

B. Win com

VOLUME

NUMBER

by Jim Swedlow from SPIRIT 99



A VIRUS IN TI LAND? I DOUBT IT!

A computer virus atteches itself to a program and then hides. It moves from program to program, hidden untill it startes doing what ever it Some virus prrograms display humorous and/or obscene messages, others destroy data. By definition, virus must exist in an elecronic environent where it has programs to move among. This happens on a main frame Since our or a hard disk. TI's are mainly disk based, there should be no where for the virus to spresad. A real danger, however, is a trojan horse. This little love is a program that is supposed to do onne thing but actually does another - like reformat your disk or make the drive jump around.

Some simple precautions will keep you safe. When you get a new program, run it on a Keep all disk by itself. other drives empty, if anything unusual happens, shut your system off.

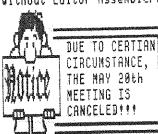
If you find a bad program and it comes from a bulcall the letin board. Susop IMMEDIATELY. (Sysop is "bullletin boardese" for system operator.)

EDITOR ASSEMBLER MODULE



own an Do you Editor Assembler module? Probably not. Most of us have Ex-Basic but

not Editor Assembler. With the price down to \$10. it is a good by. Many fine programs run with Editor Assembler module including FUNNELWEB, ARCHIVER & DMI000. All of these programs will run under EX-BASIC but they load much faster in EA.. The next time you see EA. on sale pick up a copy. Take the book out and put it on a shelf some where. Put the disks in your master box. You will not need either unless you start programing in assembly. You will wounder how you got along without Editor Assembler.



I recived a call from Bob Sadusky on May 9th at 8:00 PM. The Penn Woods Civic Association will be having Primary Elections on the 20th, or third Tuesday of May. I decided to have the West Penn's meeting on the following Tuesday which is the 27th. I am hoping that everyone can make it on that date. If you have any questions give me a call.

LODING UTILL FILES IN EA

When you insert the Editor Assembler module and "PRESS ANY KEY", you have two choices:

- 1 FOR TI BASIC
- 2 FOR EDITOR ASSEMBLER

Press (2) and you get five choices. Only two are of use for loading programs:

- 3 Load and Run 5 Run Program File
- "Load and Run" is for object code(Display fixed 80) files while "Run Program File" is for Editor Ässembler Program Files.

If you press 5, Editor Assembler will ask you for a file name. If you just oress (ENTER) without entering anything, Editor Assembler will look for and try and load a file named (UTILL) in drive l (close to the Extended Basic autoload of load but you have to press two more keys). That is why FUNNELUEB has a UTILL and LOAD program - one for Extended Basic and one for Editor Assembler.



YOUR DISKS WILL NOT WORK

Every now and then you get errors when you try to read from a disk. this can mean any of many things. Your drive might be durty. You might have the disk. The disk could be blown. The file could be lost. The list of horrors is long.

Here is a simple solution that you might try frist. Remove the disk from the drive. Holding it a corner, put your fingers in the center hole and turn the disk in its sleeve a few turns. Then move the media(disk) around a little. Touch only the cornner and the center. Sometimes this will restore your disk.

WEST PENN 9'ERS NEWS

## WEST PENN 99'ERS CLUB INFO

Next Meeting Date:

May 20, 1997

Meeting Location:

Penns Woods Civic Association

Just off Route 30

N. Huntingdon, Pa

Time of Meeting:

7: P.M.

## GENERAL ITINERARY OF OUR CLUB'S MEETING

6:45 P.M.	Doors Open
7:00 P.M.	Genrral Meeting
7:45 P.M.	Demos and New Info
8:45 P.M.	Questions and Answers
9:30 P.M.	One on One Help
10:00 P.M.	Socializing
10:00 P.M.	Doors Close

#### MFFTING HIGHLIGHTS FOR THIS MONTH

Merm	aid		Demo	by	Paul	Brock
Munc	h Man		Demo	by	Paul	Brock
II I	nvaders		Demo	by	Paul	Brock
Open	Interest	********		by	Anyor	18
	Intrest					

### LIST OF WEST PENN OFFICERS FOR 1997



The West Penn 99'ers Users Group is a Non-Profit organi zation, dedicated to encouraging the continued use of the II-99/4A home computer.

Our Membership Fee is:

\* \$15.00 per year for an INDIVIDUAL / FAMILY membership. \* \$10.00 per year for a NEWSLETTER ONLY membership

Those having Full memberships are entitled to the man-

Some of those benefits are:

- \* Getting to meet some of the nicest people.
- \* Demos of the latest II-99/4A software.

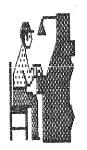
extra benefits our club has to offer.

- \* Free copying of our West Penn 99'ers Disk Library. \* Up date of T.I. news,Local,National,International.
- k × One on one help / Problem solving.
- \* Participation in our Module Lending Library.
  - \* Participation in our Video Lending Library.
  - \* Ribbon re-inking- for just \$1.00 per ribbon.
  - \* Various Computer supplies at a substantial savings.
  - \* Ability to trade or sell computer equiptment, or electronics.
  - \* Help on getting equiptment fixed.

We meet the third Tuesday of each month at the PENNS WOODS CIVIC ASSOCIATION in North Huntingdon, PA. at 7:00 P.M.

If you can't make it to our meetings...at least become a Newsletter member - and enjoy our NEUSLETTER FORMATdone entirely on a TI-99/4A computer.

SEE PAGE IN FOR OUR WEST PENN MEMBURSHIP APPLICATION.



## FOR THE RECORD BY PAUL BROCK

APRIL MINUTES



## UP DATE ON THE CLUBS

## EQUIPMENT

I called the meeting to order at 7:25. We were late getting started because of the construction of a new floor that was being replaced in the other build ing. It seems that everyone found there way.

The frist item of the meeting, was that we heard from Ron Warfield. A note with a disk and a program. The note stated "No we are not gone!" We were happy to hear that.

The minutes of the March meeting will stand as read. There wasn't any complants about the new seating.

There was a good report from the treasurer. Mickey reported that the library is being worked on and has updated the list for new disks that have been added. She may have a hard copy of the library.

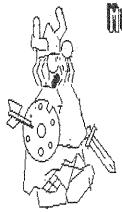
Norm gave us a report on Fest West. I am not sure, but I think that Norm said there wasn't too much that was new. Art Gardner had the 5 1/4 disks he had ordered. Art is going to to be away for some of the summer, Everyone is to bring their own drinks. I volunteered to transport the coffee pot for those coffee drinkers.

Jim Wiegand reported that the clubs montor was un-I loan the repairable. club my color montor. were experiencing some trouble with one of our computers. Jim Peters is going to check it out. If it isn't working we can replace the II. Vasko is selling some DSDD disks to the club. I have have been using OSOO with my TI controller and so far I haven't had anu disks trouble. The 5 1/4 going to get scarce in the future.

I adjorn the meeting after 8:00, so we could have some cake and drinks. See you on the 20th of May.



Untill then my
QUILL has run out
of ink!



# HESSOGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

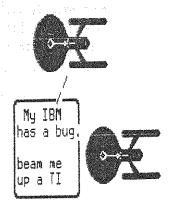
EULTOR

I am sitting here woundering if I am going to finish this newsletter. I am trying to get things orginized to get 10 pages done by the deadline. I was in hope that I would be getting some articals. If anyone has a special program that he or she is working on, or you can't seem to get it to work just write the problem down and some one will help. Don't forget "We are here for you"!

It is very hard to something new for the II. We have 5 1/4 Disks Drives Ram Disks. Hard Drives and 3 1/2 Drives. and Printers that do a good job. What we don't have is the young programers the Hackers that we use to have. and I could sit with someone and see how to take apart a Disk Orive or computer or a P-Box. If you have somedosn't work thing that maybe some one can help. Ed Mandich is having some trouble with Disk Fixer. Lets have a class on fixing Disks.

I am looking for a big turnout for the May meeting. I am going to be doing my demos with some old modules. I have found out that some members have only used the EX-Basic module. I can remember, when I played the Iomestone module for many hours. (Because it was the only one I had at that time).

I read my horoscope which advised, "Be very watchful, because a ton of money is headed your way"? I got so excited that when I drove home to tell my wife. I crashed into a Brinks truck.



HAPPY BIRTHDOY II'er where ever you are!

1997

## The 1997 Multi User Group Conference

## Friday May 23 4PM through Saturday May 24 7PM

This all TI99/4A and Geneve computer show is sponsored by the Lima Ohio User Group and will be held in Reed Hall of the Lima Campus of Ohio State University. Here are some maps showing how to get to the Conference. The event is totally free. There is no admission charge and no charge to those wishing exhibit area tables.

## Jim Peterson memorial Achievement Awards

The Peterson awards for service to the 99/4A and Geneve community in four categories will be presented at the MUG conference. These categories are:

Comminity Service Geneve Hardware Software

Nominations and voting is being handled by Jim Krych. Anybody can submit nominations now and vote for nominees later either by email or by snail mail. Send your nominations and votes to Jim at 3969 Clague Rd., North Olmsted OH 44070.

## SEMINAR SPEAKERS

- --BOB CARMANY. "A Program That Writes Programs With Token Codes"
- --RON MARKUS. "The Prostick II joystick and Texaments products"
- --TIM TESCH. Port, and CYA for the Geneve.
- --TONY KNERR. Software demos.
- -- DAN EICHER. The CC40 and TI74, hardware and software demos.
- -- ANDY FRUEH. Internet resources relating to the 99/4 and Geneve, with actual on line demonstrations.
- --MIKE WRIGHT. PC99 demo, with some newly added features of this 99/4A PC emulator.

## **GROUPS REQUESTING DISPLAY TABLES**

- --Ramcharged Computers 6 tables. Asgard, Texaments, and Bodenmiller software.
- -- Cleveland Area User Groups (TI Chips and Northcoast groups) 4 tables.
- --S&T Software 1 table
- -- Tony Knerr- 1 table

Page 2 of 2

- --Hoosier User Group (Indianapolis)
- --CADD Electronics- 1 table, sales of PC99 and TI module documentation on PC disks.
- -- JOHN BULL- 1 table, demo and sale of Contract Bridge
- --CinDay User Group- 2 tables
- --Dan Eicher- I table

## HOTELS

There are no dormitories on campus. Call any of the following places and make your best deal. In general, hotel prices in Lima are inexpensive.

The following hotels are conveniently located about 2 miles from campus at the intersection of I75 and route 309:

- --Motel 6. Phone 419-228-0456. This has been the most popular hotel at previous MUG conferences.
- --Holiday Inn of Lima. Phone 419-222-0004. Very nice with an indoor pool, but kinda expensive.
- -- East Gate Motel. Phone 419-229-8085.
- -- Economy Inn. Phone 419-222-1080.
- --Lima Budget Inn. Phone 419-225-2806.
- -Super 8 Motel. Phone 419-227-2221.

This place is located on I75 two exits north of the 309 exit about 6 miles from campus and has the biggest indoor swimming pool in the area. A nice family place:

--Lima Inn Conference Center. Phone 419-221-0114

The following places are about 3 miles from campus at the intersection of I75 and route 81.

- -- Days Inn. Phone 419-227-6515
- -- Econo Lodge. Phone 419-222-0596

This page will be updated in the coming weeks as more details become available. For further information, to schedule a seminar, to request exhibit room tables, phone Charles Good at 419-667-3131 or send email to good.6@osu.edu.

This page last updated April 6, 1997.

## NEW TRIX By Andy Frueh Lima UG

This article deals with a few unique tricks that I found useful. They are worth looking over.

- 1) If you have a D/V 40, 132, or whatever text file that you need to edit with TI Writer, you can change it to a D/V 80 file by using a sector editor. TI Writer will load ONLY D/V 80 files. Find the header sector of the D/V file. Edit that sector in HEX mode. Go to byte >11. If the file is D/V 40, you should see the number 28 ("(" in ASCII) here. To change it to an "80" (or "P in ASCII), type the number 50 over the 28.
- 2) Remember that E is an accepted number in TI Writer. For example, to delete from line 470 to the end of the file, Delete, then use 470,E as your numbers.
- 3) It seems that there is a toll free number for finding almost all kinds of computer stuff. It would appear to be a "Computer Buyers Guide" on the phone. The number is 1-800-366-0676. [Actually, this is sales information of "Vulcan Publications, Inc. --Ed.]
- 4) You can hook up the computer to a VCR using a standard 300 ohm to 75 ohm. TV antenna adapter or a composite monitor cable. Adapters are found with almost all home video game systems or at radio supply stores. It has a cable TV male connector and two screw terminals. The male plug goes into the "CABLE IN" jack of the VCR. The screw terminals go to the modulator's "TO TV" wire You can then hook the VCR to a stereo's "AUX IN"

- jack, using a standard audio/video cable. Plug the other end into the "AUDIO OUT" on the VCR. You can then hear improved sound and record the computer's output. Note that this isn't as good as using a monitor cable into the "AUDIO IN" and "VIDEO IN" of the VCR, but it works for those without monitors.
- 5) If a disk doesn't seem to initialize, don't give up. First, inspect the disk for cuts or grooves. Check the visible surface on the BACK of the disk, since data is recorded on the opposite side of the label. If nothing looks wrong, continue to re-initialize the disk. Make sure that you validate each sector. Chances are, some sectors will be bad. Choosing the validate feature marks each bad sector as used. After trying this for awhile, the disk should operate.

erationalist toberation with

6) Finally, for those without a monitor, here is another use for the adaptor mentioned above. I have the following display setup: a TI with 2 separate RF modulators. Each one is constantly hooked up to a TV.Only one of the DIN end plugs is connected at a time. I use a small black and white TV on the PE ventilation) (with adequate whenever anyone needs to use the larger color TV (which is also connected to cable and a Nintendo). The problem is when I'd use the color TV, either with the computer or without (i.e. I'd be using the B&W TV), I would get interference from the computer. Placing the antenna adaptor the color TV and between modulator clears up the interference.

## DISK DRIVES By Jim Ness Reprinted from the LA 99ers

It's funny (at least to me), but there are lots of people who seem to know lots of stuff about their computers, and all those tiny chips, and how the bits and bytes are handled. And there seems to be next to nobody that knows anything about disk drives, and how they work. Sensing this huge gap in man's knowledge, I decided to figure out what makes them tick.

The great thing about disk drives is that they can find files buried randomly within a huge field of data, and they do it pretty fast. Actually, they can do it so fast

because it's not at all random.

The mechanical concept is not all that complicated. A small motor spins at 300 rpm (at least in this country, with it's 60 hz power supply), and there is a tiny stepping motor attached to a read/write head. A stepping motor is a common item in indexing applications, where you want a motor to move a precise distance and stop on a dime. The read/write head is just a smaller version of what you have on a cassette recorder.

The stepping motor "steps" the head from track to track on a diskette. The tracks are concentric circles, not a long spiral

as you would have on an album.

All of this is ultimatly controlled by the disk software provided with your computer. Usually this is located in ROM within the machine. In most machines, the ROM is only sophisticated enough to load in the official Disk Operating System (DOS) which is located on the disk in the drive when the machine is turned on. The DOS contains all the file handling software, etc. and because it is on the disk, it can be easily modified and/or updated as time goes by.

Our friends at TI decided to put the whole

Our friends at TI decided to put the whole thing in ROM, which has a few bad side effects. First, it makes it hard to update and improve the software, which is located in the Disk Controller Card. Second, although the machine is a 64K machine, just like all the others, TI has set aside so much memory for special purposed, that there is only 32K left to play with. They set aside 8K for cartridges, 8K for disk drive, 8K for RS232/PIO card, 8K for the Operating System (can't complain about that one), and 8K for various interfaces (speech, sound, VDP). OK those are all

good applications to have, but if you don't use them, you still can't use that memory for other things.

Anyway, all of the controlling software for the TI99/4A is located in the ROM card, as I said. This software tells the step motor when to step to the next track, when to

return to the beginning, etc.

There is no standard for how a computer keeps track of data. In the case of the TI, there is a directory of existing files, and a map of where they are located, at the beginning of each disk. These files are not necessarily all in complete groups. If you delete a 12 sector file from a disk, there is a 12 sector gap recorded in the map. Then if you add a 20 sector file, the software will put the first 12 sectors in the gap, and put the rest in the first available spot. When you ask for a file that is broken this way, you can hear the disk head scooting along to read each individual segment.

Because the disk dries themselves are pretty standard, there are a few things that don't change. For instance, there are 48 tracks per inch in most 5 1/4" systems (There is a new 96 TPI system around, not TI compatible). And most systems only use 35 or 40 of the available 48 tracks. There are either 9 or 18 sectors per track (single or double density). Each sector holds 256 bytes of data. And the standard design allows 250,000 bits per second to be written.

The following is a complete and, to the best of my knowledge, accurate description of the Disk Directory format and file storage allocation used by the TI/99A computer.

SECTOR 0 - Volume Information Block

ADDRESS CONTENTS
0000-0009 Disk name - up to 10 characters

000A-000B Total number sectors on disk (>1068-360, >02D0-720, >05A0-1440)

000C (#of sectors/trk) > 09-SD > 12-DD

000D-000F "DSK" (>44534B)

0010 >50-Disk backup protected, >20-not protected

0011 # of tracks/side(>28-40, >23-35)

0012-0013 \* sides/density (>0101-SS/SD, >0201-D5/SD, >0102-SS/DD,>0202-D5/DD

0038-end Sector allocation bit map

This is a sector-by-sector bit map of sector use; 1-sector used, 0-sector available. The first byte is for sectors 0 through 7, the second for sectors 8 through F, and so on. Within each byte, the buts correspond to the sectors from RIGHT to LEFT. For example, if byte 20038 contained XCF00 then the first byte equals 1100 1111. This means that sectors 0 through 3 are used, sectors 4 and 5 unused and sectors 6 and 7 are used.

Information for sector 168 starts at X0065. Therefore, if your disk is SS/SD, all addresses from X0065 to end shoul be FFFF if it was formatted by DISK MANAGER and has not been tampered with.

#### SECTOR 1 - Directory Link

Each 16-bit word lists the sector number of the File Descriptor Record for an allocated file, in alphabetical order of the file The list is teminated by a word names. containing >0000; therefore, the maximum of files per disk is not catalog, but will still be accesible. If the first address is >0000, move all addresses four digits to the left, (eliminating this false address) then the disk will catalog. If the alphabetical order is corrupted (by a system crash during the name change, for instance), the binary search method used to locate files will be affected and files may become unavailable.

SECTOR >2 TO >21 - File Descriptor Records

ADDRESS CONTENTS

0000-0009 File name up to 10 characters

000C Filetype: >01-Program (memory image) >00-DIS-FIX, >60-DIS/VAR >62-INT/VAR File deletion

protection invoked by Disk Manager 2 will be shown by XO8 added to above.

000D # of (MAXRECSIZE) recors/sector

000E-000F Number of sectors allocated to the file. (Disk Manager 2 will list one more than this number thereby including this sector

in the sector count)

one of the sector. This is used to determine end of file.

0011 MAXRECSIZE of data file >50-80 >FE-254 etc.

0012-0013 File record count, but with the second byte being the high-order byte of the value.

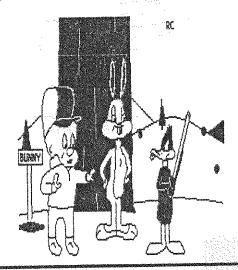
001C-end Block Link (see note)

Note on file storage: Files are places in the disk in first-come/first-served manner. The first file written will start at sector >0022, and each subsequent file will be placed after it. If the first file is deleted, a newer file will be written in the space it occupied. If this space isn't big enough, the file will be "fractured" and the remainder will be places in the next available block of sectors. The block link map keeps track of the fracturing. Each block link is 3 bytes long. The value of the second digit of the second byte followed by the 2 digits of the first byte is the address of the first sector of this extent. The value of the 3rd byte followed by the 1st digit of the second byte is the number of additional sectors within this extent.

Sectors 2 through >21 are reserved for File Descriptor Records and are allocated for file data only if no other available sectors exist. If more than 32 files are stored on a disk, additional File Descriptor Records will be allocated as needed, one sector at a time, from the general available sector pool.







## TIME FOR A CHANGE NAY 27TH AT 7:00 pm

Just a reminder to let you know that the meeting has been changed. We will continue with the regular meet-(THIRD TUESDAY), AFTER MAY. Ed wants me to remind you that the Dues are Due! See you then..

Frank Zic use to be The West Penn's recording secretary for several years. While in office wrote several articals, titled, "TIPS FOR BEGINNER". I decided to re-print them. I starting with \* 6.

So you are having trouble with your filing system. Seems like I heard that tune befre. Well, here is a neat and clever system I devised that you may find helpful. I've always liked colors so what better approach than to use a color oriented scheme. Frist make a list of the different catagories you want to keep track of. Designate a color scheme for each catagory. My grouping looks like this:

- 1. Business-Red
- 2. copy programs-Yellow
- Diagnostic-Yellow/Blue
- 4. Educational-Blue
- 5. Finance-Red/Blue
- 8. Games-(Unmarked) or Black
- 7. Music-Red/Yellow/Green
- 8. Printer & dump-Yellow/Green
- 9. II Artist(ect.)-Green
- 10. Utilities-Red/Yellow
- 11. Word Processor-Red

What I do is cut a 1/4" strip across a 3/4" piece of of the designated colored tape and place it Horizontally on the front of the upper left corner of the disk. Where there are two or more colors called for, half lap the second color over the frist one. Now when searching for a disk in your box or refiling one it is easy to spot the color group you want. Another feature is to use a piece of colored tape over the square write protect hole and a piece of plain black tape, "scotch" electrical works fine, over the round punch out hole. Now you have a quick eye reference to when you are loading the "A" side of the disk in the drive(colored) side up or the "B" side(black) up. How many times have you cataloged your disks and thought it would be nice when you went to catalog the next time if you had a way of remembering only the disks you recived. This can only be accomplished again taking a piece of colored tape and placing in the upper right hand corner of the disk. Wrap the tape 1/2 over the front and 1/2 over the back in a vertical fashion. Remove this tape after the next cataloging and you are up to date. Some of you may be thinking that tape is messy and doesn't stick not so, you can buy a (5) color pack at Radio Shack that works just fine and can be used over and over again with good results.

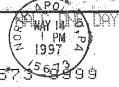
I like to mark the catalog of the disk on the envelope so that I can tell what programs are on the disk when the disk is in the drive unit. When you do this you should now identify the disk with it's own envelope. This is easily accomplished by using a piece of "Scotch Magic tape". This tape is the see through kind and it is easy to write on with a ballpoint pen. Just don't press too hard when writing on the disk. I've done this for years now with no problem. On the mark an identifying number such as 87/5-32. translated this says you obtained this disk in 1987 in the month of May and it is the 32nd disk added to your collection so far this year. Use the same number on the envelope. Just below this information I write who I got the disk from, Thus preventing giving the same program back in a later exchange.



Have a happy and safe Memorial day!!

WORKING TOGETHER TO NRKE WEST PENN # 1 Page 10-

WEST PENN 99'ERS
C/O Paul A. Brock
Seneral Delivery
North Apollo PA 15673





Sendibl tellycwyk

. Please note new address and up date your mailing list FIRST CLASS MAIL



MICKEY CENDROWSKI 100 PINE STREET RUSSELLTON, PA 15076 USA

FIRST CLASS MAIL

This newsletter was composed in it's intrety using a TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, TI-99/48 computer.

MEETING

271h.7:88 P

Management of the Control of the Con	de constitue de co	A THE PARTY				Principal party pa	th marry protect	A COMPANY	The state of the s	Î	in the same of the same of	And described for the of	per ensiete reserved	Assessed constitution of the	A DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF		envana en es	HISTORY WATER	To the second se
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