" <3> MATCHIT (111)": :" (4) MATCHIT(IV) ": :" <5> QUIT": : : : :" (IS ALPHA LOCK UP?)" 110 CALL KEY(0,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 110 ELSE IF K=53 THEN CALL CLEAR :: END ELSE IF K< 49 OR K>53 THEN 110 120 ON K-48 GOTO 130,140,150 ,166 130 RUM "DSK1.M1" 140 RUN 'DSK1.M2' 150 RUN "DSK1.M3" 160 RUN 'DSK1.M4'

(NOTE: SAVE AS "MM")

The first game level, shown as MAICHII(I) in the meau, is the easiest level to play, and is well suited for very young players or those who are learning the TI-99/4A teyboard for the first time.

As you will see, the MATCHII(I) character appears in a 'boxed' area in the center of the screen, and remains in place until a key is pressed. If the CORRECT key is pressed, a HIGH beep will sound, and the ASCII value of the pressed key is added to your score. If the WRONG key is pressed, a LOW beep will sound, and the ASCII value of the pressed key will be subtracted from your score. After a key is pressed, the game returns to the top with a NEW random generated character for you to match. There are a total of 50 turns available in each game. After which the score for that game remains on the screen, and the game menu is brought up again.

The following is the code for MATCHIT(I):

100 CALL CLEAR :: DISPLAY AT (4.4): "PRESS THE MATCHING KE Y" :: DISPLAY AT (22,3):50-T; "TO GO", " SCORE: "; X :: RAND ONIZE :: Y=INT(RND)+33 :: DISPLAY AT (13,4): " ["; CHR \$(Y);"]"

110 IF T=50 THEN RUN "DSK1.N

M" ELSE CALL KEY(0,K,S):: IF

S=0 THEN 110 ELSE T=T+1 ::

IF K<>Y THEN CALL SOUND(110,

220,1):: X=X-K :: GOTO 100 :: 12L/

MATCHITI1(C)1991GUB

(MOTE: SAVE AS "MI")

(Once again, my 2-Liners make extensive use of MULTIPLE statement lines. Therefore if you are unfamiliar with the line extension technique, get a fellow club member to belp you or just ask me or your librarian for a copy of 2L/MATCHIT!.)

The next level, MATCHIT(II), actually was my original matching key game. The added difficulty is that the "boxed" character on the screen is only seen for just a moment! You still have all the time you need to decide which key to press, but in this case you need to exercise concentration if you are going to know which character "flashed" in the "box".

This is what the MATCHIT(11) program looks like:

100 CALL CLEAR :: DISPLAY AT (4,4): PRESS THE MATCHING KE Y" :: DISPLAY AT(22,3):50-T; "TO 60", " SCORE: "; X :: RAND OMIZE :: Y=IMT(RND)+33 :: DISPLAY AT(13,14): [";C HR\$(Y);"}" :: DISPLAY AT(13, 15) \$1 ZE(-1): " " 110 IF T=50 THEN RUN "DSK1.M R' ELSE CALL KEY(O,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 110 ELSE T=T+1 :: IF KOY THEN CALL SOUND(110, 226,1):: X=X-K :: 60TO 100 : : ELSE CALL SOUND(110,080,1) :: X=X+K :: 6010 100 :: 12L/ MATCHIT!2(C)19916WB

(MOTE: SAVE AS "M2")

The third level of difficulty is found in MATCHIT(III). In this level, you don't have the luxury of taking your time to decide what character appeared on the screen. MATCHIT(III) changes the displayed character just about once a second. You can wait as long as you like, but

if you want a score, it would be wise to press a key sook or later.

Here's what the program looks like:

100 CALL CLEAR :: BISPLAY AT (4,4): PRESS THE MATCHING KE Y" :: DISPLAY AT(22,3):50-T; "TO GO"," SCORE:"; I :: RAND OMIZE :: Y=EMT(RMD)+33 :: DISPLAY AT(13,14): [";C WR\$(Y);"]" :: FOR I=1 TO 250 :: NEXT I 110 IF T=50 THEN RUN "DSK1.M M' ELSE CALL KEY(#,K,S):: 1f S=0 THEN 100 ELSE T=T+1 :: IF KOY THEN CALL SOUND(110, 220,1}:: I=I-K :: GOTO 100 : : ELSE CALL SOUND(110,880,1) :: I=X+K :: 6070 100 :: [2L] MATCHIT!3(C)1991GWB

(NOTE: SAVE AS "M3")

The final level is fiendishly difficult in MATCHIT(IV). In this level, not only do the characters change in something LESS than a second, but you loose/use a turn every time a new character is displayed. This last level IS NOT FOR THE EASILY FRUSTRATED!

Here's the program for this "cutie":

188 T=T+1 :: CALL CLEAR :: D ISPLAY AT(4,4): PRESS THE MA TCHING KEY" :: DISPLAY AT(22 ,3):50-T;"TO GO"," SCORE:"; I :: RAMOOMIZE :: Y=INT(RMD* 94)+33 :: DISPLAY AT(13,14): "[";CHR\$(Y);"]" :: FOR I=1 T 0 150 :: NEXT I 110 IF T=50 THEN RUN "DSK1.A M' ELSE CALL KEY(O,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 100 ELSE IF K<>Y T HEN CALL SOUND(110,220,1):: I=X-K :: GOTO 100 :: ELSE CA LE SOUND(110,880,1):: I=I+K :: GOTO 100 :: |2L/MATCHIT|4 (C)19916WB

(NOTE: SAVE AS "H4")

If this doesn't teach you where the keys are on the II-99/4A teyboard, nothing will! Have fun! Once again, if you are unsure of typing in the above routines, ask your librarian for a copy, or send me, GLENN BERNASEK 13246 MARPER ROAD STRONGSVILLE, OHIO 44136, a 5 1/4" DSDO disk, and I'll be happy to send you your own copy of 2L/MATCHIT!.

A03J0Y

by WESLEY R. RICHARDSON, MAY, 1991 NORTHCOAST 99ER'S, CLEVELAND, OH

The program AO3JOY-XB is an Extended BASIC (XB) program which allows you to move a sprite by the use of joystick number 1. To change the size of the sprite steps from 1 to 64, press the fire button.

This program only takes 26 lines in XB, but the equivalent program AO3JOY/S in Assembly takes 163 lines. At first this would seem that the Assembly is not very efficient. Just the opposite is true. The Assembly program is so fast that we must put in a delay loop which counts to 12288 just to slow the Assembly program down to the same speed as XB.

For people trying to learn to program in Assembly, there are several items presented in this program that are often used in other programs. These include: 1) text printed to screen, 2) changing of screen color, 3) sprite definition and location, but not motion, 4) the use of joystick input, and 5) integer comparison decision branches. As an aid in understanding the Assembly version, I have kept the program logic as close to the XB version as possible, and included the XB line numbers in the Assembly listing as reference points.

In 1140, the screen is cleared by writing the space character to all screen positions. To change screen color, we must change both the border color and redefine the character colors for all character groups.

L150 through L200 write the text to the screen.

L210, L220, and L230 define the sprite descriptors, and its attributes.

L240 is the start of the main loop and corresponds to the XB CALL LOCATE.

L250 through L270 check for a key press, and if one is pressed, check to see if it is the fire button or Q key.

L280 through L300 double the "speed" of the sprite, check if it exceeds 64 in which case it resets to 1, and then displays the current "speed."

L310 gets the joystick position. The XB values returned from the joystick for X and Y can be +4,

0, or -4, while Assembly returns hex 04, hex 00, or hex FC.

L320 through L340 convert the joystick values to changes in location for the sprite. The size of the steps are determined by the "speed" factor. The location is further checked to make sure the sprite does not go off of the screen.

L350 is the most different from XB. First the delay loop slows down the speed. The LIMI 2 and LIMI 0 turn on and then off interrupts. This allows the FCTN = to work to quit the program, and if there were sprite motion or music, it would allow the VDP to update.

One variation you can try after you get the program running is to change the value in L350 from hex 3000 to hex 0001. The sprite will move so fast that it is hard to keep it off of the border positions. This will, however, remind you of the speed of Assembly.

Type in the Assembly program as shown, using the program editor in Funnelweb or the Assembly Editor. Save the file as AO3JOY/S. Then assemble the program using AO3JOY/O as the object file, and giving RC as the options. To run the program from the Editor/Assembler cartridge, select option 3, LOAD AND RUN, then give DSK1.AO3JOY/O as the filename and START as the program name. In Funnelweb, select LOADERS, then LOAD/RUN, and then the same filenames and program name as from E/A #3. If you have trouble, go back over each line, as Assembly is very particular about all commands.

The associated files are:

A03J0Y-D0C this documentation file A03J0Y-XB the Extended BASIC program A03J0Y/S the Assembly source code A03J0Y/O the Assembly object code

100 REM A03JOY-XB

110 REM TI-99/4A EXTENDED BASIC

12Ø REM WESLEY R. RICHARDSON, MAY, 1991

13Ø REM NORTHCOAST 99ER'S, CLEVELAND, O

14Ø CALL CLEAR :: CALL SCREEN(14)

15Ø DISPLAY AT(2,7):"AØ3JOY-XB by WR"

160 DISPLAY AT(4,2):"ALPHA LOCK MUST BE

17Ø DISPLAY AT(5,2):"USE JOYSTICK #1 TO MOVE"

18Ø DISPLAY AT(6,2):"PRESS FIRE TO CHAN GE SPEED"

```
19Ø DISPLAY AT(7,2):"PRESS FCTN 4 TO ST
                                                        R1,>2000 SPACE CHAR
                                                   LI
    0P**
                                            CLEAR
                                                   BLWP @VSBW
                                                                 WRITE CHAR
200 DISPLAY AT(9,9):"SPEED IS 4"
                                                    INC RØ
                                                                 INCR POSITION
21Ø CALL CHAR(128,"Ø161733F1F1F3FFFFF3F
                                                   CI
                                                        RØ,>Ø3ØØ 768 DONE?
    1F1F3F7361Ø18Ø86CEFCF8F8FCFFFFCF8F
                                                    JNE CLEAR
                                                                 NOT DONE
    BFCCE868Ø")
22Ø Y=8Ø :: X=112 :: S=4
                                            BORDER LI
                                                        RØ,>Ø7ØD MAGENTA
23Ø CALL MAGNIFY(4):: CALL SPRITE(#1,12
                                                   BLWP @VWTR
                                                                 BORDER COLOR
    8,5,Y,X)
                                                       RØ,>Ø38Ø COLOR TABLE
                                                   LI
24Ø CALL LOCATE(#1,Y,X)
                                                        R1,>1DØØ BLACK, MAGENTA
                                                   LI
25Ø CALL KEY(1,A,B)
                                            SCREEN BLWP @VSBW WRITE COLOR
26Ø IF B<1 THEN 31Ø
                                                    INC RØ
                                                                 NEXT GROUP
27Ø IF A<>18 THEN 31Ø
                                                        RØ,>Ø39F ALL GROUPS?
28Ø S=S*2
                                                    JLE SCREEN NOT DONE
29Ø IF S=128 THEN S=1
                                            本
300 DISPLAY AT(9,17):USING "###":S
                                            L15Ø
                                                   LΙ
                                                       RØ,4Ø
                                                                4Ø=ROW2,COL7
310 CALL JOYST (1,A,B)
                                                        R1,MSG1 AØ3JOY
                                                   LI
32Ø A=Ø.25*S*A :: B=Ø.25*S*B
                                                        R2,15
                                                   LΙ
                                                               LENGTH
33Ø X=MAX(1,X+A):: X=MIN(224,X)
                                                    BLWP @VMBW
                                                               WRITE IT
340 Y = MAX(1, Y - B) :: Y = MIN(160, Y)
                                            *
35Ø GOTO 24Ø
                                            L16Ø
                                                                 99=ROW4, COL2
                                                   \GammaI
                                                       RØ,99
                                                         R1, MSG2 ALPHA
                                                   LΙ
                                                    LI
                                                         R2,21
                                                                 LENGTH
                                                    BLWP @VMBW
                                                                 WRITE IT
* AØ3JOY/S ASSEMBLY SOURCE CODE
                                            *
* AØ3JOY/O ASSEMBLY OBJECT CODE
                                            L17Ø
                                                   LI
                                                         RØ,131 131=ROW5,COL2
* TI-99/4A ASSEMBLY
                                                         R1, MSG3 USE JOYSTICK
                                                    LI
* WESLEY R. RICHARDSON, MAY, 1991
                                                    LΙ
                                                         R2,23
                                                                 LENGTH
* NORTHCOAST 99ER'S, CLEVELAND, OH
                                                    BLWP @VMBW
                                                                 WRITE IT
3,4
                                            *
       DEF
            START
                                            L18Ø
                                                   LI
                                                        RØ,163 163=ROW6,COL2
       REF
            KSCAN, VMBW, VSBW, VWTR
                                                         R1, MSG4 PRESS FIRE
                                                    LI
3.1
                                                    r_1
                                                         R2,26
                                                                 LENGTH
                    REGISTERS SPACE
REGS
       BSS
            >2Ø
                                                    BLWP @VMBW
                                                                 WRITE IT
       TEXT 'AØ3JOY/O by WR'
MSG1
                                            *
       TEXT 'ALPHA LOCK MUST BE UP'
MSG2
                                            L19Ø
                                                    LΙ
                                                         RØ,195 195=ROW7,COL2
       TEXT 'USE JOYSTICK #1 TO MOVE'
MSG3
                                                    LI
                                                         R1, MSG5 PRESS FCTN =
       TEXT 'PRESS FIRE TO CHANGE SPEED'
MSG4
                                                    LI
                                                         R2,2Ø
                                                                 LENGTH
       TEXT 'PRESS FCTN = TO QUIT'
MSG5
                                                    BLWP @VMBW
                                                                 WRITE IT
       TEXT 'SPEED IS 4'
MSG6
                                            *
                                            L2ØØ
                                                    LI
                                                        RØ,266 266=ROW9,COL9
SPCHAR DATA >Ø161,>733F,>1F1F,>3FFF
                                                    LI
                                                         R1, MSG6 SPEED IS
       DATA >FF3F,>1F1F,>3F73,>61Ø1
                                                    LI
                                                         R2,11
                                                                 LENGTH
       DATA >8Ø86,>CEFC,>F8F8,>FCFF
                                                    BLWP @VMBW
                                                                 WRITE IT
       DATA >FFFC,>F8F8,>FCCE,>868Ø
                                             *
       DATA >3Ø34
                    SPEED=Ø4
SPEED
                                            L21Ø
                                                    LI
                                                         RØ,>Ø4ØØ SPRITE CHAR >8Ø
                                                         R1, SPCHAR SPRITE CHAR
                                                    LI
KEYUNT EQU >8374
                    KEY UNIT
                                                         R2,32
                                                    L, I
                                                                 32 BYTES LONG
KEYVAL EQU >8375
                    KEY VALUE
                                                    BLWP @VMBW
                                                                 COPY CHAR DEF
                    Y JOYSTICK
       EQU >8376
YKEY
                                             *
                    X JOYSTICK
       EQU >8377
                                             LS5@
                                                   DATA >4E6F,>8ØØ4,>DØØØ SPRITE
                    GPL STATUS
STATUS EQU >837C
                                                         ATTRIBUTE DATA
                                                         R3,>ØØ4E Y DATA
                                                    LI
START LWPI REGS
                    REGISTERS
                                                    LI
                                                         R4,>ØØ6F X DATA
皋
                                                   LI
                                                         R7,4
                                                                SPEED DATA
                    CALL CLEAR
L14Ø
       LI RØ,Ø
```

```
RØ,>Ø1E3 MAGNIFY(4)
                                                  MOVB RØ, @KEYUNT KEY #1
L23Ø
      LI
                    WRITE IT
                                                  BLWP @KSCAN
                                                                JOYSTICK MOVE?
       BLWP @VWTR
                                                  CLR
                                                       R5
                                                                CLEAR R5
ж
           RØ,>Ø3ØØ SPRITE #Ø
                                                                CLEAR R6
                                                  CLR
                                                       R6
      LI
                                                  MOVE @YKEY, R5 GET Y MOVE B
           R1,L22Ø
                    ATTRIBUTES
      LI
                                                  MOVE @XKEY, R6 GET X MOVE A
                    6 BYTES
      LΙ
           R2,6
                    WRITE DATA
      BLWP @VMBW
                                           *
                                                       R5,>FCØØ IS B=(-4)?
                                           L32Ø
                                                  CI
*
           RØ,>Ø3ØØ SPRITE #Ø Y
                                                       SETB1
                                                                JMP IF B=Ø,4
                                                   JNE
L24Ø
      LI
                                                       R5,>FFFF SET B TO (-1)
           R3,R1
                    GET Y LOCATION
       MOV
                                                   LI
                    SWAP BYTES
                                                       R5,>\emptyset4\emptyset\emptyset IS B=(+4)?
       SWPB R1
                                           SETB1
                                                  CI
                    WRITE Y
                                                       SETB2
                                                                JMP IF B=Ø
       BLWP @V5BW
                                                   JNE
                                                       R5,>ØØØ1 SET B TO (+1)
                    >Ø3Ø1
       INC
           RØ
                                                   LI
                    GET X LOCATION
           R4,R1
                                           *
       MOV
                    SWAP BYTES
                                           SETB2
                                                       R6,>FCØØ IS A=(-4)?
       SWPB R1
                                                  CI
                    WRITE X
                                                       SETA1
                                                                 JMP IF A=\emptyset,4
       BLWP @VSBW
                                                   JNE
                                                       R6,>FFFF SET A TO (-1)
                                                   LI
华
           RØ,>Ø1ØØ KEY UNIT #1
                                                       R6,>\emptyset4\emptyset\emptyset IS A=(+4)?
                                            SETA1
                                                   ÇΙ
L25Ø
       LΙ
                                                   JNE
                                                       SETA2
                                                                 JMP IF A=Ø
       MOVB RØ, @KEYUNT KEY #1
                                                        R6,>ØØØ1 SET A TO (+1)
       BLWP @KSCAN FIRE BUTTON?
                                                   LI
           RØ,>Ø1E3 MAGNIFY(4)
                                            *
       LI
                                                                 SET UP MPY B
       BLWP @VWTR
                    WRITE IT
                                            SETAS
                                                  MOV
                                                       R5,R8
                                                   MPY R7,R8
                                                                 B=S*B
2/2
           RØ,>2ØØØ MASK FOR CHECK
                                                       R9,R5
                                                                 SAVE B
                                                   MOV
L260
       LI
           @STATUS,R1 GET STATUS
                                            ×
                                                                SET UP MPY A
           RØ,R1 CHECK STATUS
                                                       R6,R8
                                                   MOV
       COC
           L31Ø JMP IF NO KEY
                                                   MPY
                                                       R7,R8
                                                                B=S*A
       JNE
       MOVE @KEYVAL, R1 GET KEY
                                                   MOV
                                                       R9,R6
                                                                SAVE A
                                            *
z¦c
           R1,>12ØØ KEY=18?
                                            L33Ø
                                                              X=X+A
                                                       R6,R4
L27Ø
       ÇΙ
                                                   Α
                                                        R4,>FFFF (-1)
                    JMP IF NOT 18
                                                   CI
           L31Ø
       JNE
                                                        XMIN
                                                                X>{-1}?
                                                   JGT
**
                                                        R4,Ø
                                                   LI
                                                                 x⊨ø
       SLA R7,1 S=S*2
L28Ø
                                            MIMX
                                                   CI
                                                        R4,>ØØEØ X<224 ?
2/2
           R7,>ØØ8Ø S=128?
L29Ø
       CI
                                                   JLT
                                                        XMAX
                                                                 JMP IF LESS
           L3ØØ
                    JMP IF NOT 128
                                                        R4,>ØØDF X=223
       JNE
                                                   LΙ
            R7,1
                     S=1
       LI
                                            *
                                            XMAX
*
                                                       R5,R3 Y=Y-8
                                                   S
                                                        R3,>FFFE (-2)
       MOV
            R7,R6 DISPLAY VALUE
                                                   ÇΙ
L3ØØ
                   ADJUST TO ASCII
       CLR
           R5
                                                   JGT
                                                        Y>(-2)?
            RØ,>ØØØA DECIMAL 1Ø
                                                        R3,>FFFF SET TO (~1)
       LΙ
                                                   LI
            RØ,R5 R5≃S/1Ø
                                            YMIN
                                                   CI
                                                        R3,>ØØ9F Y<159?
       DIV
            R5,>ØØØØ IS IT Ø?
       CI
                                                        L35Ø
                                                                 JMP IF LESS
                                                   JLT
                     JMP IF 1Ø+
                                                        R3,>ØØ9E Y=158
            TENUP
                                                   LI
       JNE
            R5,>FFFØ SUBTRACT 16
                                            3/4
       LI
                                                        R1,>3000 DELAY LOOP 1
            R5,>ØØ3Ø NOW ASCII
                                            L35Ø
       ΑI
                                                   LI
TENUP
                                            DLY1
                     PUT ON LEFT
                                                   DEC
                                                        R1
       SWPB R5
                                                                 DEC COUNT 1
            R6,>ØØ3Ø NOW ASCII
                                                               JMP IF NOT Ø
                                                   JNE
                                                       DLY1
       ΑI
                     COMBINE NUMBER
                                                   LIMI 2
       MOVB R5,R6
                                                               ALLOW INTERRUPTS
       MOV R6, @SPEED SAVE VALUE
                                                   LIMI Ø
                                                               NO INTERRUPTS
                                                        @L24Ø
                                                                 G010 24Ø
       LI
            RØ,275
                     SCREEN LOCATION
                                                   ₿
            R1, SPEED ASCII VALUES
       LI
                                            *
                     2 BYTES
                                                   END
       LΙ
            R2,2
                                                                        91Ø516 WR
       BLWP @VMBW
                     WRITE SPEED
湿
```

RØ,>Ø1ØØ KEY UNIT #1

L31Ø

LΙ

PIXEASE FROM COMPRODINE REVIEW BY DEANNA SHERIDAN - NORTHCOAST 99ERS - CLEVELAND

Tiers seem to be on an eternal quest to find ways of mixing text and graphic:



and Rodger Merritt of Comprodine has brought us PIXEASE to intermix pixtures in TI Writer files. He takes a little different approach than most, and I have mixed feelings about the results.

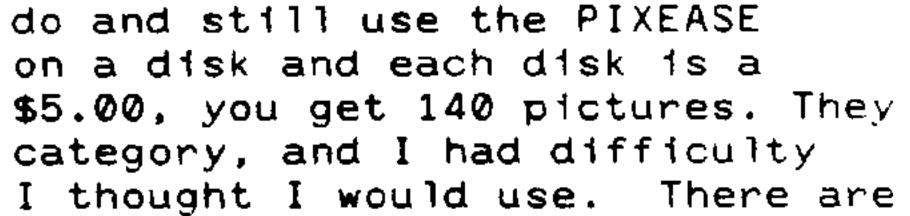
In January, I wrote an article which I entitled "Color Printers and the TI". This was also a tutorial on how to place graphics where you wanted and have

text "flow" around them by using the REVERSE LINE FEED feature which most of the newer printers support. Rodger has something similar with PIXEASE. The main difference between his approach and the one I took, is that with mine, you had to do some calculations to get the proper line spacing, and it could take some time to get everything just where you wanted it



In the case of PIXEASE, Rodger has taken the TIPS graphic pictures and transformed them into a format which can be read by TI-Writer or Funnelweb editors. Note, I said editors, not formatters. When you print from the editor, it recognizes CTRL U codes but not transliterates, so you are limited

in some of the formatting you can pictures. There are 70 pictures "flippie" which means that for don't seem to be grouped by any finding a disk that had graphics



a total of 30 disks taken from the TIPS graphics by Ron Wolcott. I guess with the almost unlimited variety of TIPS graphics available now that GIC is out, would much prefer to be able to purchase the program which creates the TI-Writer/Funnelweb file so that I could have just the graphics I know I would use.

2476

In order to use the program, simply start typing in your text as I have done here. Then decide where and what kind of pictures you would like to insert. Up to 40 pictures can be loaded at once and up to 10 pictures can be printed side-by-side. Color codes can be added to make each picture a different color.

To insert pictures at either the left or right margins, simply go to the TAB function and place the tab 10 spaces from the left or right margins and reformat the remainder of the paragraph. Thenload the picture after the last

line of text where you the graphic is loaded, character over and according to a chart insert a picture in the



want the picture to print. When go to the first line, the third change the margin setting provided with the pictures. To middle of the paragraph, go to

the line and column where you would like to place the graphic. Type in 10 X's and reformat. Do that for five lines. Then erage the X's and load the graphic and change the margin.

You can purchase these disks in several combinations and get discounts for buying the entire collection archived. Contact Comprodine (Rodger Merritt) 1949 Evergreen Avenue, Fullerton, CA 92635

SLIDING BLOCK PUZZLES REVIEW BY DEANNA SHERIDAN MORTHCOAST 99ERS - CLEVELAND, OKIO

If you enjoy "thinking games" instead of the shoot 'em up type, you will enjoy SLIDING BLOCK PUZZŁES by Morman Rokke. If the name isn't that fulliar to you, several of us have used his '1000 Words' freeware program to create graphics for II-Writer.

Norman Rotte is a professor at a college along the Ohio River, and I believe his specialty is physics. Only a person with high math capability would be able to come up with these puzzles. They follow the idea of the old mossiac puzzles and the little hand held puzzles with one piece missing, and it is your task to place them in a certain order of numbers, letters, or whatever, to complete the puzzle.

There are so far, two series of these puzzles. I picked up the Series I at the Lima meet. It has three puzzles, evidently going from the easiest to the hardest. (You can't prove it by me, and I have ben-unable to solve ANY of them as yet.) In this case, the blocks are of varying colors, and it is the puzzle solvers job to get the large RED block from its beginning position at the top left hand of the screen to the bottom right.

The documentation states that the first puzzles can be solved in a minimum of 59 moves; the second in 81 moves; and the third in 98 moves. If you want hours of concentration at your computer, this is the dist for you. After you have conquered Series I, there is a Series II. If you enjoy workaing this type of puzzle, but just can't seem to get a "clue" as to how to go about it, you can obtain SLIDING BLOCK SOLUTIONS - SERIES I AND II. The advertisement for the solutions states that it gives you just the right amount of help without the risk of spoiling the game as you control the amount of help you receive. Sliding Block Puzzles is distributed by MS Express Software. P.O. Box 498, Richmond, OH 43944. IF MS Express is not familiar to you, any adventure far of the TI world has heard of Micky Schmidt of the Pittsburgh and West Penn goups. She and Lynn Gardner have written adventure programs which have been distributed through Asgard. In fact, in addition to the Silding Block Puzzle series, they also have available Adventure Nints -Series I and a new adventure - Galactic Emperors. The Sliding Block disks are \$7.95 and the adventure disks are \$9.95 plus Ohio tax and \$1 SaH per dist.

BACKSTEIN (bok'stim y)
Deanna Sheridan - Northcoast 99ers - Cleveland, Ohio

There for a while, you didn't see ANY new games for the II because we were so busy convincing ourselves our machine was good for something besides playing games. I think we missed a real window of opportunity by not going head-to-head with Nitendo with our superior 16 bit graphics

and sprites. There have been several good ones come to my attention lately that have caught my eye and are even enjoyed by this old lady.

Bactstein is a 'Breakout' type game, and I am told it indeed simulates a popular Mitendo game. This one can keep you occupied for hours on end. As you attempt to 'Break Out' through the colored blocks at the top of the screen, you encounter several types of blocks that can frustrate or add to your score.

The <u>Engery Blocks</u> have several characteristics. Some require more than one shot, while others are impossible to destroy. You are awared 10 points for each block hit. Some blocks require 3 hits and are worth 30 points.

The <u>Aliens</u> consist of a spinning pyramid and disk. Soth bounce off blocks harmlessly. 100 points are awarded to destroying an alien.

Secret Capsules are hidden behind some energy blocks. They are released by simply destroying the block containing the capsule. To get the effects given by the capsule, you must catch it as it falls. These effects include:

freeze: A recapsule slows the ball down to give you additional time to position your paddle (they call it a Siliron).

Extra Siliron: When caught will give you an extra Siliron. Up to 5 can be held at once.

Stretch: A dark blue capsule, when caught will make the Siliron wider to provide a larger surface area to catch the ball.

<u>Catch:</u> When caught, enables the Siliron to catch the ball rather than bouncing it without stopping. Once caught, the Siliron can carry the ball around to any please and release it with the fire button. (This is a fun feature).

Break: When caught will open a door to the next level without completing the current level.

<u>laser:</u> When caught, will act as a catch except that, when the fire button is pressed to release the ball, the ball will go straight up to release the ball.

As you can see, there is a lot going on at once with this game. Some of the above, I have MEVER been able to catch and keep my ball in the air at the same time. I am MOT an accomplished game player and have never been able to reach beyond the fourth level. There are over 50 levels, so you can see that I have some way to go.

Should you tire of these 50 levels, there is an editor that allows you to create your own custom screens. Thus, you can change screen colors and the areas where the scret capsules come down. These new screens can be saved to dist and you could have several dists with different versions of the program.

I had my 16-year old son give this a good try, and he also was impressed with the quality of the program. Thus it should be a game the whole family will enjoy. It is written by Quinton Tormanen (about 16 also) and distributed by Comprodine. The cost is a reasonable \$10 rather than \$30+ for Nitendo and just as much fun.

Write to Rodger Herritt, 1949 Evergreen Avenue,

ARTIST CATALOGER
DEANNA SHERIDAN - NORTHCOAST 99ERS - CLEVELAND, ONIO

Until now, the only cataloger we have had for Artist Instances, is the one which came as part of the Fontwriter package. The problem with that one was that it printed one instance on a line in the center of the page. It took lots of pages and lots of time for print out a disk of Artist Instances.

Paul Coleman (Designer Labels, Glant Artist Posters, & Artist Printshop) has written Artist Cataloger in c99 which does the job quictly and prints them in a group on a page (similar to the CSGO cataloger). Thus you can now quictly obtain a hardcopy of all your Artist Fonts and Instances.

This is a utility people with lots of Artist Instances and Fonts just cannot pass up, especially at the reasonable price of \$10. Again, this program is distributed by Rodger Merritt and Comprodine. Send \$10, plus \$1 for Salt and get those disks organized! Comprodine, 1949 Evergreen Avenue Fullerton, CA 92635

TI-BASE TUTORIALS STILL AVAILABLE

Marty Smoley had several inquiries at Lima concerning his TI-BASE tutorials. He would like everyone to know that they are still available. There are 9 sides on 5 disks and he will mail them to anyone asking for \$12.00 which includes the disks and postage.

Marty Smoley 6149 Bryson Mentor, Ohio 44068

CLEVELAND AREA 99/4A USERS GROUPS C/0 DEANNA SHERIDAN 20311 LAKE ROAD ROCKY RIVER, OH 44116

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