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CompuServe: 75156,3270 Delphi TI NET: MICROPENDIUM GEnie: J.Koloen

John Koloen.....Publisher Laura Burns......Editor **\*READ THIS** 

Here are some tips to help you when entering programs from MICROpendium: . All BASIC and Extended BASIC programs are run through Checksum, the numbers that follow exclamation points at the end of each program line. Do not enter these numbers or exclamation points. Checksum was published in the October 1987 edition. 2. Long XBASIC lines are entered by inputting until the screen stops accepting characters, pressing Enter, pressing FCTN REDO, cursoring to the end of the line and continuing input.

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## THE MYARC Hard & Floppy Disk Controller with Streamer Tape Backup Support



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## Comments

## John Birdwell leaves rich legacy

John Birdwell died on December 27, 1990 of liver cancer. John had battled the cancer for more than a year.

This news brings sadness to all Tlers who ever used his fine programs or met him. Last month we published a tribute to John written by Beery Miller. It was hoped that John would survive to read it. But he didn't. The end came more quickly than any had guessed. Even so, the tribute rings true and despite his death John will continue to have an impact on anyone who uses his DiskU program. John died with many projects in the work, including an upgrade of DiskU and Myarc's Disk Manager 5. However, our sympathies go to John's family and friends. We will all miss him. **YAPP AND THE GENEVE** 

code for various C libraries so that the Geneve will be able to take full advantage of C programs. The days of converting and running PC programs on the Geneve are getting closer.

#### **PASCAL RUNTIME**

And speaking of converting programs fro the Geneve, work on the Pascal Runtime program for the Geneve is apparently nearing completion. I know that many Geneve users have given up on running Pascal programs on the 9640, but it appears to be actually happening. Something else to think about is the possibility of programming in Pascal on the Geneve. (Runtime is capable of running a Pascal program but won't allow users to edit or create Pascal programs.) Apparently, when Pascal Runtime is finished, it will be possible to run a Pascal power system on the Geneve. The power system is the Pascal language and utilities, which permit users to create, edit and compile Pascal programs. Once again, in the interest of safety, readers are cautioned not to hold their breath on this. But I've gotten similar information from several readers who I regard to be very reliable and Myarc's Lou Phillips has confirmed it. And, for those who are true believers, the Pascal Runtime should also support other power systems, such as Modula 2. MICROpendium expects to have a demo copy before the end of January. Stay tuned.

Last month I cautioned Geneve owners about using Yet Another Paint Program with the Myarc mouse. I reported trouble with it and recommended that they use it only with an Asgard Mouse which plugs into the serial port. Dr. Eric Bray called to suggest that the problem might be in a resistor in the Geneve card. He's seen similar problems to those that I described last month when using the Myarc mouse with MY-Art. Sure enough, the problem I reported with YAPP was also present to MY-Art. The culprit appears not to be the mouse but a resistor on the Geneve card.

#### **COMPILERSFOR THE GENEVE**

Al Beard, who developed a version of Fortran for the Geneve, has developed a program that will compile full C programs for the PC into native MDOS. At least that's how it seems to work. At any rate, users who have both a PC and a Geneve have the option of trying to convert C programs to run on the Geneve. One limitation, however, is that users are being asked to write source

Sales of Myarc's Hard & Floppy Disk Controller are appar. ently doing quite well, according to Lou Phillips. And, he reports, final versions of the floppy and hard MDOS are nearly ready. The HFDC, of course, works with both the 99/4A and the Geneve. The final MDOS programs will be numbered 1.15 and 1.15h.

## Feedbach

## Not enough ink

Next November Harrison Software will not be at Chicago. We who dedicated five days to go there this year and to introduce a wholly new and unique product for the TI got far less "ink" in your magazine than those who failed to show up. It was nice to know that were "also at Chicago," but would have been nice if the fact that our Golf Score Analyzer program was shown and demonstrated there for the first ever had been mentioned. I'll renew my subscription but the way things are presently going, G.S.A. will probably be our last product offering for the TI/Geneve community. The concentration on "gadget" hardware which few people will try to program for, and the

slowing to a stop of sales has forced us to halt considering the TI as a market.

I'm now at work on making programs on my PC, where there may be enough sales to stay "in business."

We will continue to offer our existing products to the TI market, but are developing no new ones.

#### **Bruce Harrison** Harrison Software

A review of Golf Score Analyzer is scheduled to be published in the February edi-

am thrilled to discover that there is still a large following for the faithful TI! Until recently I thought that I was a lone survivor riding a dead horse, now I am as happy as can be.

—JK

I am not a program writer, but am an avid and devoted user. Maybe one of your readers can help me. Back in November 1985 I laboriously typed in a program called SKYSCAPE from Compute! magazine. It ran, but had a strange quirk — the sun always rose at midnight, which I considered to be strange. I checked and checked it and checked it to no avail. I wrote to Compute! three times, but in their typical disdain for readers they never responded. Shortly after that they ceased publishing programs for the TI.

Thrilled but needs

an answer

tion.—Ed.

Herewith my order for a subscription. I



## Feedback

#### (Continued from Page 6)

I had it on tape, but when I transferred my dozens of good programs to disk I discarded it in disgust. Now that I have found that there are so many still active TI99ers I am hoping that one of them has a working version of the program.

For a copy I would be only too happy to pay. I am looking forward to a long relationship with you (longer the better as I am fast closing in on my three score and ten). George J. Clark

The company can be reached at 714-956-4450.—*Ed*.

### Geneve speed

A system comment or two: late last summer several issues of MICROpendium had feedback letters about the 99/4A vs the Geneve. Personally, I've had good support from Myarc after some initial problems in early '89; I've run without a blip for well over a year now. Obviously, they're hardly perfect; but of what I've seen in the last year, Asgard is worse for support. I've had good results with both Texaments and Tex-Comp. One thing I don't quite totally understand is the apparent lack of interest in the value of the speed of the Geneve system. Most of the articles, comments and so on seem to imply that the Geneve is just a way to get 80 columns, so one should spend \$200 or so for a PEB 80-column card. I bought the Geneve primarily for speed, and secondarily for 80 columns and the professional keyboard. The speed is a MAJOR change running programs such as TI-Base and Multiplan and also helps greatly in word processing; and at the current price (under \$400) it would seem that many people, if planning to stick with TI, should take a hard look at the Geneve. Sure hard disks and RAMdisks are nice, but all they do is get the programs/data loaded. The CPU must handle it from there, and let's face it, the 99/4A is not exactly a speed burner in this department. In simple terms of getting the job done, the Geneve speed must be considered a major factor for those wanting to the most effective TI system.

I. 256x212 where each pixel can be any of 256 colors;

- 2. 256x424x256 colors;
- 3. 512x212x16 colors;
- 4. 512x424x16 colors

One and 3 correctly describe the characteristics of the G7 and G6 modes, however, modes as described by 2 and 4 simply do not exist. The 9938 can display 212 lines maximum, and that's it. I have not seen the program itself but because I have seen similar erroneous statements before and know what they were intended to convey, I am reasonably certain that whoever wrote those descriptions meant to indicate different interlace settings for the two modes. Unfortunately, whether the value of the IL (#3) bit of register 9 is zero or one, this has absolutely no effect on the maximum number of lines, which remains at 212. To state that when the interlace bit is set the resolution increases is wrong and misleading. More concisely and sensibly lthe list should state that "YAPP utilizes the following 938 graphics modes: 1. G6 (512x212, 16 colors); 2. G7 (256x212, 256 colors); and at the user's discretion either mode may be used with interlace on or off." This may disappoint those who were

#### 75 Aurora Ave. **Pointe Claire, Quebec** H9R 3G3 Canada

We're sorry it took so long for you to find us. But we're glad you're on board. Perhaps one of our readers can help you.

## No help for CorComp?

This is in followup of a note I got from one of your people on how to get CorComp cards fixed.

To put it bluntly, YOU CAN'T. I wrote to the people who are supposed to be able to do it, and I called them asking for a return call on their recorder. No response to either even yet.

I found someone else who was concerned about the situation and who checked out the one board and fixed it (the new one). The others are still not working.

I also found out that the people who are supposed to fix them don't have anyone they can call on to fix them, and apparently they also don't have some of the spare parts needed to do it.

In short, both Tex-Comp and the other organization are giving the TI community a big run-around.

I hope someone else will get into this business, as Tex-Comp should give me a free disk controller card for all the trouble they have caused me on this.

> Keats A. Pullen Jr. Kingsville, MD

**Stephen S. Bagstad** Avon Lake, Ohio

### 9938 clarification

Re: YAPP — Powerful drawing program aimed at 80-column market (review by Harry Brashear, Dec. 1990): Part of Harry Brashear's review perpetuates a common error about the 9938 chip and what it can and cannot do. Presumably quoting from the manual, the review states that "four graphic modes are utilized with YAPP-Paint Pro' and proceeds to list them as:

lead to believe that the 9938-based devices for the 99/4A somehow approach the same resolution as provided by VGA on the PC. I wish it were true, but unfortunately it is not.

I was involved briefly in some of the earliest stages of beta testing of YAPP and am happy to see it completed and on the market. According to the review it looks like all the features Alexander (Hulpke) was going to include made it and are working as planned. I hope that by marketing it under the Asgard label rather than relying on fairware contributions, he will reap some reward for his super effort in tackling a project of this magnitude. I am pretty sure he never did get that for his XHi and X80 utilities and it is good to know that he wasn't discouraged by the lack of con-

Your experience with International Diversified Technologies, which took over CorComp Inc., is unfortunate. We have no explanation as to why However, according to other readers, the company continues to provide repair service for CorComp cards.

tributions for those earlier efforts.

Lutz Winkler San Diego, California

Send feedback to MICROpendium, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

## BASIC An anniversary column Ten interesting years and counting

#### **By REGENA**

It has been exactly ten years since we got our first TI99/4 for Christmas of 1980. I have often said that Christmas gift changed our lives more than any other material thing we've received. My husband and I bought our first TI for about \$600, so it was slightly less than the \$1000 offer of earlier in the year which included the monitor. We hooked it up to our television and were excited about the color graphics and music. We also liked the command module concept for ease of use with children. The first program I wrote on the TI was "Auld Lang Syne," designed to be RUN right at midnight with 1980 turning into 1981. That program has been updated periodically (and published). In 1981, I learned how a computer addict can get working on a program and end up doing "just one more thing" all through the night. I submitted a few programs to the 99'er Magazine and found out I could actually make money playing with my computer. I decided on the name "Regena" (my actual middle name) and worked with 99'er and met the International Users Group. There were few TI owners in the early days, so users groups were formed and people shared information freely. We all learned a few little fun things, such as instead of CALL CLEAR, a different effect would be: CALL HCHAR(1,1,32,24\*32) or

180 GOTO 180 190 END

Another way is to use CALL HCHAR in a subroutine. Before you call the subroutine, specify the row R and the column C where you want the message to start. Put the message in the string M\$, then call the subroutine. In this sample, the subroutine starts in Line 500. 100 REM SAMPLE2 110 CALL CLEAR 120 M\$="THIS IS A MESSAGE." 130 R=7140 C=4150 GOSUB 500 160 M\$="HERE IS ANOTHER." 170 R = 15180 C=6190 GOSUB 500 200 GOTO 600 490 REM 500 FOR J=1 TO LEN(M\$) 510 CALL HCHAR(R,C+J-1,ASC(S EG\$(M\$, J, 1))520 NEXT J 530 RETURN

wanted moving graphics. Since the printing and CALL HCHAR and CALL VCHAR were relatively slow on the TL programmers would come up with various ideas to try to speed up the illusion of movement. Here is one idea. A diagonal line is defined in characters, one in each of the character sets from 9 to 14. Lines 170 220 place the characters on the screen, bu you don't seem them because the colors o those sets have been changed to transparent. When you press a key, lines 260-29( make the characters visible by changing the character set color, then making it in visible again. 100 REM SAMPLE4 110 CALL CLEAR 120 C\$="010204081020408" 130 FOR S=9 TO 14 140 CALL CHAR(S\*8+24,C\$) 150 CALL COLOR(S, 1, 1)160 NEXT S 170 CALL HCHAR(15,8,96) 180 CALL HCHAR(14,9,104) 190 CALL HCHAR(13, 10, 112) 200 CALL HCHAR(12,11,120) 210 CALL HCHAR(11, 12, 128) 220 CALL HCHAR(10,13,136) 230 PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY." 240 CALL KEY(0,K,S) 250 IF S<1 THEN 240 260 FOR S=9 TO 14 270 CALL COLOR(S, 7, 1) 280 CALL COLOR(S, 1, 1)290 NEXT S 300 GOTO 240 310 END One of my favorite uses of the TI is with sounds and music. With one statement yo can actually play a chord. In some of the other computers (such as Commodore)

#### CALL VCHAR(1,1,32,24\*32)

Quite often we would want to PRINT something without the message scrolling up the screen. There are several ways to accomplish this. One way is to change the screen to black, print the letters in black, then change the screen back to cyan. 100 REM SAMPLE1

#### 600 END

I think a lot of early home computer users were excited about the graphics and non-mathematical things a computer could do. Here is a simple effect using blocks of color starting at the center of the screen. 100 REM SAMPLE3 110 CALL CLEAR 120 CALL COLOR(9,16,16) 130 C=1140 FOR R=1 TO 12 150 CALL HCHAR(13-R, 17-C, 96, 2\*C-1) 160 CALL HCHAR(11+R, 17-C, 96, 2\*C-1)170 CALL VCHAR(13-R, 17-C, 96, 2\*R-1)180 CALL VCHAR(13-R, 16+C, 96, 2\*R-1) 190 C=C+1200 NEXT R 210 GOTO 210 220 END Stationary pictures on the TI screen were beautiful, but for games, many of us

would take several statements and tables numbers to make one little note. Program mers have been able to make a variety sounds on the TI, too – all sorts of effect One thing you may enjoy trying is usir FOR-NEXT loops and varying the fr quencies. Use a negative number for # duration so the sound statement is execut as soon as it is reached, rather than waiting (See Page 9)

110 CALL CLEAR 120 CALL SCREEN(2) 130 PRINT "HELLO": : : : : : 140 FOR J=1 TO 10 150 PRINT J 160 NEXT J 170 CALL SCREEN(8)

### REGENA----

#### (Continued from Page 8)

for the previous duration to finish. You can also try varying the volume in a FOR-NEXT loop. Then try combining frequencies with the "noise" numbers. Here is an example of sound varying in a loop. 100 REM SAMPLE5 110 FOR S=400 TO 200 STEP -1 0 120 CALL SOUND(-50,S,2) 130 NEXT S

#### 100 REM SAMPLE6

110 DEF R(X) = INT(X\*RND+1)120 FOR S=1 TO 16 130 CALL COLOR(S, R(16), R(16))

140 CALL SOUND(50,R(1000)+15 0, 2)

150 CALL HCHAR(R(24), R(32), R(8) + S \* 8 + 23, R(50))160 CALL VCHAR(R(24),R(32),R (8) + S + 8 + 23, R(50))170 NEXT S

who were in the home computer business had quite a struggle financially. I was lucky because I have a husband who supports the family, and my income as "extra." I ignored the up-and-down computer world for awhile — and had a baby in 1985. Once again family life took over and computers were on the back burner. In January of 1987, I started my monthly column with MICROpendium, and that has kept me in touch with the TI world. Throughout my ten years with my trusty TI, I have been able to travel to users groups throughout the world and made some wonderful friends. I'm looking forward to going to Fest-West '91 hosted this year by the Orange County and Pomona Valley (California) user groups Feb. 16-17. The main reason I go is to revisit long-time TI friends, but I strongly encourage any TI users to go to conventions when they can to see that the TI is still going strong. New software and hardware is still being produced! Besides the three books containing over a hundred programs specifically for the TI, I have written over 130 articles with programs just for the TI. Our "orphaned" computer is still one of the best available home computers and can do a myriad of things. I still have my original TI99/4 but use a TI99/4A for everyday work. I'm guessing this tenth anniversary is definitely not the end of an era.

140 FOR S=200 TO 400 STEP 10 150 CALL SOUND(-50, S, 2) 160 NEXT S 170 GOTO 110 180 END

One of the main functions I have used in the TI is the random number feature for example in choosing random numbers for educational quizzes. The following sample program illustrates random numbers in a graphic demonstration. First R(X) is defined in line 110 as a random number from 1 to X. Now everywhere in the program that R() appears, it is really a random number. Line 130 chooses random colors for the color set. Line 140 chooses a random frequency for a tone. Lines 150 and 160 choose random rows, columns, character numbers, and repetitions to place some graphics on the screen. Line 170 ends the loop so all the color sets are used, and line 180 starts the program over. Use Fctn-4 to break the program.

180 GOTO 120

#### 190 END

I looked at one of the early programs I wrote and noticed how unorganized it seemed. Through the years I have learned a few tricks and how to use subroutines and how to program more efficiently. I gradually added more and more computers as I was writing programs — I stayed with BASIC programming but with a variety of home computers as they came out. In 1982 I started writing for Compute! and my hobby turned into a business where I could really make money. I wrote six books with Compute! Books and wrote monthly articles in three of their magazines. I also wrote for several other magazines.

About the same time Texas Instruments stopped producing more TIs, many of the magazines disappeared — along with several brands of computers. Many people

## EXTENDED BASIC **BASIC origami** (Or, turning a directory into a floppy disk sleeve)

#### **By JERRY STERN** ©1991 J.L. Stern

Usually, the easiest way to write a program is to break down the activity into small steps. The steps can be written as modules, or subprograms, and tested individually, and then combined into a working program. But some tasks aren't easily broken down into sections, like programs that create specialized printouts and process the information that supplies

the data for those printouts. With this type of program, it is usually easiest to first write the routine that processed the data, test it, complete it, and save it, and then add the fancy printout commands to the

columns wide. Up to 100 files can be listed on the front of the sleeve. If there are more files on the disk than will fit on the front, the listing continues on the back. The information from one disk becomes a full page cut-out of the sleeve, preprinted with dashed lines to cut out, and dotted lines to . fold. You'll need two small pieces of tape to secure the tabs on the back of the sleeve, and another piece of tape to attach the label (See Page 10)

original code as needed. ENVELOPE was written in that way. ENVELOPE reads disk directories and prints out disk labels and sleeves for 5 1/4" disks, with a listing of each disk's files on its own sleeve, printed four

## EXTENDED BASIC \_\_\_\_

(Continued from Page 9) to the disk.

Above the disk sleeve, ENVELOPE prints a disk label with the same format as the top two lines of the sleeve header, showing the disk name, sectors available and used, and the date. If your disknames are sometimes repeated, the sectors and date should help confirm that the correct disk is matched up with the right sleeve. The label is narrow enough that a single strip of 3/4" clear tape will hold it on the disk. The format of the listing may look familiar. It is exactly the same as the six-column listing from September's CATA-LOG6 program. The first column is the file name, followed by the number of sectors taken by the file, an asterisk if the file is protected, or a blank space for unprotected files, then the file types, such as Program or Display/Variable 80. The types are abbreviated as PR for Program format. D for Display, I for Internal, F for Fixed, and V for Variable.

directories being printed. The new variables include SP\$(1 or 2), for space one and two, and LE\$(1 or 2), or line endings one and two. The SP\$() string is the group

AVAILABLE= 49 USED= 309

of characters that print to the left of the directory information on the sleeve, or the cutting and folding marks. The line ending strings are the right side cutting and folding marks, and a line feed and carriage return. For those programmers entering the program manually, there are thirteen blank spaces in LE\$(1) and SP\$(1), and five at the end of SP\$(1) and in SP(2). If the number of spaces isn't right, the sleeve edges

will be executed once for each disk real and inventoried. Enter the drive number for the current disk. Lines 310 to 400 read and print the disk name and size informa

LABLE= 49 USE	1- 309	_	A 11 1881				
•	AVAILARLE=	SUBPROGRAM 49 USED= 309 7E P TYPE FILEMANE	•	January I, 1991 FILENAME SIZE P	TYPE FILENAN	E SIZE P TYPE	•
•	AID BASE BELL BUSY CHARPRTZ	3+0V163 ALERI 3+0V163 BASE10 2+0V163 BLUE 2+0V163 CAT 3+0V163 CLOG	3+DV163 2+DV163 4+DV163 2+DV163	BASES 34 BOMB 21 CA12 34 CODE 94	DV163 BACKDRO DV163 BEE DV163 BUBBLE DV163 CHARPRI DV163 CHARPRI DV163 COMB	2+0V163 3+0V163	• • • • •
• • •	DATE DEVIATION DUMP ENDING FACTLOG	3+DV163 DATE2 2 DV163 DIALEA 2+DV163 DUNP2 2+DV163 ENGINE 2+DV163 FREEMARE	4+DV163 3+DV163 3+DV163 5+DV163	BOORDELL 24 DUMP3 31 Errors 3 Gun 21	DV163 DEF LIS DV163 DOOKCH1 DV163 DUNP4 DV163 FACT DV163 HANMER	il 54PR	•
	HEAD HEADER4 HESTGN INSERT KLAIDN	5+DV163 HEADER 5+DV163 HEADER5 4+DV163 IND 2+DV163 JUE IAN 2+DV163 LINE	5 84163 3+84163 3+84163 3+84163	HELP 24 INFO 24 Jump 24	DV163 HEADER3 DV163 HELP2 DV163 INKEY DV163 KEY2 DV163 LOSER		•
• • • •	NACEPT NEDIAN NINIMUH NOTOR QUICK2	3+0V163 NAG 2+0V163 NENU 2+0V163 NINPUT 2+0V163 PAUSE 4+0V163 DUICK3	3+DV163   3+DV163   2+DV163	NATINUN 21 NENU2 41 NINPUT2 31 PERN 21	OVIGS MEAN OVIGS METZNER DVIGS NONTH DVIGS RUICK DVIGS REPSORT	2+9V163 3+DV163 4+DV163 3+0V163	•
• • •	REVERSE SAYIN] SIREN SUN TITLE	2+DV163 RIPPLE 4+DV163 SAYNUM 2+DV163 SDNAR 2+DV163 SNAP 3+DV163 TITLE2	2+DV163 4+DV163 2+DV163	ROBOT 24 Shell 34 Strip 24 Telt 34	DV163 ROBOTHA DV163 SHORTHA DV163 SUBDER DV163 TEIT2 DV163 TEIT2 DV163 UNCRUNC	R 2+0V163 VE 2+0V163 3+0V163 5+0V163	•
	UNJUL IAN YEARDAY	3+0V163 UNYÉARDA 3+0V163			OVI63 WHEEL		 1 1
					;		
							1 [ ] ]
							       .

The process of reading a disk directory is always the same, and I've described it for the programs DIR and CATALOG6. What's new is the special format of the printout. The first step of the conversion

of CATALOG6 to ENVELOPE was to convert from six columns to four. Once that was done and tested, the separate steps for printing out the sleeve were added to the program.

Let's look at the original variables first. These names are the same as they were in CATALOG6. TYPE\$(1 to 5) are the program types, where types one to five, in order, are Display/Fixed, Display/Variable, Internal/Fixed, Internal/Variable, and Program. A\$(0) is the disk name, and A\$(1 to 127) are the file names. J(0) is the total number of sectors on the disk, and K(0) the number of sectors available, or unused. Q\$ and J(1 to 127) are the number of sectors used by each program. Y\$ is the protection status of each file, taken from B\$(1 to 127), which is the file type (Display/Variable, and so on...) of each file. A negative number for a file type indicates a protected file. D\$ and K(1 to 127) are the record length for the file. All the old variables were used for keeping track of information from the disk

won't match up. Here is how the two processes are

meshed: Line 90 sets the default printer name; remember to change it to match your printer. Lines 100 to 210 are for basic set-up of the variable names and screen. In line 220, file number one is opened for the printer. The "CRLF" is added to the printer name to stop the printer output board from adding carriage returns or line feeds to the data sent to the printer. That allows more control for layout to be exercised by the software, but requires sending carriage returns and line feeds manually at the appropriate places. The codes were included in the line ending strings, or LE\$(1 or 2). Line 230 asks for the date. Any string entered as the data will be accepted, and printed on each disk label and disk sleeve. If you like, you could use a "date" like "Shareware: Box 3" or some other identifying phrase. The main loop begins on line 240, and

tion, and print the label and sleeve heade Next, the loop from 410 to 440 reads an stores the file names and numbers. On ENVELOPE finishes reading the name you may safely switch disks while the prigram is printing the sleeve.

The second loop begins at 470, at prints the file information. For each li of the listing, or every forth file, line 4 prints the line ending and space strings the top of the sleeve if less than 25 lin have been printed, or for the bottom of t sleeve after the 25th line. Line 490 decid if the next line is the bottom fold of t sleeve, and prints a dotted line at the point. 510 to 540 contain the balance of t directory decoding algorithm. This where the two processes overlap. The few lines of code, from 470 to 550, ared ficult because of their mixed actions. ] to avoid writing code this way whene (See Page 11)

## EXTENDED BASIC---

(Continued from Page 10)

any other method is available. There was no option in ENVELOPE because the code that advances each line in the directory printing must also be the code that prints the borders, either for the top or the bottom of the sleeve.

Finally, the last loop begins on line 570, and prints only borders down to the bottom of the sleeve. Line 580 prints the bottom fold of the sleeve if there were few enough files for them to all fit on the sleeve keeping track of what's on our disks; there's no longer a need to keep notes stuffed into disk boxes or notebooks of printed listings; just a little BASIC origami.

#### ENVELOPE

90 PR\$="RS232.DA=8.BA=4800" ! PRINTER NAME DEFAULT !168 ENVELOPE !001 100 ! FOUR COLUMN CATALOG EN 110 VELOPE PRINTER; JLS 1/91 !184 120 DIM A\$(127), J(127), K(127 ), B(127)!039 130 ON WARNING NEXT :: TYPE\$ (1) = "DF" ! 055140 SP(2) = RPT(", 14) & "" :: SP\$(1) = " | " !217 150 LE\$(2) = "|"&CHR\$(10)&CHR\$(13):: LE\$(1) = ". | "&CHR\$(10)&CHR\$(13)!057 160 TYPE(2) = "DV" !239170 TYPE(3) = "IF" ! 229180 TYPE(4) = "IV" ! 246190 TYPE(5) = "PR" ! 250200 CALL CLEAR :: CALL BLUE :: CALL TITLE !082 210 DISPLAY AT(9,1):"Printer Name?":PR\$ :: ACCEPT AT(10, 1) VALIDATE (UALPHA, DIGIT, "=." )SIZE(-20):PR\$ !106 220 OPEN #1:PR\$&".CRLF",OUTP UT, DISPLAY, VARIABLE 132 !24 0 230 DISPLAY AT(12,1): "Today' s Date?" :: ACCEPT AT(13, 1): P\$ 1097 240 DISPLAY AT(23, 1): "Press Drive # for next disk.":" P ress BACK when done." !243 250 CALL HCHAR(15,1,95,32):: CALL HCHAR(17,1,95,32):: CA LL SCREEN(13)!154 260 DISPLAY AT(20,5)BEEP:"Re ady for next Disk!" !097 270 CALL KEY(0, X, Y):: IF Y<1 THEN 270 ELSE IF X=15 THEN 630 !170

310 OPEN #5:"DSK"&STR\$(X-48) &".", INPUT, RELATIVE, INTERNA L !141 320 INPUT #5:A\$(0), J(0), J(0),K(0)!055 330 PRINT #1:"DISKNAME = ";CHR\$(14);A\$(0);CHR\$(20);CHR\$( 13); CHR\$(10)!242 340 PRINT #1:"AVAILABLE=";K( 0); "USED="; J(0)-K(0); RPT\$(" ",20); P\$; CHR\$(13); CHR\$(10); C HR\$(10)!091 350 PRINT #1:" | "; RPT\$("-", 12 3); "|"; CHR\$(10); CHR\$(13)!214 360 PRINT #1:SP\$(1); "DISKNAM E = "; CHR\$(14); A\$(0); CHR\$(20));CHR\$(9);LE\$(1)!086 370 PRINT #1:SP\$(1); "AVAILAB LE = "; K(0); "USED = "; J(0) - K(0);RPT\$(" ",20); P\$; CHR\$(9); LE\$( 1)!157 380 DISPLAY AT(16, 1) : A\$(0); TAB(11); "avail"; K(0); TAB(21); "used"; J(0) - K(0)! 233390 PRINT #1:SP\$(1);RPT\$("FI LENAME SIZE P TYPE ",4);CHR \$(9);LE\$(1)!124 400 PRINT #1:SP\$(1);RPT\$("=" ";!027 ,86);" 410 FOR LOOP=1 TO 127 !148 420 INPUT #5:A\$(LOOP), B(LOOP)), J(LOOP), K(LOOP)!051 430 IF LEN(A(LOOP)) = 0 THEN 450 !197 440 NEXT LOOP !208 450 CLOSE #5 :: CALL SCREEN( 13):: DISPLAY AT(20,5):"You may swap disks now." !051 ################################# ## 470 FOR LOOP=1 TO LOOP-1 !03 480 T=32\*(LOOP-INT((LOOP-1)/ 4) \* 4 - 1) + 1 :: IF T = 1 THEN PRINT #1:CHR\$(9);LE\$(INT(LOOP/1 02)+1)ELSE 510 !197 490 IF LOOP=101 THEN PRINT # 1:" | "; RPT\$ ("-", 13); RPT\$ ("." ,48); RPT\$("-",14);"|"; CHR\$(1 0);CHR\$(13)!007 500 PRINT #1:SP\$(INT((LOOP+1 )/102)+1);!171 510 D\$=" "&STR\$(K(LOOP)):: I (See Page 12)

front. Lines 610 and 620 restart the process. When the screen color changes from blue to green, ENVELOPE is ready to be told the next drive to read. When you've finished printing sleeves, press BACK, or function nine, to end the program. ENVELOPE uses several special printer codes, but they are all listed in last month's compilation of EPSON printer codes. If ENVELOPE doesn't work properly on your printer, start checking the printer codes in lines 300, 330, and 360. Codes 27, 48 set the printer to eight lines per inch, code 15 starts condensed print, and codes 27, 68, 110, 0 set one horizontal tab at column 110. The horizontal tabs are used to align the right border of the sleeve; these CHR\$(9) codes are in lines 390, 480, 560, and 570. Also used: code 14 sets printing width to double-wide for the disk name, and code 20 for turning off doublewidth printing. Disks with more than 100 files on them are unusual; only a collection of very small files, of a few sectors each, could have so many files. For those disks, EN-VELOPE prints the extra filenames on the back of the sleeve, but the bottom edges of the side tabs must be trimmed so that the tabs don't block the edges of the extra lines of type on the back. If you have a disk that isn't full, that you are still adding to, rather than cut out and tape up a printed sleeve for that disk, cut the disk directory slightly smaller than the dotted lines and slide the listing into the old plain white sleeve with the disk. When the disk is full, print a new, complete sleeve for the disk, add a write protect tab to the disk, and file it away. For those of us who have been accumulating software and data files since 1983, these printed sleeves may be the least confusing way of

280 IF X<49 OR X>53 THEN 270 !094 290 DISPLAY AT(20,1):" " :: CALL SCREEN(5)!141 300 PRINT #1:CHR\$(27);CHR\$(4 8);CHR\$(15);CHR\$(27);CHR\$(68 );CHR\$(110);CHR\$(0)!175

## EXTENDED BASIC \_\_\_\_

(Continued from Page 11) F ABS(B(LOOP)) <>5 THEN D\$=SE G\$(D\$, LEN(D\$) - 2, 3) ELSE D\$="" !193 520 IF B(LOOP)>0 THEN Y = " ELSE Y\$="\*" !167 530 Q\$=STR\$(J(LOOP)):: Q\$=SE G\$(" "&Q\$,LEN(Q\$),3)!181 540 PRINT #1, USING 460:A\$(LO OP), Q & Y & TYPE (ABS(B(LOOP)))&D\$ !179 550 NEXT LOOP !208 560 PRINT #1:CHR\$(9);LE\$(INT (LOOP/100)+1)!180570 FOR FIN=INT(LOOP/4)TO 62 :: PRINT #1:SP\$(~(FIN>25)+1 );CHR\$(9);LE\$(-(FIN>25)+1)!1

26 580 IF FIN=25 THEN PRINT #1: "|";RPT\$("-",13);RPT\$(".",4 8); RPT\$("-",14);"|";CHR\$(10) ;CHR\$(13)!126 590 NEXT FIN !115 600 PRINT #1:RPT\$(" ",14);"| ";RPT\$("-",95);"|";CHR\$(10); CHR\$(13)!121 610 PRINT #1:CHR\$(12)! Form feed !163 620 GOTO 240 1063 630 CLOSE #1 :: STOP !177 29505 SUB BLUE !149 29510 ! SWITCHES DISPLAY TO WHITE ON BLUE; JLS 7/88 !230 29515 CALL SCREEN(5):: FOR L

```
=0 TO 14 :: CALL COLOR(L,16
1):: NEXT L :: SUBEND !202
31530 SUB TITLE !240
31535 ! SHORT TITLE SCREEN !
181
31540 DISPLAY AT(2,10) ERASE
ALL: "ENVELOPE" :: CALL CHAR(
95, "00FF") :: CALL HCHAR(3,12
,95,8) !231
31545 DISPLAY AT(6,4): "Disk
Envelope Printer" :: CALL HC
```

HAR(7,6,95,21)!104 31550 DISPLAY AT(4,1): "Jerry Stern : January 1991" !191 31560 SUBEND !168



**By BARRY TRAVER** ©1991 by B. Traver Although Extended BASIC is fine for many things, it does not excel in screen displays. Often XB has all the commands needed – CALL CHAR, CALL COLOR, CALL CLEAR, CALL HCHAR, CALL VCHAR, DISPLAY AT, CALL SPRITE, CALL MAGNIFY, CALL LOCATE, CALL MOTION, CALL PATTERN, CALL DELSPRITE — but just is too s-lo-w in implementing them. What we need is a BASIC compiler to take XB graphics statements and convert them into equivalent assembly language source code for routines which can be accessed from XB with a CALL LINK. Well, we have exactly that for you! It's called GRAPHICOMP (for GRAPHIcs COMPiler), and it handles all the XB statements I mentioned in the preceding paragraph (including CALL COLOR for both character sets and sprites). The program is long (92 sectors in its entirety!), so it will take two (or maybe even three) issues to print the whole program here but fortunately we'll be able to do it in a way where you can benefit and learn something

as we proceed to the complete program. In the last two issues, we dealt with CALL CHAR and CALL COLOR (for character sets). They'll also be included in GRAPHICOMP when the program is complete, but I thought this month we would concentrate on some XB statements directly involved with placing characters on the screen: CALL CLEAR (which places blank characters on the screen), DISPLAY AT, CALL HCHAR, and CALL VCHAR. Next month the emphasis will be upon sprites, i.e., creating assembly equivalents for CALL SPRITE, CALL MAGNIFY, CALL LOCATE, CALL MOTION, CALL PATTERN, and CALL DELSPRITE.

Here's a sample XB program that you can use to see how GRAPHICOMP 1.4 works:

GRAPHICOMP 1.4a, the XB program printed in this issue, can be used by itself, if you confine yourself for now to working with CALL CLEAR, DISPLAY AT, CALL HCHAR, and CALL VCHAR. GRAPHICOMP 1.4a, however, is extensible (is that a word?): if you MERGE next month's XB code with what you have this month, GRAPHICOMP will have been extended to handle a much fuller set of XB graphics statements. 100 DISPLAY AT(10,13)ERAS
ALL: "Yes,";
110 CALL HCHAR(23,1,42,128)
120 CALL VCHAR(1,31,42,96)
130 DISPLAY AT(12,8): "This Is
Test!";

140 GOTO 140

To use GRAPHICOMP, simply type: the sample XB program and LIST it to dis with a command something like this: LIST "DSK1.PROGLIST"

(Later GRAPHICOMP will be able) handle MERGE files as well as text LIST ings, but that's a topic for a later issue. Then run GRAPHICOMP, and the program will create for you assembly lar guage equivalents for the XB graphic statements. The program is straight-for ward in its operation, so I don't anticipal you'll have any problems in experiment ing with it. **SCREEN LOCATIONS** It's simple to write on the screen: a you have to do is move each character

(See Page 13)

## BASIC ASSEMBLY---

#### (Continued from Page 12)

Its appropriate location on the screen. Instead of moving a character from one location in CPU RAM to another location in CPU RAM, you move it to a location in VDP RAM. The screen table in normal graphics mode occupies locations 0 through 767.

A minor inconvenience is that in assembly you can't specify rows and columns as you can in BASIC. Each position is numbered. In BASIC, you could do a CALL HCHAR(24,32,42), and that would place an asterix at row 24, column 32. Unfortunately, assembly doesn't work that way. You have to calculate the position. Since there are 24 rows and 32 columns, there are 24x32 or 768 positions in all. Instead of being numbered from 1 to 768, they are numbered from 0 to 767, since here (as elsewhere) assembly likes to start counting with 0, so row 24, column 32 would be position 767 in assembly. The first row on the screen thus occupies positions 0 through 31, the second row positions 32 through 63, and so on. I know, you'd rather be able to specify locations on the grid by row and column (working with two dimensions) than to have to specify them by a single number (working with one dimension), since that way you wouldn't have to do the extra math, but it's not that big a deal. Besides, GRAPHICOMP figures out the math for you!

want to write. The code that GRAPH-ICOMP creates is intended to be accessed from XBASIC, so the appropriate compensation is built in, but it is something you have to keep in mind when writing your own code.

GRAPHICOMP makes use of a "writeto-screen" utility called VMBWS that works like VMBW, except that it compensates for "BASIC bias" in writing to the screen. (It's called VMBWS because it's a VMBW for the Screen.) You're welcome to incorporate this VMBWS routine in your own programs.

They are also fairly simple to implement. but not necessarily quite as simple as you might at first expect. For example, if you want to do the equivalent of a CALL HCHAR(1,3,42,2) in assembly, first you put an asterisk at position 2 (remember assembly starts counting at 0!) and then you put the next one at position 3. That is, for HCHAR, to get the next character to the right, you ordinarily just add 1 to the previous position.

It's different for VCHAR. For example, if you want to do a CALL VCHAR(1,3,42,2), again first you put an asterisk at position 2, but the position below that is position 34, i.e., 2+32. That is, for VCHAR, to get the next character below, you ordinarily need to add 32 to the previous position. The reason the code for HCHAR and VCHAR is even a bit more complicated than that is that you also have to figure in "wrap-around" (which, again, is simpler for HCHAR than VCHAR), and you especially have to make sure that you confine your writing to the screen (rather than messing up an adjacent area of VDP RAM). But, again, GRAPHICOMP handles that with ease.

#### CALL CLEAR

The same routine to clear the screen is used for both 'CALL CLEAR and the DISPLAY in ERASE ALL AT(ROW,COL)ERASE ALL:MSG\$. A blank space is CHR(32) or CHR(>20), but you'll note that you have to write CHR(32+96) or CHR(128) to the screen - i.e., CHR\$(>80) or CHR(>20+>60) — to compensate for "BASIC bias."

Strictly speaking, this routine isn't quite an exact counterpart to the situation in BASIC, because in BASIC you have the edge character or CHR\$(31) on the borders of the screen instead of the blank

### **CONCLUDING COMMENTS**

#### **BASIC BIAS**

There is one additional slightly complicating factor that comes up when you're using assembly to write to the screen from BASIC or XB. (The problem does not appear if you're writing assembly code for a program to be run from Editor/Assembler option 3 or option 5.) The problem is called "BASIC bias," and what it means is that, for example, if you want to write an asterisk to the screen, you have to write not CHR\$(42) (as you would expect) but CHR\$(42+96) or CHR\$(138). I'm not going to try to explain why (I'm not even sure I understand why myself): it's just something you live with if you mixing BASIC and assembly. If you're using assembly to write to the screen from BASIC or XB, you have to add 96 (or >60) to the ASCII value of the character you

character or CHR\$(32), but it's a lot easier just to fill the screen completely with blank characters.

#### **DISPLAY AT**

Often we aren't aware of it in XB, but there is a difference as to whether a DIS-PLAY AT statement has or does not have a semicolon following. Without the semicolon, XB puts blank characters to the right of whatever is being printed. Most of the time it doesn't matter, but sometimes it does affect the graphics (as in the sample BASIC program above). GRAPHICOMP can handle this with no problem, writing different code depending upon whether or not the semicolon is there.

Incidentally, GRAPHICOMP is written so that it can even write source code for DISPLAY AT statements that contain unusual characters in the string, i.e., characters that are not alphanumeric. It is able to do this by using BYTE instead of TEXT when specifying the data to be written. CALL HCHAR and CALL VCHAR HCHAR and VCHAR are very similar.

Next month we'll explain more about how GRAPHICOMP works, but this should be enough to get you started. I recommend that you try it out, and study the source code that GRAPHICOMP produces. (Even if you don't understand it, however, it will work, which is something nice to know!)

How can you check whether the source code that is created actually works? Well, we'll go into that more next time, but for now I suggest the following: when running GRAPHICOMP, choose option 3, and assemble the source code that is created by GRAPHICOMP. Let's assume that you've called the source code "S" and the object code "O", that the disk is in drive one, and that the CALL LINK name is "START". Here's a short program you can use to see if it actually works: 100 CALL INIT 110 CALL LOAD("DSKI.O") 120 CALL LINK("START") 130 GOTO 130 (See Page 14)

## BASIC ASSEMBLY .....

#### (Continued from Page 13)

I wrote GRAPHICOMP with the intention that it be useful as a learning aid as well as a utility, so I hope you find it useful both respects. And, until next time, keep on compuTIn'!

#### GRAPHICOMP

10 GOTO 60 !139 20 DIM A\$(100), B\$(100)!154 30 AA\$, AB, AB\$, AC, AC\$, AD, AF, AF\$, AG, AG\$, AH, AI, AJ, AO, AP, AQ, AR, BD, D, E, E\$, EP\$, G, H, J, K, O, P , P\$, Q, Q\$, R, R\$, S, S\$, T\$, V\$, W\$, Z\$ !008 40 CALL ACCKEY :: CALL CLS : : CALL DECHEX :: CALL DELAY :: CALL END :: CALL EQWS :: CALL FB :: CALL GS :: CALL H DG :: CALL PAUSE :: CALL PN !110 50 CALL SCREEN :: CALL START :: CALL WTSU 1227 60 !@P- !064 100 ! GRAPHICOMP COPYRIGHT ( C) 1991 by Barry Traver, 835 Green Valley Drive, Philade lphia, PA 19128 (phone: 215/ 483-1379) !192 110 CALL FB(2, 12):: DISPLAY AT(1,10): "GRAPHICOMP": : "

AT(A,B)):C\$[;]": :" DISPLAYAT(A,B)ERASE ALL:C\$" !120 210 DISPLAY AT(17, 1): "More c ommands will be added": : "in GRAPHICOMP 1.4b in next": : "month's MICROpendium." :: C ALL PAUSE !140 220 D,K,AR,BD=0 :: CALL FB(2) (4):: DISPLAY AT(2,1) ERASE ALL:"Here are your choices:" 154 230 DISPLAY AT(5,1): "1. Many output files, many entr y points (one file for each line number, one entry point for" !252 240 DISPLAY AT(9,4):"each fi le)": :: "2. One output file , many entry points (a gain, one entry point for" !161 250 DISPLAY AT(15, 4): "each 1 ine number)": : :"3. One out put file, one entry p oint (i.e., one CALL LI NK does it all!)" !162 260 DISPLAY AT(23,1) BEEP: "Wh at is your choice?" :: CALL ACCKEY(23,22,"13",E):: CALL FB(2,12)!077 270 DISPLAY AT(7,1): "Input ( LISTing) File?": :" DSK" :: IF E=1 THEN DISPLAY AT(15,1) :"Output Drive (1-9)? " !127 280 IF E<>1 THEN DISPLAY AT( 13,1):"Output File? ": :" DS K" :: IF E=3 THEN DISPLAY AT (19,1):"Entry Point?":"":" S TART" !096 290 ACCEPT AT(9,2)SIZE(-27): P\$ :: ON ERROR 300 :: OPEN # 2:P\$, INPUT :: ON ERROR STOP :: CALL SCREEN(12):: DISPLAY AT(24,1):"" :: GOTO 320 !24 3 300 ON ERROR 310 :: CLOSE #2 1090 310 CALL SCREEN(10):: DISPLA

Y AT(24, 1): "" :: CALL HDG :IF E=2 THEN 390 1096 340 ACCEPT AT(21,2)VALIDATE UALPHA)SIZE(-6):EP\$ :: PRIM #1:"\* ACCESSED BY":"\* CALL LINK("""&EP\$&""")":"" :: GO] 0 390 1046 360 ON ERROR 370 :: CLOSE #1 !149 370 CALL SCREEN(10):: DISPL Y AT(24,3): "Disk Error - Try Again!" :: RETURN 320 !076 380 CALL ACCKEY(15,21,"19",) B) ! 180 390 CALL FB(2,8):: PRINT "E TENDED BASIC CODE:": :!182 400 IF EOF(2) THEN PRINT "EM TY FILE!" :: STOP ELSE LINP T #2:T\$ :: IF T\$="" THEN 400 ELSE 450 !072 440 IF EOF(2) THEN 670 ELSE! INPUT #2:T\$ !031 450 IF LEN(T\$) = 80 THEN LINP T #2:P\$ :: T\$=T\$&P\$ ! DV80 ] AND-AID !218 480 PRINT T\$ :: D=D+1 :: A\$( D) = T\$ :: B\$(D-1) = "L" & SEG\$(T),1,POS(T\$," ",1)-1):: IF PO (T\$, "GOTO", 1) <>0 THEN 440 ! 45 490 AD=POS(T\$, " ",1):: IF S G\$(T\$, AD+1, 1) = "!" OR SEG\$(T), AD+1, 3) = "REM" THEN 440 101 530 IF E=1 THEN 440 !179 550 IF POS(T\$, "CALL CLEAR", )<>0 OR POS(T\$, "DISPLAY AT" 1) <>0 THEN BD=(BD OR 2):: G TO 440 !160 590 IF POS(T\$, "CALL HCHAR", )<>0 OR POS(T\$, "CALL VCHAR" 1) <>0 THEN BD=(BD OR 2):: G TO 440 !132 660 GOTO 15000 ! ERROR !078 670 CALL DELAY(100) :: CALL B(2, 16):: DISPLAY AT(11, 11)RASE ALL: "ENTERING": : TAB(1 );"CONVERSION": :TAB(11);"\$ CTION!" :: CALL DELAY(100)

Version 1.4a": :" for MICROpendium" !025 120 DISPLAY AT(7,6): "Copyrig ht (C) 1991":" by Barry A. Traver":" All Rights R eserved!": : :"GRAPHICOMP is a limited XB" !089 130 DISPLAY AT(13,1): "graphi cs compiler to help beginn ers to learn assembly langua ge. Limitations: Usesimple graphics statements" !151 140 DISPLAY AT(17,1): "with o nly constants (numericand st ring) as parameters. Use an XB LISTing as your input file." :: CALL PAUSE !147 170 CALL FB(16,14):: DISPLAY

AT(1,5)ERASE ALL: "Here are Y AT(24,3): "Disk Error - Try 11 Again!" :: RETURN 290 !046 the XB commands": : "GRAPHICO 680 IF E>1 THEN DISPLAY ERA 320 IF E=1 THEN 380 ELSE ACC MP 1.4a can handle:": : : ".C ALL CLEAR" !137 EPT AT(15,2)SIZE(-27):P\$ :: 190 DISPLAY AT(8,1):" CALL H ON ERROR 360 :: OPEN #1:P\$,OCHAR(A, B, C[, D])'': : : CALL VCUTPUT :: ON ERROR STOP !134 330 CALL SCREEN(12):: DISPLA HAR(A, B, C[, D])'': :\* DISPLAY

**E** ALL :: CALL FB(16, 5) :: PR NT "ASSEMBLY CODE:":"" :: ( LL GS(BD, AR) !112 690 IF E<>3 THEN 710 !133 (See Page 15)

### BASIC ASSEMBLY---

(Continued from Page 14) 00 FOR R=0 TO 1 :: PRINT #R :"\* DEFINE ENTRY POINT": :" DEF "&EP\$: :EP\$;TAB(8 );"LWPI WS":" B @"& B\$(0):"" :: NEXT R !201 710 FOR Q=1 TO D :: T\$=A\$(Q) :: AD=POS(T\$," ",1):: S\$=SEG \$(T\$,1,AD-1):: Q\$=S\$&RPT\$(" ",6-LEN(S\$)):: CALL FB(2,8)! 025 720 DISPLAY AT(11,1):"EXTEND

ED BASIC LINE:": :T\$ :: CALL

XT R :: CALL END(3, ""):: IF K THEN CALL WTSU !199 970 CALL END(24, "")!086 980 CLOSE #2 :: DISPLAY ERAS E ALL :: CALL SCREEN(4):: DI SPLAY AT(11,11): "FINISHED!" :: DISPLAY AT(13,1)BEEP:" Another file (Y/N)?" !158 990 CALL ACCKEY(13,25, "YN",S ):: IF S THEN 220 ELSE DISPL AY ERASE ALL :: STOP !137 2000 ! CLEAR !010

6100 NEXT R :: IF E=1 THEN C ALL END(3, "")ELSE IF E=2 THE N CALL END(5, "")!148 6110 IF E=1 THEN CALL WTSU : : CALL END(8, ""):: CLOSE #1 !175 6120 RETURN !136 6130 J=ASC(SEG\$(V\$,R,1)):: I F J<32 OR J=39 OR J>127 THEN 6140 :: R=R+1 :: IF R>LEN(V \$)THEN 6060 ELSE 6130 !175 6140 FOR R=0 TO 1 :: PRINT #

) <>0 THEN GOSUB 2000 :: GOTO 910 !199 810 IF POS(T\$, "DISPLAY AT", 1 ) <>0 THEN GOSUB 6000 :: GOTO 910 !159 820 IF POS(T\$, "CALL HCHAR", 1 ) <>0 THEN AF\$="H" :: AG\$="IN C R0" :: GOSUB 7000 :: GOTO 910 !179 890 IF POS(T\$, "CALL VCHAR", 1 ) <>0 THEN AF = "V" :: AG = "AI R0,32" :: GOSUB 7000 :: G OTO 910 !051 900 GOTO 15000 ! ERROR !078 910 Z\$="" !003 915 IF E<>3 THEN 930 ELSE IF Q=D THEN CALL END(5,Z\$):: G ото 930 !187 920 FOR R=0 TO 1 :: PRINT #R :"\* BRANCH TO NEXT SECTION": "":Z\$;TAB(8);"B @"&B\$(Q): "" :: NEXT R !162 **930** NEXT Q :: IF E=1 THEN 98 0 ELSE CALL FB(2,8):: DISPLA Y AT(12,10):"End-Of-File": : TAB(8); "FOR INPUT FILE" :: C

DELAY(100):: IF POS(T\$, "GOT O",1)<>0 THEN GOSUB 14000 :: GOTO 915 !176 740 AD=POS(T\$, " ",1):: IF SE G\$(T\$,AD+1,1)="!" THEN GOSUB 14000 :: GOTO 915 !160 750 AD=POS(T\$, " ",1):: IF SE G\$(T\$,AD+1,3)="REM" THEN GOS UB 14000 :: GOTO 915 !103 770 IF POS(T\$, "CALL CLEAR",1 )<>0 THEN GOSUB 2000 :: GOTO 910 !199

2010 CALL START(E, AB, S, T): : IF E=1 THEN CALL EQWS(10)! 041 2020 CALL  $PN(E, S^{1}, Z^{1}) :: CALL$ CLS(E,S\$):: IF E=1 THEN CAL L END(27, "") ELSE IF E=2 THEN CALL END(5, "")!157 2030 RETURN !136 6000 ! DISPLAY AT !110 6010 G=0 :: K=1 :: AD=POS(T\$),"ERASE ALL",1):: IF AD<>0 T HEN G=1 !081 6020 AF = POS(T\$, "DISPLAY AT(")(1) + 10 :: AG = POS(T\$, ", ", AF + 1)):: AH=POS(T\$, ")", AG+1):: AI =POS(T\$, """", AH+1):: AJ=POS( T\$,""",AI+1)!145 6030 AP=VAL(SEG\$(T\$, AF+1, AG-AF-1):: H=VAL(SEG\$(T\$, AG+1,

R: "\* DATA FOR DISPLAY": "T "&Q\$ :: NEXT R :: AC\$=" BYTE " :: FOR P=1 TO LEN(V \$):: O=ASC(SEG\$(V\$, P, 1))!121 6150 IF O<30 THEN O=O+128 !2 42 6160 AC = AC \$ ESTR (0) E'', '' = 1009 6170 IF P/8=INT(P/8)OR P=LEN(V\$) THEN AC\$=SEG\$ (AC\$, 1, LEN( AC\$)-1):: FOR R=0 TO 1 :: PR INT #R:AC\$ :: NEXT R :: AC\$= BYTE " !026 6180 NEXT P :: FOR R=0 TO 1 :: PRINT #R:" EVEN":"" :: NEXT R :: GOTO 6070 !046 7000 ! HCHAR AND VCHAR !144 7010 AF=POS(T\$, "CALL "&AF\$&" CHAR'' & ('', 1) + 10 :: AG = POS(T\$)

AH-AG-1):: AO=32\*(AP-1)+(H-1)1)+2 :: V\$=SEG\$(T\$, AI+1, AJ-A) I-1)!1076040 IF SEG\$(T\$,AJ+1,1)<>";" THEN V\$=V\$&RPT\$(" ",28-(H+L EN(V\$))+1)!0796050 R\$=STR\$(LEN(V\$)):: W\$=" '"&V\$&"'" :: CALL START(E,AB ,S\$,T\$):: IF E=1 THEN CALL E QWS(10)ELSE R=1 :: GOTO 6130 1203 6060 FOR R=0 TO 1 :: PRINT # R: "\* TEXT FOR MESSAGE": : "T" &Q & "TEXT " &W & " EVEN" :"" :: NEXT R !064 6070 CALL PN(E,S\$,Z\$):: IF G THEN CALL CLS(E, S\$) :: IF AD <>0 THEN Z\$="" !235

, ", ", AF+1) :: AH=POS(T\$, ", ", A G+1):: AI=POS(T\$, ", ", AH+1)!1 11 7020 IF AI<>0 THEN AQ=1 ELSE AI=POS(T\$,")",AH+1):: AQ=0 **::** GOTO 7040 !217 7030 AJ = POS(T\$, ")", AI+1)!1637040 AP=VAL(SEG $(T^{\circ}, AF+1, AG-$ AF-1):: H=VAL(SEG\$(T\$, AG+1, GEG))AH-AG-1):: E\$=STR\$(VAL(SEG\$) (T\$, AH+1, AI-AH-1) + 96) :: CALL DECHEX  $(E_{2}^{\circ}, 2)$  ! 152 7050 AA\$=STR\$(32\*(AP-1)+(H-1) )):: IF AQ=1 THEN AB\$=SEG\$(T \$, AI+1, AJ-AI-1) ELSE AB\$="1" !201 7060 CALL START(E, AB, S, T):

: IF AF = "H" THEN AC = (32\*(AP) -1) + (H-1) + VAL(AB\$) > 768) ELSE6080 FOR R=0 TO 1 !064 ALL DELAY(100)!215 6090 PRINT #R: "\* DISPLAY MES AC = (AP + VAL(ABS) > 24)!048940 DISPLAY ERASE ALL :: CAL SAGE": : : Z\$; TAB(8); "LI R0," 7070 IF E=1 THEN CALL EQWS(1) L FB(16,5):: PRINT "ASSEMBLY 0)!114&STR\$(AO):" LI R1,"& SOURCE CODE:": :!103 "T"&S\$:" LI R2,"&R\$: 7080 CALL PN(E, S\$, Z\$) :: FOR960 FOR R=0 TO 1 :: PRINT #R BLWP @VMBWS":"" !023 (See Page 16) :"\* GENERAL WRAPUP":"" :: NE

## BASIC ASSEMBLY—

(Continued from Page 15) R=0 TO 1 :: PRINT #R:"\* WRIT E "&AF\$&"CHAR": :Z\$;TAB(8);" LI R0,"&AA\$:" LI R 1,>"&E\$&"00" !152 7090 PRINT #R:" LI R 2, "&AB\$:AF\$&Q\$&"BLWP @VSBW": "&AG\$ !014 7100 IF AC THEN PRINT #R:" CI R0,768":" JLT C"&S\$:" AI R0,-"&

STR\$(767-(AF\$="H")):"C"&S\$;!

064

 $-1)*10^{(C-D)}:: NEXT D :: A$=$ 0 IF (A AND 4) THEN PRINT #B ""!109 B\$; TAB(8); "B @RETURN": "" 30020 E=INT(B/16):: A\$=SEG\$( !147 "0123456789ABCDEF", B-30460 IF (A AND 8) THEN PRINT 16 \* E + 1, #B:" END":"" !050 1) & A :: IF E <>0 THEN B=E :: 30470 NEXT B :: IF (A AND 16 GOTO 30020 !144 )THEN CLOSE #1 !191 30030 IF A<>0 THEN IF LEN(A\$ 30480 SUBEND !168 )<A THEN A\$="0"&A\$ :: GOTO 3 30490 SUB CLS(E,B\$):: IF E=3 0030 !148 THEN L\$="L"&B\$ ELSE L\$=""! 30040 SUBEND !168 164 30050 SUB DELAY(A):: FOR B=1 30495 FOR A=0 TO 1 :: PRINT TO A :: NEXT B :: SUBEND !0 #A: "\* CLEAR THE SCREEN": :L\$ 09 ;TAB(8);"CLR R0":" ΓŢ 30300 SUB FB(A,B):: DISPLAY R1,>8000":" LI R2 ERASE ALL :: FOR C=0 TO 14 : ,768″ !154 30500 PRINT #A:"C"&B\$;TAB(8) : CALL COLOR (C, A, 1) :: NEXT C :: CALL SCREEN(B):: SUBEND ;"BLWP @VSBW":" INC R 1026 0":" DEC R2":" 30310 SUB START(A, B, A\$, B\$):: JGT C"&B\$:"" !157 30510 NEXT A :: SUBEND !001 CALL FB(16,5):: PRINT "ASSE MBLY SOURCE CODE: ": : :!111 30520 SUB EQWS(A):: FOR B=0 30320 IF A=1 THEN OPEN #1:"D TO 1 !013 SK"&STR\$(B)&".L"&A\$&"/S",OUT 30530 PRINT #B:"\* XB EQUATES ":"":"BASIC EQU >006A":"GP PUT :: CALL HDG !232 30330 FOR C=0 TO 1 :: PRINT LWS EQU >83E0" !013 #C: "\* ASSEMBLY EQUIVALENT OF 30550 IF (A AND 2) THEN PRINT " :: IF LEN(B\$)<79 THEN PRIN #B:"VSBW EQU >2020" !207 T #C:"\* "&B\$ :: GOTO 30350 ! 30570 PRINT #B:"" !087 142 30580 NEXT B :: IF (A AND 8) 30340 C = "\* "&SEG\$(B\$, 1, 78): THEN CALL WS 1009 : D\$ = "\* "&SEG\$(B\$, 79, LEN(B\$))30590 SUBEND !168 -78):: PRINT #C:C\$:D\$ !044 30600 SUB WTSU :: FOR A=0 TO 30350 IF A=3 THEN 30380 !026 1 !113 30360 PRINT #C:"\* ACCESSED B 30610 PRINT #A: "\* WRITE-TO-S Y": "\* "&A\$&" CALL LINK(""L"& CREEN UTILITY": : "VMBWS DAT A\$&""")":""\* DEFINE ENTRY A VWS, VPN": "VWS BSS 32": POINT": :" DEF L"&A\$ "VPN MOV \*R13, R0":" 1018 MOV @2(R13),R2" !233 30380 PRINT #C:"" :: NEXT C 30620 PRINT #A:" MOV :: SUBEND !221 @4(R13),R3":"VLP MOVB \*R2 30400 SUB PN(A,A\$,B\$):: B\$=" +, R1":" AI R1, >6000" L"&A\$&RPT\$(" ",5-LEN(A\$)):: :" BLWP @VSBW":" IF A=3 THEN SUBEXIT !0313041 INC R0":" DEC R3" ! 0 FOR B=0 TO 1 :: PRINT #B:" 217 \* PROGRAM START": :B\$&" LWPI 30630 PRINT #A:" JNE WS":"" :: NEXT B :: B\$="" : VLP":" RTWP":"" :: NEX : SUBEND !018 T A :: SUBEND !007

.

7110 PRINT #R:TAB(8);"DEC R 2":" JGT "&AF\$&Q\$:"" :: NEXT R :: IF E=1 THEN CAL L END(27, "") ELSE IF E=2 THEN CALL END(5, "")!002 7120 RETURN !136 14000 ! REM AND ! (AND GOTO) 1088 14010 CALL START(E, AB, S, T) :: IF E=1 THEN CALL EQWS(8)! 255 14020 CALL PN(E,S\$,Z\$):: T\$= "\* "&T\$ :: FOR R=0 TO 1 :: P RINT #R:SEG\$(T\$,1,80):: IF L EN(T\$)>80 THEN PRINT #R:"\* " &SEG\$(T\$,81,LEN(T\$)-80)!017 14030 IF POS(T\$, "GOTO", 1) <>0THEN PRINT #R: \*\* NOT IMPLEM ENTED!" !247 14040 PRINT #R:"" :: NEXT R :: IF E=1 THEN CALL END(27," ") ELSE IF E=2 THEN CALL END( 5, "")!180 14050 RETURN !136 15000 ! ERROR !045 15010 CALL SCREEN(10):: PRIN T : :"E R R O R !": : :"An error in processing has occu rred. Please check the" !01 2 15020 PRINT "input file at p oint where the problem occ urred." :: CALL DELAY(300):: STOP !149 29999 !@P+ !062

56789ABCDEF",SEG\$(A\$,D,1),1)	B @BASIC":"" !0553045	(See Page 17)
D=1 TO C :: B=B+(POS("01234))	<b>#B:"RETURN LWPI GPLWS":"</b>	30710 SUB PAUSE :: DISPLAY A
30010 B=0 :: C=LEN(A\$):: FOR	30440 IF (A AND 2) THEN PRINT	170
EG\$(A\$,2,LEN(A\$)-1))!237	1,093	EQWS(A):: CALL WS :: SUBEND
>-129 THEN A\$=STR\$(256-VAL(S	RINT #B:"* RETURN TO XB":""	SETUP":"" :: NEXT C :: CALL
SEG\$(A\$,1,1) = "-" AND VAL(A\$)	0 TO 1 :: IF (A AND 1) THEN P	TO 1 :: PRINT #C:"* GENERAL
30000 SUB DECHEX( $A$ \$, A):: IF	30430 SUB END(A, $B$ \$):: FOR B=	30650 SUB GS(A,B):: FOR C=0

.

### BASIC ASSEMBLY----

•

(Continued from Page 16) (24,1): "(Press any key to c ontinue.)" !199 30720 CALL KEY(0,A,B):: IF B <1 THEN 30720 !146 30730 DISPLAY ERASE ALL :: S **UBEND !167** 30740 SUB WS :: FOR A=0 TO 1 :: PRINT #A:"\* DEFINE WORKS BSS 32":"" PACE": : "WS :: NEXT A :: SUBEND !137 30770 SUB HDG :: PRINT #1:"\*

#### 145 30780 PRINT #1:"\* BY BARR Y A. TRAVER": \* \* 835 GREEN V ALLEY DRIVE": \* \* PHILADELPHI A, PA 19128":"\* (PHONE: 21 5/483-1379)":"" :: SUBEND !2 52 30790 SUB ACCKEY(A, B, A\$, C):: CALL GCHAR(A, B+2, D) :: DISPL AY AT(A, B) BEEP: CHR (D); :: E=

IF F>96 THEN F=F-32 !244 30830 IF F=13 THEN F=D !17430840 IF A\$<>"YN" THEN 30850 1075 30845 IF CHR\$(F) <> "Y" AND CH R\$(F) <> "N" THEN 30800 ELSE C ALL HCHAR(A, B+2, F):: C=F :: IF C=89 THEN C=1 :: SUBEXIT ELSE C=0 :: SUBEXIT !243 30850 IF CHR\$(F) < SEG\$(A\$, 1, 1) ) OR CHR\$(F) > SEG\$(A\$, 2, 1) THEN 30800 CALL KEY(0, F, G) :: E=E+30800 !025

THIS ASSEMBLY SOURCE CODE": WAS CREATED BY": "\* "\* GRAPHICOMP (VERS. 1.4a), ": "\* AN XB GRAPHICS COMPILER" !

1 :: IF E=5 THEN CALL HCHAR( A, B+2, 30) ! 245 30810 IF E=10 THEN CALL HCHA R(A, B+2, D) :: E=0 !00630820 IF G<1 THEN 30800 ELSE

0 !138

30860 CALL HCHAR(A, B+2, F):: IF F > 64 THEN F = F - 64 !088 30870 IF F>48 THEN F=F-48 !1 78 30880 C=F :: SUBEND !113

## THE TI-BASE USER'GUIDE - 8 Starting a program

**By BILL GASKILL** ©1991 B. Gaskill

There are three ways available to a user to get a program up and running;

- 1 run it from the SETUP file.
- 2 run it from the dot prompt, or

the "boot" command file MENU because it seemed a logical name for a routine that accessed the main system menu for the application being run.

- \* menu 06/01/90
- \* copyright 1990 by Wm. Gaskill SET TALK OFF CLEAR

3 - run it from another command file.

In the TI-Base applications that I have developed since 1988, I have adopted a standard for myself that does all of the program setup in a file that I always name MENU. MENU does things like setting Talk, REcnum and Heading off, it creates the color scheme that I want to use in the program being run, it displays the program name and any other messages that I want the user to see, it activates the data base(s) that will be used by the program, and in V3.0, it installs the command files into memory that I want to run faster because of their size.

All of the applications that I create are also menu-driven for ease of use. This means that the menu must reappear each time a particular portion of the system is exited. Because of the need to have the menu act as the center of program operations, another program is needed to do the setup work. Your next question no doubt is, well isn't that what the SETUP file is for. THe answer is of course yes, but with custom applications, you would have to modify your SETUP file each time you used a different one. A much more convenient method is to simply have a small command file seperate from the SETUP file to do the setup chores. That way, a user can just boot TI-Base and then type in a DO MENU, where MENU is the name of my custom setup command file, and be up and running in one command. The command file listed below does all of that for our MICROPEN application. I chose to call

CLEAR		
SET RECNUM OFF		
COLOR LIGHT-BLUE LIGHT-BLUE		
SET INVERSE ON		
WRITE 05,2 **		-;
*		
WRITE 06,2 *	I	;
WRITE 07,2 "  MICROpendium INDEX	1	;
		·
WRITE 08,2 *	E	;
TI-Base		
WRITE 09,2 *	ł	;
WRITE 10,2 *   Copyright 1990 by	ł	;
Support		
WRITE 11,2 *  William Gaskill	I	;
WRITE 12,2 "	1	;
Software		
WRITE 13,2 "	ł	;
WETTE 14 2 * 1 JUNCETON COFT WORKS	1	•

WRITE 14,2 "| JUNCTION SOFT WORKS | ; V1.0 Grand Junction, Co. | ; WRITE 15,2 \*| WRITE 16,2 \*\*. . \_\_\_\_\_\_ (See Page 19)

### TI-BASE----

#### (Continued from Page 34)

COLOR WHITE LIGHT-BLUE SET INVERSE OFF WRITE 21,2 "Loading. Please wait...." INSTALL CLEAR INSTALL ADD MENU1 INSTALL ADD MENU1 USE MICROPEN DO MENU1

The structure of the command file is pretty simple to follow.

There are a couple of V3.0-only statements in the file hower that must be removed prior to use, if you are using V2.0. First, you must remove the two statements that SET INVERSE ON and OFF. Although the command file will run with them left in under a V2.0 environment, error messages will be displayed screaming about unrecognized directives. Similarly, the lines at the bottom of the command file start with the word INSTALL must also be removed. INSTALL is a V3.0 only feature that pokes command files into memory so that they can be run without having to go out to disk for them.

TI-TRX	TI-TAXT TI-TAX
報約 STEP UP TO TI-TAX	::: TRUE TAX SIMPLIFICATION
MORE NEW FEATIE	REVIENT REVIENT REVIEW REVIEW
	NDMCI FACV DATA MOUTH
	RMS! EASY DATA INPUT!
	TI-99:4A OR GENEVE
( ) DO '	YOUR OWN TAXES AT HOME
These EASY-TO-USE, HI-QUALITY	
- Generate and print IRS usea	ble Forms and Schedules   NOTE NEW ADDRESS
Solution is a set of the set o	preprinted foras Signature now will overprint IRS Fora 1040/1040A)
F Have grown each year since	1983: INCLUDE TAX LAW CHANGES
REQUIRED: - Can link to your other Mult 32K - Are not copy protected. (As	
- Are great for "What if?"	ing. 1696 Justin Drive
- Do most of your calculation	5 Gambrills, MD 21054
Select from these 8 disks to suit your n	eed: Write for output samples !
SHORTFORMS \$20 FORMI040EZ INCOME TAX BELIED FOR Stople Filers w/no Dependente	SCHEDULES1 \$10
FORM1040EZ Income Tax Return For Single Filers w/no Dependents FORM1040Ap1 US Individual Income Tax Return (Short Form, page 1) FORM1040Ap2 (Short Form, page 2)	
(Incl Schede (These Schedules are an X,Y,&Z) integral part of Fore1040Ap2)	SCHEDULEC Profit or Loss from Business SCHEDULEDp1 Capital Gains and Losses (Page 1)
SCHEDULE1 Interest and Dividend Income SCHEDULE2 Child and Dependent Care Expenses	SCHEDULED1p2 (Page 2) SCHEDULED1p1 Continuation Sheet for Schedule D (Page 1) SCHEDULED1p2 (Page 2)
SCHEDULES Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled FLONCHART (Hints for effective order/Short Fore processing)	SCHEDULES2 \$10
INPUT: (File for common data, avoids repeat entries) INPUT2 (File for entering info on dependents)	SCHEDULEEp1 Supplemental Income and Loss (Page 1) SCHEDULEEp2 (Page 2)
INPUTS (File for entering info on elderly or disabled) PRINT17 (Printer set-up routine)	SCHEDULEFp1 Farm Income and Expenses (Page 1) SCHEDULEFp2 (Page 2)
REBATES (Form to register for rebates) USER MANLIAL (Easy reading, covers Short forms)	SCHEDULER Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled INPUTS (File for entering info on elderly or disabled) SCHEDULESE Social Security Self-Employment Tax
LONGFORMS \$10	BCHEDULEBE Social Security Self-Employment Tax MOREFORMS1 \$10
FORM1040p1 UB Individual Income Tax Return (Page 1)	FORM1040X Amended U.S. Individual Income Tax Return FORM2210p1 Underpayment of Estimated Tax (Page 1)
FORM1040p2 (Page 2) (Incl Scheds (These Schedules are an	FURM2210p2 (Page 2) FURM3468p1 Computation of Investment Credit (Page 1)
X,Y,&Z) integral part of Form1040p2) FLONCHART (Hints for effective order/Long Form processing) INPUT1 (File for common data, avoids repeat entries)	FORM3468p2 (Page 2) FORM3800 General Business Credit
INPUT2 (File for entering info on dependents)	MOREFORMS2 \$10 FORM4562p1 Depreciation and Amortization (Page 1)
REDATED (Form to register for rebates)	FORM4562p1 Depreciation and Amortization (Page 1) FORM4562p2 (Page 2) FORM4952 Investment Interest Expense Deduction
WARRANTY	FORM4972p1 Tax on Lump-Sue Distributions (Page 1) FORM4972p2 (Page 2)
USUALFORMS \$10 FORM210ép1 Employme Business Expenses (Page 1)	FORM6198 At Risk Limitations FORM6251 Alternative Minimum Tax Individuals
FORM2106p2 (Page 2) FORM2119 Sale of Your Home	MOREFORMS3 \$10
FORM2441 Child and Dependent Care Expenses	FORME271 Investor Report of Tax Shelter Registration Number FORME582 Passive Activity Loss Limitations

FORMS403 Noving Expenses FORMS406 IRA Contributions, IRA Basis, and Distributions FORMM4wksheet Employees Withholding Allowance Certificate ADD \$5 SHIPPING AND HANDLING FORMESE2Passive Activity Loss LimitationsFORMESE2CRPassive Activity Credit LimitationsFORMESE6Low-Income Housing CreditFORMESE6Low-Income Housing CreditFORMESE15Tax for Children Under Age 14 with Income Over \$1000FORMEE14Parent Election to Report Child's Interest/DividendsFORMEE15Excludable US Savings Bond Interest

Page 19 MICROpendium/January 1991

## MIDI developer Mike Maksimik discusses music, FDOS and GDOS

The following is an edited transcript of Michael Maksimik's conference on Delphi on Oct. 7, 1990. Maksimik is a computer science student and developer of a MIDI interface for the 99/4A, the Asgard terface all programs that I had with FDOS and have an environment to program in like the MS-DOS computers, or the Geneve, or the VAX at school. FDOS became a big project, and I spent about a week writing the code. The files that make FDOS take about 200 sectors on a disk, and all that in a week! But it didn't burn me out. I wanted to do more with the TI mouse support for example. I picked up an IBM serial mouse and, with a custom RS232 scanner, on my own, I figured out its encoding to make it compatible with TI Artist. Before that, I had interfaced a project yet, and has required much thought and innovation to provide a memory-efficient MIDI sequencer for the TI and Geneve.

Soon, I expect a few more pet projects to become reality, and I hope to set a new standard for software production on the TI with a standard for a minimally equipped system for running next-generation software (fike Telco). I hope you like my products, because I am writing them with my own uses in mind, and I am making them to satisfy the TI'er who has gone long without what other computer owners have taken for granted for so many years. The TI is a powerful machine, and must be fully exploited.

Mouse, FDOS for the 99/4A and MDOS 1.15 for the Geneve. MDOS 1.15 is a version of MDOS that supports the Asgard Mouse. Maksimik's insights into MIDI and the TI should be of interest to many TI and Geneve users regardless of their interest in producing music.—Ed.

I will begin with a short statement of what I have been doing. I have several projects in mind for the TI and Geneve.

I will start by telling you all a little about myself. I am 23 years old, 6 foot 6 inches, about 220 pounds. I am attending Illinois Institute of Technology, majoring in computer science. I expect my bachelor's de-The gree on May 27, 1991. My work on the TI began when I was in high school and continues to this day.

I wanted to do more with the TI — mouse support for example. I picked up an IBM serial mouse and, with a custom RS232 scanner, on my own, I figured out its encoding to make it compatible with TI Artist.

#### THE MIDI INTERFACE

Is there still some development room for the MIDI project — stereo or additional voices or some such?

There is more room for development on the TI MIDI because we are using a cartridge, and I still have the lower 8K to work with and still allow for 24K of tokenized music. We are trying to make a most useful sequencer, not just minimal. Without Chris Bobbitt's suggestions it would have required add-on software, even though the system is almost fully completed now. Only small things are changing now. (Bobbitt owns Asgard Software.—Ed.) Remember, the stereo output is controlled by your MIDI keyboard, which is controlled by the TI. If your keyboard supports stereo, then it will work fully with the TI. Remember, the MIDI sound is professional, and does not come out of the monitor speaker! It comes from the keyboard's own sound generating equipment and may be directed to a stereo amplifier. MIDI is simply the "nervous system" connecting the brain of the TI with the "brawn" of the keyboard. This serial cable is a high-speed cable in current loop fashion and simply communi-(See Page 25)

I was very interested in programming and was completely self-taught up until about 1985. I bought my beige console for \$49.90 from a local K-mart and slowly expanded it. The floodgates opened when I joined the Chicago TI users group. It is a wonderful source of information and inspiration and gave me a will to continue with the TI and, now, the Geneve.

I wrote a small word processor in Extended BASIC, and it needed some speed, so I learned some assembly language. This coincided with the VAX assembly language I was learning at school, and I quickly learned just how powerful the TI can be. Soon after that, I wanted to write a program that would allow me to be more compatible with the DOS environments that I have been working with over the years: CP/M, the P-system, and MS-DOS. I wanted practical experience in writing a command line interpreter. So after building my own supercart, I wrote FDOS from scratch, inspired by Jim Derk's Megaload program. I wanted to in-

Radio Shack analog mouse to my ADE clock card — and that was an interesting project — but the serial mouse could be used by everyone that had a serial port. That is where the Asgard Mouse came from.

And finally, my current project bloomed about a week before the Chicago TI faire in 1989 after I bought a cheap MIDI keyboard at Montgomery Ward and got a book on MIDI. I decided to make the interface myself and write the driver software, and I wanted to surprise everyone at the faire — what a stir that caused! The phones haven't stopped ringing since then, but the MIDI system has evolved since then. Converted from Extended BASIC to assembly language in cartridge form, it is my most comprehensive programming



The TEX-COMP Freeware program is a disk distribution service which is operated to support the TI-99/4A user and programmer and to keep the TI-99/4A the best value in the computer world. The nominal charge (4.95) that is charged for each title is for distribution services only and includes the cost of duplication, premium grade disks, labels, advertising and packaging including plastic disk cases that we include at no extra cost with orders of four or more disks. When a program requires more than one disk side, we supply a flippy or even a second disk at no extra cost. The programs we distribute come from all over the world and are either public domain or the author has expressly agreed to freeware distribition or has placed the program into freeware distribution by providing it to a commercial bulletin board service.



#### #1. THE SINGING TI-99/4A

SPEECH & MUSIC DISK

This is the disk everyone is talking about. The computer voice actually sings to animated graphics. Includes routines by master programmer Ken Gilliland Bert & Earnie. Maltilda & much much more. 2 disk sides, speech & 32 K req. Exbasic autoload.

#### #2. WHEEL OF FORTUNE, BLACKJACK & JOKER POKER

Three fantastic freeware programs on one disk. Professional quality and the best "wheel" game around at any price. Vanna would love it ! #3. DUMPIT

This disk helps you transfer many TI modules to disk. Recommended for users with some programming ability Ed/Assembler and 'widget' recommended.

#### #8. LOTTO PICKER

This program randomly generates numbers for use in the various. state lotto games and even runs 32 simulated lotto game. Easy to modify for block 6 etc. games. A great learning and fun disk.

#### **#9. MONA LISA PRINT OUT**

This disk prints out a near photoquality picture of that lady with the classic smile. We understand it was made by digitizing the original with a super powerful computer and converting the output to run on the TI-99 -A. Impresses everyone who sees it! Requires Epson printer compatibility.

#### #10. GOTHIC PRINT

#14. FIGURE STUDY (PG RATED) A collection of Playboy type centerfolds that can be printed out at your command. Use with any printer.

#### #15. STAR/EPSON PRINTER DEMO

This 2 sided disk contains a large collection of demo programs to put your Star Epson compatible printer through its paces. Learn what control codes can do! Lots of text and graphics examples. Second side has a great tutorial on printer graphics with examples!

#### #16. SIDEWAYS PRINTOUT

This program allows you to print out the material from your printer sideways - Great for spreadsheets, banners and large graphics. Second side contains some new enhancements for Multiplan not available on the TI upgrade.

#### #17. TI FORTH DEMO

A This demo disk was released by TI to show the power of Forth. Fantistic music and graphics. Ed/ Assem and 32% required!

#### #18. TI DIAGNOSTIC

This program loads into the Mini-Memory module and checks out your entire system. Much better than disk based diagnostics that cannot be used if a problem in the disk system is at fault. Complete documentation on second side. #19. TI WRITER/MULTIPLAN UPGRADE This disk released by TI adds real lower case to your TI Writer, speed to Multiplan and other enhancements. Easy to use., just substitute new files for old! Instructions included. #20. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE This self contained prize winning program loads and runs in Exbasic and has all the features found in a progessional accounting system. Complete with documentation and a second disk side with report generating programs.

#### #4. PRINTART

Two disk sides filled with files that print out great quality pictures on most printers. Many famous TV and comic characters on this disk. "Beam me up Scotty." #5 ORIGINAL TI SALES DEMO DISK WITH TI-TREK GAME

This disk is packed full of assorted files of all types. Graphics, speech etc. Contains complete TI-TREK game for Speech Editor or TE-II module.

#5A. TI MUSIC/GRAPHICS

A great collection of music and matching graphics. Great examples of music a sprite programming.

**#**6. EXBASIC MUSIC

A two disk side collection of music & graphics that we consider some of the best.

#7. SPACE SHUTTLE MUSIC/GRAPHICS One of the real outstanding examples of programming. This disk has it all. Great graphics, music, and continuity. A real salute to the space program. It is almost like watching a movie!

This disk lets you type out a phrase on the screen and then print it out in gothic (Old English) style. Looks like hand-lettered calligraphy. Use for invitations, announcements and business cards. #11. ANIMATED CHRISTMAS CARD "WOODSTOCK"

This disk was actually originally sent to TEX-COMP as a greeting from master programmer Ray Kazmer. It was just too good not to share! One of the best examples of computer. animation and graphics you will see on any computer!

#12. TI-99 OLOPY

This great piece of programming actually simulates and plays the famous board game. For legal reasons we cannot name the game but ido not pass Gol but go directly to Jari

#13. STRIP POKER (PG RATED)

Play Poler against your TI-99/4A. When you win a hand she loses--a piece of her clothes that is. Don't worry about being a lousy poker player. Another file is included where you don't even have to know an ace from a king,

#21. DATA BASE DEMO DISK

A progessional data base program that was originally written to store various magazine articles from computer magazines and then find them by name, subject, key word, or publication. Fast, easy to use and easy to adapt for other applications. Come complete with sample data to make learning data base processing easy. Completely menu driven and unprotected.



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#### #22. ASTROLOGY

This one is as good as anything you will see in an arcade. Great color graphics and displays of the Zodiac. Enter your birthdate and learn about your sign, your lucky days and famous events in history on your birthday. Even prints out a report. Can be used as a great moneymaker at a charity event. Help suide your spouse's career.

#### #30. HOUSEHOLD BUDGET PRINTOUT

With this disk you print out the data you have stored with the TI HBM Module. HBM is a great module that can be used for many home and small business applications but TI forgot to include a printout function. This program comes with full instructions and we are sure that your HBM Module will now start being used. Fantastic programming job.



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#39. GREAT 99/4A GAMES VOL. 11
Still mote of the great ones from
all over the world. The quality.
eraphics and steed of dany of these
games will dake you wonder why they
were never receased commercially.
#40. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
This disk contains the famouse

contuter program [EDuca] where you type in a question or a problem you are bacing and [EDuca] helps you find the solution. Also contains are of the fetter tic-rhythm programs so you can inalyze all your emotional problems at one sitting.

#### #23. WILL WRITER

Enter your answers to a group of computer asked questions and this program then writes you a last will and testament. Now you can leave your TI-99/4A to your favorite nephew. Works with any printer. Appears legal in all states but better check that out! #24. ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS A two sided computer handbood of dozens of the most often used engineering and technical formulas. A real time saver. Does conversions, calculations and even designs electrical circuits. A must for anyone whose profession or hobby involves scientific calculations. Even has medical and communications applications. #25. MEDICAL ALERT

This disk contains many menu accessible files covering rost everyday medical emergencies. A good "what to do until the foctor or paramedic comes" guide! Well written and organized. Could very easily save a life!

#### #26. R RATED GAME

It was bound to happen. A talented (but demented) programmmer in Germany wrote an Invaders type game but with most unusual guns and targets. Definitely not what you would find at your neighborhood areade. Not only a great party game but some great programming. You must be over 18 to order this one!! #27. KIDS LEARNING An educator in Georgia put this two sided disk collection of educational programs together. Contains great material. Math. geography, reading improvement, and even ly testing. All high quality programs for kids of all ages. **#28.** LOADERS AND CATALOGERS We put together a collection of the best programs that catalog and load a group of programs on a disk. Just try them, block the one you like and transfer it to another disk with the file name LHAD and you are in business.

#### #31. MORSE CODE TRAINER DISK

This disk has everything you need to learn and practice Morse Code for the various ECC license exams. It also is great for scout groups and school "ham" clubs for group training and merit badge qualification. Professional quality.

#### #32. EXBASIC XMAS MUSIC

Two disk sides full at high quality xmas music that can be played throughout the boliday season and then used as a learning tool since it contains wonderful arrangements and graphics. Autol Gaing and Denudriven.

#### #33. CHECKERS & BACKGAMMON

A collection of great theokers and backgammon games for the TI-99 4A. These are professional in quality and will keep you busy for hours. #34. SOLITAIRE & SCRABBLE

Another collection of classic games for the TI-99 GAL Exbasic G BLK requ **#35.** PROGRAMMING AIDS & UTILITIES I A collection of some unusual programs of interest to programmers. The program shows a group of opening title distlays. another is a cross reference program as good as any of the commercial ones, plus a great fish management utility.

#### #41. VIDEO GRAPHS MODULE BACKUP DISK

This lisk is a backup of the tist stimuld Video Graphs Module from FL. For legal reasons, it can only be curchased for backup use by owners of the original module. Do not order TN ESS you have the optional rodule and intend to use this disk only for backup purcoses. Extest actioned in

#### #42. FUNNELWEB FARM UTILITY

You beard about this one now direct in a Austrillians the latest version of this fantastic utility that buts econything at your cornand. From one program you can access word processing. editor assembler, telecommunications and just about everything else. A freeware program complete with documentation on a second disk side.

#43. BEST OF BRITAIN, VOL I Now for the first time, a collection of the best 99:4A games

#### #29. LABEL MAKER I

Two great programs for making custom labels for disks, addresses video tapes or any other application. Even contains a graphic display of the TI-99'4A console. Now you can create custom labels of any number by just typing in the lines as you want them. Uses standard tractor labels.

#### #36. STRICTLY BUSINESS

A collection of various programs for evaluating loans, calculating interest, and other financial items such as return on investment and security performance. Two disk sides filled with financial and business related programs.

#### #37. LAPD COOKBOOK

This unofficial police concluses was put together by one of our boys in blue who is also a gourmet thef. (Yes, it contains (ailhouse chili) Over 50 great receipes from soup to nuts on two disk sides and each. separate side can be called up on screen or printer in exbasic from 4 menu. As good as any of the new Br computer conklooks we have seen #38. GREAT 99/4A GAMES VOL. I A collection of professional games in assembly and exhaust that all load from a menu in exbasize Includes a great ski gare where you dodge the trees in a fast dewnhile run. We have included only the fest Britain bas to offer including the famous "Billy Ball" series of arcade games. Great graphics, action and excitement.

#44. LABEL MAKER I GRAPHICS A lisk filled with graphics for the Label Maker 1 disk (#29). Dozens of great graphics for nustor labels! #45. BEST OF BRITAIN, VOL 11 This disk contains an outstanding B-D graphics adventure game for the T1-99 4A. Carfax Anbey lets you actually move through a four story tansion undere with bats and variates. You actually are placed in wath more and galup and down starts and through secret banels. Legend of Zelda - look out! #46. SUPER TRIVIA 99

A great trivia game for 1 to 4 players with great questions and cately lity to add your own and print out the files. This one is a real shallenge

#### #47. INFOCOM RAPID LOADER

In you have Intributeares this is for you - loads all TL Infocom games in only 25 seconds and permits new screen colors and improved text display - Comes with all de chentation on disk.

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•• Public Domain and Shareware for the Texas Instruments TI-99/4A Computer. RUTHCIRIAED SIDES

#### #48. GHOSTMAN (from England) This Faction Munchman type game

starts at a slow pace and slowly speeds up to a break-neck pace. A totally new experience.

#### #49. DEMON DESTROYER (from France) This great assembly game starts where Invaders leaves off. Add features like descending aliens and closing walls. Hours of great arcade action.

#### #58. PR BASE

The alltime most popular and widely used data base program for the TI-99 4A. A freeware program that is widely supported and updated. #59. GRAPH MAKER

A collection of the best programs for producing graphs and charts from your data. Exbasic and printer. #60. FREDDY

A fantastic game where you guide the hero through underground passages filled with canger. Nintendo quality, great graphics and fast action. One of the best we have ever seen!!!

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#### #71. KIDS LEARNING II

Two more disk sides loaded with the best in educational programs. Kids improve their math, spelling and comprehension skills while having fun. **#**72. CERBERUS

Fantastic space game from Germany. Pilot your ship through narrow and crooked channels in space without colliding. Great graphics and music. #73. CRYPTO (gram) One of the best word games we have seen for any computer. Set up like a TV game show with great screen displays. #74. LABEL MAKER II Make labels for holidays and special events. You compose the text and select the resident graphics for the occasion.

#50. OH MUMMY (from Germany) Move through the chambers of a Pyramid in search of hidden treasure. Fantastic graphics and

great entertainment

#51. BERLIN WALL (from Canada) This game requires a mine field to be crossed before escaping from E. Berlin. Good graphics and a real challenge.

#52. ANIMATION 99 (from Germany) THIS IS THE ONE!!! A demo disk filled with computer

animation routines like you have never seen before on any computer. See famous cartoon figures move with more realism that on Sat. morning TV. This disk received a standing ovation when previewed at a local users group. We have even included instructions how to do it yourself on the second disk side. This one is a show stopper!!!

#53. HACKER/CRACKER

A collection of disk copying programs that copy TI disks by tracks. If one of these can't copy a protected disk nothing will. We included a collection of the very best ones including both TI and CorComp compatible. These programs require 2 disk drives and 32K of

#### #61. THE MINE

A fast action game from FLR.C. that , will keep you going for hours. Many screens and skills required.

#62. DISK MANAGER II MODULE BACKUP The complete TI Disk Manager II on Disk. For legal reasons it is only available to owners of the original module for backup use.

#### #63. ASTROBLITZ/MAZOG

A pair of great games that continue where Parsec and Munchman leave off. Imagine Parsec with enemy space craft coming from in front and in back of your ship!!! #64. MAJOR TOM/SPACE STATION PHETA A pair of great space games. These two are going to keep you in front of the 99 4A for hours. Great!

#### #65. PERFECT PUSH

An all new space game where you assemble and launch a rocket ship in outer space while avoiding a space monster. This one is professional in very way ...graphics, speed and action!!!

#### #66. HEBREW TYPEWRITER

#### #75. DISK CATALOGER

Now you can organize your disk files. with this great utility. Files, sorts, and prints your records. Easy to use. #76. PROGRAMMING AIDS AND UTILITIES II A collection of very useful material. Includes a program to convert basic to exbasic so your old basic programs will load & run in exbasic, even with graphics. Also includes two on screen diagnostic programs to test your keyboard and processor. A great merge utility is also on this disk. #77. MICROdex 99

A database program by Bill Gaskill which files and retrieves data such as magazine articles. A sample database is included. #78. ARTCON+ BY RAY KAZMER

ATTENTION GRAPHX AND TI ARTIST USERS!!! This program lets you convert Exbasic graphics to TI Artist and Graphy pictures. Also contains a new MAC-RLE (2) for converting from Artist to Graphy. **#**79. DM1000 V3.5

One of the most popular disk managers

memory.

#### #54. ASTRONOMY

This program from Australia plots the heavens and teaches you about the solar system. A great learning and reference tool. Exbasic and 32K required. Don't confuse this one with our Astrology demo. They are not the same...ask Nancy!

#### #55. SCREEN DUMP

This program allows you to dump disk and even module programs to a Star Epson compatible printer. Comes with easy to follow plans to Build a load interrupt switch which is needed to dump module programs. This dump program by Danny Michael is considered the best of the hundt! Complete with documentation.

#### **#**56. SPREAD SHEET

-9K, it's not Multiplan but it works great and handles many spread sheet applications. A great way to learn to use spread sheet software. Comes with full instructions and

#### documentation.

#### **#**57. **TELCO**

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Considered one of the best data communications programs for the TI-99/4A. Complete with documentation.

This program converts your TI-99 -A keyboard into a typewriter that displays Hebrew letters on the screen. Can also be printed when used in conjunction with screen dump program (included). Great for religious training or making your copy of the dead sea scrolls or ten commandments!

#### #67. GENEALOGY

Now you can set up your family tree and store or print out the records. Great for keeping track of family relationships and records. #68. CHESS

The original computer chess game Sargon has been reprogrammed for the TI-99 4A. Now play chess with your computer. Documentation included. Exbasic autoload. #69. COMPUTER PLAYER PIANO/KEY-BOARD CHORD ANALYSIS

A unique music program which displays a piano on the screen and actually plays your selections #70. TI RUNNER II

The very latest (and test) "runner" game based on TI Runner and Star Runner. Great action, graphics and entertainment

for the TI-99-4A. Uniginally a rip-off of the CorComp manager, it has been improved and refined by talented users all over the world. This version is deemed the most reliable to date and is far advanced over the T1 Disk Manager II. Distributed by permission from CorComp.

#### #80. BIRDWELL DISK UTILITY

A must if you are junto programming and software development. Besides being a great disk manager, it has provision for copying sectors, comparing files and is menu driven. Complete with documentation.

#### #81. HOME ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

A complete family & small business accounting system including a checkbook manager, hudget analysis, mailing list and an inventory program. Complete with documentation. Easy to modify for specific needs. #82. CROSSWORD PUZZLES

This program from Australia creates a different puzzle each time you run it. Self contained with definitions and vocabulary taken from a leading crossword dictionary. Great crossword fun.

#### #83. HOME APPLICATION PROGRAMS

A two disk side collection of useful programs for the home. Includes banking, ucoking, home bar guide, utility records, and much much more. Something for everyone.





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Texas Instruments TI-99/4A Computer.

#### #84. GALACTIC BATTLE/SPY ADVENTURE

A pair of great commercial quality games from EB Software of TI Runner fame. Galactic Battle is a space "trek" type strategy game for one or more players. Spy Adventure is an adventure game that will keep you guessing for hours.

#### #85. AUTOBOOT UTILITY

This utility which can be installed on a disk loads and runs or displays most files. Now you can have a disk with exbasic programs, Editor Assembler programs and TI Writer files and run or display them all from exbasic. #86. COLUMN TEXT III V3.2 A very useful utility for printing TI Writer and 99 Writer II files in separate spaced columns. Saves hours in producing a newsletter. Complete with documentation.

#### **#96.** STATISTICS & SORTING

Two great assembly utilities by John Clulow. STAT is a set of statistic routines for use in exbasic. SORT allows sorting by two separate fields and a choice of two types of sorts.

#### **#97. MEMORY MANIPULATOR**

RUTHORNED SPLES

This powerful utility lets you explore the entire memory in your 99'4A system and take apart what

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#### #110. DISK + AID

A powerful disk sector editor formerly sold for \$20. Menu Driven and easy to use. #111. POP MUSIC & GRAPHICS This exciting disk from Germany features music/graphics written in 100% assembly and what comes from the TI sound chip is sure to astound you. #112. INVOICE PACK An excellent invoice preparation and printing program with instructions on how to modify it for your own business. #113. LABEL MAKER 3 A collection of label programs to create mailing and disk envelopes. disk labels and much more! #114. PANORAMA A drawing and illustration program that compliments Graphx and TI Artist. A must for the serious 99 4A artist! #115. GRAPHICS DESIGN SYSTEM A complete system for creating graphic screens in full color for your programs by J. Peter Hoddie. Fully documented. #116. FOURTH TUTORIAL A lesson in FORTH programming on how to create graphics. #11/. UNIVERSAL DISASSEMBLER This powerful utility written in Forth allows disassembly of programs off disk in any format, in memory, and even off of P-Box cards. Very complete with some very unique features. #118. FAST TERM One of the most popular and recommended of the 99'4A terminal emulator programs. Supports [E-11, ASC11, and X-Modem transfers, print spooling and more.

#87. ARCHIVER III

This utility allows you to "pack" or combine several files into one for space utilization. A number of boards are sending files packed to save transmission costs. This utility will let you pack and/or unpack these files.

#88. AUSSIE GAMES VOL 1

A collection of games from our friends down under. Includes a great card game and board game. Hours of fun and entertainment. Includes Matchmaker & THO. #89. PROCALC

This is an on screen calculator for decimal/hexidecimal conversions and much more. A must for the serious programmer.

90. JET CHECKBOOK MANAGER

This checkbook manager is considered the ultimate with every feature you can think of for keeping track of your checking account and keeping records of your spending for budget and tax purposes. Complete with documentation. **#91**. "THE MAZE OF GROG"(St. Valentine) Rav Kazmer has created a great maze game with fantastic graphics and the characters from his now legendary "Woodstock" disk. Fun for all!!!

you find. User friendly! **#98.** DAYS OF EDEN & DOORS OF EDEN Two bible games )non-fiction) that work with the TI Adventure Module. #99. GREAT 99/4A GAMES VOL. IV This disk features the works of J. Peter Hoddie. All of these games are of commercial qualaity and well worth the donation requested! #100. ASSULT THE CITY (T. of DOOM) An exciting game for use with the Tunnels of Doom module. Several Exbasic bonus games are included #101. ENCHANCED DISPLAY PACKAGE This screen enhancement utility lets you do 40 columns, windowing, reverse scrolling, clock/alarm, and a whole host of other great tricks in exbasic. Fully documented. #102. COLOSSAL CAVES ADVENTURE This classic adventure now available for the 99-4A is what led to the Zork series. Hours of text adventuring. #103. SORGAN, THE 99/4A ORGAN This program which is currently selling for big bucks on module turns your 99/4A into an electronic organ. Sound effects, different instruments and voices. chord forms, color graphics with complete control of all.

#104. C99 COMPILER AND LIBRARY This two-sided (flippy) disk gets you into ( programming with your 99/4A. Comes with a great collection of utilities such as text  $\alpha$ graphics. (E/A) #105. KING'S CASTLE+ A great arcade style assembly game formerly offered on module. Also includes an EB "Trek" game and a collection of sprite & graphics from Tigercub's Jim Peterson. #106. QUEST (Dungeons & Dragons) One of the best D&D games around! You must destroy the Dark Lord to free your homeland! Complete with documentation on disk.

Loads from Exbasic or E/A.

#### #119. RAG LINKER

A utility for converting DIS/FIX 80 assembly object code files to PROGRAM . image. This allows files to load faster and take up less space on disk. Full Doc

**#92. HOUSEHOLD INVENTORY** 

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Written by 99/4 programming great Charles Ebninger, this prize winner originally sold for \$59,95. Keeps track of household, business or personal items by category and provides automatic updating for inflation etc. A must for tax and insurance records! #93. THE 1991 KBGB GIRLIE CALENDAR

This latest offering from programming master Ken Gilliland prints out a jumbo 12 month calendar with a knockout centerfold pinup for each month. If you like our #14 Figure Study disk, you will flip over this one. For Adults Only!! Exbasic & d/m printer. **#94.** GREAT 99/4A GAMES VOL. 111 If you have seen vols. 1 & 2 of this series you know we only provide the very best. This latest volumn is also filled with a collection of great ones! **#95.** WEATHER FORECASTER

The weather predictions are amazingly reliable and accurate! A great game "Lawnmower" and a mini database are also included to make this disk a

#107. STAR TREK MUSIC ALBUM Ken Gilliand's music and graphics

version of the TV theme and the three motion pictures. (Exbasic) #108. FUNLPLUS BY JACK SUCHRUE

Fantastic disk packed with Funnelweb (#42) templates, utilities and prog. to augment and configure Funnelweb. Unbeliveable collection of fantastic aids to make the best even better! #109. TI-WRITER MINI MANUAL

This disk prints out a five page TI Writer manual with everything you need to know to use TI Writer or the many clones such as 99Writer II. Additional aids for using this

#### #120. B1TMAC

The original BITMAC is now available at \$4,95 with all original documentation. A powerful graphics program for the 4A which lets you print where you want ... even over preexisting text. Create great graphics in 16 colors, print text sideways, mirror image, upside down etc. etc. A must for anyone into 99/4A graphics. Comes with second bonus disk with utilities such as sign & banner makers. Even can computer generate your own signature!

#121. SUPER YAHTZEE & WHEEL II If you like Yahtzee this disk is for you. A great version written in high speed assembly. Also included is another version of Wheel of Fortune which also lets you create your own puzzles with a puzzle edit program included.

#### #122. ADULT ADVENTURE

A trily adult adventure for use with the TI Adventure Module. Also included is a bonus adventure (not adult) "LOST GOLD" which is one of the better ones we have seen recently.

powerful word processor are included.

fantastic value



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#123. GREAT 99/4A GAMES, VOL V

THE FIFTH IN OUR BEST SELLING GAME COLLECTION SERIES. TWO DISK SIDES PACKED WITH THE BEST! #124. GREAT 99/4A GAMES, VOL VI TWO MORE DISK SIDES FILLED WITH THE THE BEST GAMES AVAILABLE. #125. BLACKJACK & POKER #125. BLACKJACK & POKER A DISK BACKUP FOR MODULE OWNERS. #126. VIDEO CHESS A DISK BACKUP FOR OWNERS OF THE ORIGINAL MODULE. LOADS IN ESBASIC! #127. PIX-GRAPHICS UTILITY THIS IS THE FREEWARE VERSION OF JIM REISS' UTILITY THAT CAN DISPLAY TI-ARTIST, GRAPHX AND RLE GRAPHICS AND CONVERT FORMATS. #128. TETRIS--THE SOVIET MIND GAME! THIS INTERNATIONAL HIT IS NON FOR THE 99/4A, EXBASIC AUTOLOAD AND #129. CASH DRAWER A COMPUTERIZED CASH REGISTER PROGRAM THAT PRINTS RECEIPTS, COMPUTES DAILY TOIALS AND EVEN FIGURES SALES TAX. #130. THE ORGANIZER THE ORIGINAL ORGANIZER PROGRAM WHICH LETS YOU ORGANIZE, SCHEDULE AND ARRANGE BUSINESS AND PERSONAL ACTIVITIES! #131. COMPUTER CRAPS THE BEST CASINO CRAPS GAME AVAILABLE FOR THE 4A. COMES WITH FULL DOCUMENTATION. #132. AMBULANCE A DISK BACKUP OF THE ARCADE MODULE BY FUNWARE, LOADS IN EXBASIC! #133. DRIVING DEMON A DISK BACKUP OF THE ARCADE MODULE BY FUNWARE, LOADS IN EXBASIC! #134. ROTO-RAIDER A DISK BACKUP OF THIS HIT MODULE BY ROMOX, LOADS IN EXBASIC, **#135. ARCTURUS** A DISK BACKUP OF THE HIT SUNWARE ARCADE MODULE. TI'S ANSWER TO ZAXXON! ATTENTION!!! JUNGLE HU ATARISOFT OWNERS! PAC MAN JUNGLE HUNT POLE POSITION NOW GET DISK BACKUPS OF CENTIPEDE. ALL YOUR MODULES FOR ONLY Ms. PAC MAN' DIG DUG \$4.95 EACH.EXBASIC AUTOLOAD! VISA **AMERICA'S NUMBER ONE** 

#136. ANT-EATER A DISK BACKUP OF THIS HIT ROMOX MODULE #137. CROSSFIRE A DISK BACKUP FOR OWNERS OF THE ORIGINAL TI ACTION MODULE FROM SIERRA ON-LINE. #138. FIREHOUSE COOKBOOK A TWO DISK SIDE COLLECTION OF THE BEST FIREHOUSE RECEIPES. FOR ANY BIG GROUP! #139. MOONMINE A DISK BACKUP FOR OWNERS OF THE MODULE #140. MASH A DISK BACKUP FOR OWNERS OF THE ORIGINAL #141. MOONSWEEPER A DISK BACKUP FOR OWNERS OF THE ORIGINAL #142. TOUCH TYPING TUTOR #143. CONGO BONGO A\_DISK\_BACKUP\_FOR OWNERS OF THE ORIGINAL #144. STAR TREK A DISK BACKUP FOR OWNERS OF THE ORIGINAL #145. BUCK ROGERS A DISK BACKUP FOR OWNERS OF THE ORIGINAL #146. THE PRESIDENTS A TI FIRST! THE BIOGRAPHIES OF EVERY U.S. PRESIDENT ON TWO DISK SIDES. GREAT FOR SCHOOL, TRIVIA AND HISTORY BUFFS, #147. CALENDAR-NOTEPAD THE BEST "CALENDAR MAKER" PROGRAM WE HAVE SEEN, KEEP TRACK OF APPOINTMENTS, SPECIAL OCCASIONS AND PRINT OUT ANY MONTH. INCLUDES A GREAT CALENDAR UTILITY FOR ANY DAY/DATE IN THE FUTURE! #148. KENO & SLOTS TWO TOP RATED GAMES BY BOB GASTONI. THE VERY BEST AND REALISTIC KENO GAME WE HAVE SEEN. JUST LIKE VEGAS! #149. GREAT 99/4A GAMES VOL. VII FEATURES "BLOCKBUSTER" THE ULTIMATE MULTI-LEVEL BREAKOUT GAME PROGRAMMEDIN (. #150. ULTIMATE TRIVIA A COLLECTION OF SEVEN INFORMATIVE AND THINKING TYPE TRIVIA GAMES-THE BEST!! DONKEY KONG PROTECTOR 11 DEFENDER SHAMUS' PICNIC PARINOIA MOON PATROL \$4.95 each

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-UINE CONT

#### **TI COMPUTER RETAILER** P.O. Box 33084, Granada Hills, CA 91344

### MAKSIMIK—

(Continued from Page 19) Cates messages to the keyboard to tell it to turn on/off notes, to change instrument selections, rhythms, etc. — essentially anything that could be done by pressing the buttons on the keyboard to do that. Your TI will automatically do that in timed fashion, to give great musical performance.

The software specs currently are as follows:

• 16 monophonic channels available for 16 poly system

form — digitized or otherwise. MIDI simply allows you to turn on and off notes, and interface to the system easily. You don't have to know anything about music or audio to use MIDI. Just plug it into your keyboard and go. If your keyboard has stereo jacks, then plug them into your home stereo system or a mixing console and recording system — whatever you like. *I mean in the sense of serial bps rate communication bandwidth.* 

The serial rate is fixed at 31,250. That is MIDI 1.0 standard. You don't have to increase communication bandwidth to get Those keyboards that accept one-key chords — does MIDI handle that?

Yes, as long as you know the message to activate the chord. Some keyboards (like Yamaha DX7) can be programmed via MIDI to recognize a MIDI macro instruction to activate the pre-programmed steps — like multiple notes, chords, etc. But normally, as on my Casio MT240, you must tell the keyboard to play the notes individually, although they may be turned on all at once. So you can effectively do what the keyboard is built to do with a little tone recognition (by your ear) and a little programming!

- Embedded program change
- Selective track record/play
- Dynamic program patching
- Save/load in program image format

• A music compiler that will quickly compile music "source" code into internal tokenized format, to be later saved in program image format

The compiler works flawlessly, and the major functions of the software are complete. We have decided to add a program image file loader for assembly programs, plus a menu-level enhancement loader for future expansion. In addition, you can cusomize the system for loading from DSK.MIDI. (volume type loading) and also screen color, delay speed, and printer port. Planned utilities include type 0 file to Cakewalk file conversion, a separate Cakewalk compiler, and music print utilities. (Cakewalk is a file-type used on PC) music programs.—Ed.) The program can easily be linked to your assembly language programs because the cartridge provides most of the features of the Editor/Assembler loader and can be branched in and out of for a MIDI-level music programming shell — similar to the way a program could branch directly back to FDOS without resetting the system — requires only sectorediting of your favorite programs, like DiskU, or Telco, or Archiver. All can be interfaced with this software, so that it becomes an integral part of your development system.

I believe that only the serious computer user would be interested in MIDI. It isn't a toy, nor is it just an interesting thing to have. It is serious, professional sequencing software.

stereo. Your keyboard's sound generators produce the stereo output through its speakers. MIDI is simply a standard, like RS232, and it is non-varying throughout the industry. That is the purpose of MIDL. to provide a connecting link between drum machines, keyboards, and personal computers. Will MIDI files from other computers work with your MIDI system? I know you used some IBM MIDI files in your Chicago demo last year. Is there a file-type standard? Yes, IBM MIDI files will work. They need conversion, though. The standard we defined as type 0 is the memory efficient. non-IBM-compatible style - only two bytes per note to represent the note and timer value. Cakewalk files (and others) use a 5- and 6-byte per note format which significantly cuts down the size of files to be used with the TL but you can halve your music and have a chain of music files on a RAMdisk, for example, and can quickly load and play them. Cakewalk is known as a type 1 file, and I am working on the type 1 compiler for the TI and Geneve as a final project to finish the MIDI system.

Still fumbling with stereo — can you allocate two mono channels to the same device (to get stereo)?

You mean to get polyphonic? I am not talking monaural when I say mono, but "one note per channel." You have 16 channels available, and all of them can have one active note each, for a total of 16 notes at once. And the 16 notes can be further divided among the instruments of your choice, such as channels 1-5 on piano, channel 6 on bass, channel 7-11 on percussion, channel 12 on saxophone, and channels 13-16 on brass ensemble. So you can get 16-note

Does stereo double the bandwidth re-

chords.

You can even assign the channels to MIDI channels to transmit to many different keyboards or drum machines using a MIDI through box — but I meant monophonic, not monaural! Certainly MIDI does not restrict you to one note per channel. You can have many notes per channel — an infinite number.

But to implement this on the TI would require a little modification. I still could do it, if I have the idea to. A small bit would be set to indicate a string of notes to be turned on at once, within a channel, and later, all off. At their respective timer expirations....

Well, you've got my brain rolling again! I just may change the specification to allow that. I can do it with 3 bytes per note, and I can probably add a few more features. Thank you for the inspiration! It won't take long for that to happen either! *Are Commodore 64 files available as type 1*? (See Page 26)

quirement?

There is no bandwidth on MIDI, only serial data transfer. Bandwidth is only a function of your particular keyboard, but it is not a defined concept in MIDI. Remember, MIDI is only a system for transporting messages, not music in any

### MAKSIMIK----

#### (Continued from Page 25)

Well, I haven't looked at them, but I should locate some. I am willing to convert any type of MIDI file from any machine'— even use the new standard MIDI for the Atari/Amiga.

You want complex music, MIDI gives you a level of professional studio production — the better your keyboard (Casio, Yamaha, Kurzweil, etc.), the better your sound! I want to get a Yamaha DX7 synthesizer and use it for future music develory you have, the more music you can store. But in perspective, the 24K portion of the TI used to store music will provide plenty of versatility — about 12,000 notes worth! Most songs use less than 3,000 notes, some concertos use close to 10,000. An overture like "Poet and Peasant" can be split into three sections or movements, where a slight pause is natural — and the system can automatically load the next movement from disk

cartridge RAMdisk, but I don't know wh that would do to the price of the system. can custom-write the software for unusal system combinations (if you wanted to modify the MIDI cartridge). It's only an 8K EPROM, you know. That will be arranged through Asgard, but I can do requests, after the MIDI master cartridge is out. Remember, I am only doing the software. I don't have cartridges, and I only have one EPROMmer. Chris is doing the cartridges and the cables, and he must ultimately decide what to do. Remember, even cassette users have possibilities, like the 32K/RS232 standalone by Multicom. It would be ideal for cassette, but I would still strive for the disk standard. 8K RAM is in the cart, also, isn't it? "I thought you said 16K awhile back.? I believe that only the serious computer user would be interested in MIDI. It isn't a toy, nor is it just an interesting thing to have. It is serious, professional sequencing software. 8K cartridge, plus 8K lower memory expansion bank. That is what I am using to hold the program. Upper 24K is used for music storage, and VDP RAM is used for buffers. So that is 16K total program

opment. My Casio MT240 allows 10-note polyphonic with up to 4 instruments at once, and it has a beautiful sound.

I use the software to assign TI channels 1-6 to play on MIDI channel 1 for a sixnote poly activation. But I think I have a brainstorm idea to change that and use only one channel to assign an infinite number of notes (polyphonically) for amazing chords and intonation.

The rumor I heard around town was the MIDI for the TI would not be as great as first thought, and would be limited due to the 4A speed and memory.

Well, it is greater than first thought, but Chris Bobbitt was reading on "standard" MIDI sequencers and made the specifications known before I could even create them. He has further clarified his knowledge of what our sequencer will do, and we have made adjustments for the TI's speed and memory. For example, I thought I was unable to do much about the 8K program size constraint, but we put it in a cartridge, and now I have 16K to exploit. This allows me much more flexibility than I had, and allows even greater expansion than what I thought it would be. I never realized the MIDI project would get this big, but we are not in the process of cutting down anything. I am adding new things all the time, and I am exploiting fully all of the TI's abilities. We still have something to talk about on a cassette-based system. That is probably the rumor, in that a cassette system would restrict the MIDI functions, but would still allow music editing, patching, and recording. My system requires disk, 32K, RS232 and the MIDI software. System enhancements only provide further versatility. Is that limit cassette I/O or memory? Cassette I/O. Naturally, the more mem... the new version (of FDOS) is conceptualized as a graphic interface, reminiscent of GEOS for the Commodore. I am researching the steps necessary to do this for the TI, and Asgard Mouse compatibililty, but it is all on the drawing board now (for GDOS 5.0).

So a console with 32K on-board plus cassette wouldn't be too bad?

Not really. You could have loading and saving to cassette of music (in program image format) and scanning the MIDI port for keypresses and recording music. You would not be able to use the compiler though. It uses D/V80 files, which are illegal on cassette. But you don't have to compile every time — just once — and then save the music in program format. CS1 access requires GPLLNK, so I will have to write my own.

RAMdisks are used just as that, a RAMdisk, and they provide instant loading and saving of music files, for nearly uninterrupted music. A 256K RAMdisk with MIDI files on-board would probably provide playing for about 10 hours. You can page in the music files just as you usage, 24K data usage, 16K buffer and screen.

Okay, not using the 16K cartridge banking.

Right, Chris has an excess of 8K boards that he will be using conveniently for this project.

Which keyboards are currently supported in the software package?

All keyboards are supported which have the MIDI IN and MIDI OUT "DID" plugs — ALL Keyboards!

Would it be possible to put the MIDI software directly on an RS232 EPROM to have a dedicated MIDI system that can use the cartridge port for something else?

Well, if you substituted the EPROM value of 110 baud to the value for 31,250, you could have a dedicated MIDI system that could use TI's existing file system to access MIDI using the DSR, but it isn't fast enough for me! I prefer direct load of MIDI data instead of going through the DSR to do it. My code is much faster, and (See Page 27)

would from floppy.
If you could shoehorn a small RAMdisk
into your cartridge, the cassette system
would be pretty good. Or maybe a sideport cart would provide more options.
Well, that is up to Chris. I can support a

## MAKSIMIK----

#### (Continued from Page 26)

synchronous. The DSR cannot handle the timing of note on/off pairs so you must do that within your program. But MIDI DSR is possible, and probable. I never use 110 baud, and I would be willing to make the change — requires ripping out the ROM in the RS232 and substituting the ROM for an EPROM.

I meant throw out the RS232 DSR, and just put the cartridge EPROM on the RS232 card instead.

cassette (requires a separate loader, though, plus no hardware modifications and an un-permanent alteration to the RS232. A cassette user would not have the technical know-how to do such a project. It is possible, but I would not recommend the user do it. It would be better to leave the RS232 as it is, and use software by the present method of access that is provided, cartridge and disk, to fully access the system.

#### THE ASGARD MOUSE



The cartridge ROM could be adapted for the RS232 card, but then you wouldn't have access to that card for other uses such as modem or Asgard Mouse.



Okay, let's move to the Asgard Mouse and MDOS support. How is MDOS 1.15 coming along?

MDOS 1.15 is the planned Asgard Mouse support version. I am writing the patch driver to allow use of Asgard Mouse in MDOS. You use the Video XOP's to access the Asgard Mouse information, just as you do with Myarc Mouse. This is necessary for the Geneve if you choose to go 9958 video it does not allow a mouse on the video color bus. So you must use a mouse from somewhere else.

I have all of the necessary tools to do this, and it is the project after MIDI. I am using MDOS 1.14F, but I have a good source for the information from Myarc. There is c99 support for the mouse now, and I anticipate supporting the MDOS windows program (by Beery Miller), if it correctly accesses the video XOPS. This will be supplemental software for the purchasers of Asgard Mouse. It will interface to the Geneve in a remarkably similar way to the way it interfaces to the IBM clones using a patch device driver.

This package is a collection of not one but seven popular variations of Solitaire, including: Golf, Pyramid, Klondike, Canfield, Calculation, Pile Up and Corners. Each of these games can be played individually, or one after the other in a tournament where the score from one is passed onto the next. Fast game-play and well-defined graphics mean you'll never have to wait for the computer or try to figure out what your hand is. Keep high scores in the game and compete with yourself or your friends. Tournament Solitaire includes a lengthy manual along with game hints. By William Reiss. Extended BASIC, 32K and a disk system required.

### SUGGESTED BETAIL: \$14,95 & \$2.00 S& H

#### Mike Maksimik demonstrates his MIDI system at the 1990 Chicago TI Faire.(Photo courtesy of Gary Cox)

Put it at the second RS232 address. (I have 3 RS232's anyway.)

OK. Well, I am sure that 2 RS232 cards will soon be a common thing. MIDI allows selection of ports 1-4. All disk access would have to be located off-card. It would be designed similar to P-code card, and would take control upon powerup. (It wouldn't allow menu options on beige consoles!)

Those who have a cassette system and

#### FDOS AND GDOS FOR THE 99/4A

What are the features of FDOS? FDOS is a DOS-like environment. Version 2.0 is the current version, soon to be updated. It runs from a RAM device at >6000 to >7FFF and requires an E/A GROM in the cartridge port (a Super Space cartridge). It provides full parsing Asgard Software P.O. Box 10306 Rockville, MD 20849 (703)255-3085



standalone RS232, they could change the RS232 EPROM to a MIDI EPROM, and put in an 8K RAM cartridge. Makes for a cheap MIDI system.

I know of a better system, a standalone RS232 and a 64K RAM cartridge (like George Bowman's) with MIDI system on of command input and has a series of internally implemented DOS commands: CLS, VER, PRINT, TYPE, FORMAT, etc.

Commands can be external, and the

system supports a printer. It is easy to modify, and the current version of FDOS (See Page 28)



### MAKSIMIK----

(Continued from Page 27)

is public-domain. FDOS will execute D/F80 code, D/V80 batch files (autoexec type files) and program image files. The code is re-entrant and can provide a shell for programmers. Instead of executing a BLWP @>0000, substitute a B \*R11 or a BLWP @>6010 to branch directly back into FDOS. It can be expanded with memory devices and extended supercarts. It will probably be made into a ROM cartridge for the new version, and will be marketed by Asgard at a nominal price. Asgard has lots of EPROM cartridges, I have none. And the new version is concep-

tualized as a graphic interface, reminiscent of GEOS for the Commodore. I am researching the steps necessary to do this for the TI, and Asgard Mouse compatibilility, but it is all on the drawing board now (for GDOS 3.0).

Will the graphics interface mean dropping the external terminal capability? Probably. External terminals cannot support the TI's graphics system, but I want to explore the external terminal sys-

nal, and provides access to your disk sys tem remotely. I don't have a graphic terminal, just an 80-column display device (RS232), and it was a nice experiment in development. It still may have uses for that type of thing — certainly for the Geneve - but programs executing over the RS232 are up to you. It severely cuts your graphic and mouse capabilities and does not allow icons.

An 80-column terminal plus FDOS is a cheap way to get 80-columns! \$40-50 for a good terminal.

tem on a sublevel and still make it available as a "remote host" for your TI. A disk manager and terminal emulator that asks for passwords over a modem line or termi-

That is true, and that is what its intention was!

### MY-BASIC

## Using graphics routines in MY-BASIC

#### **By JIM UZZELL DDI SOFTWARE**

This month's article is for programmers. If you are not a programmer or you don't care about programming techniques then skip this article.

This article assumes you are using MY-BASIC 2.99A and MDOS .97H.

First, I am defining each pixel to have color 9, forget the 5 for background (necessary for proper syntax but it is not active). Second, I am starting at pixel-row 96 (12th row x 8 pixels per character), which is intended to be the same as row 12 in line 4 above, but look where it drew the line. What this means is, using POINT, DRAW, DRAWTO, RECTANGLE with PRINT, DISPLAY, or any statement that displays chars will have to be adjusted to match the chars, i.e. put a rectangle around a menu list. Now, look at first value of pixel col X, it is 17, but starts displaying at the same position as col 1 of line 4. This means that there are 480 pixels from the first column of the character in a display at (x,1) to the last column of a display at (x,80).

with blue (5) background.

Line 8 — Starts a loop to grab the color of each pixel of char A and put that value in a variable (see GCHAR Hi-Res mode for explanation of GPOINT).

Line 9 - Is the get point color routine. Line 10 - Displays the color values of char A from top to bottom, remember it is a 6x8 pattern. Look at the position of the 7's (the color of A in line 7) in column of numbers on the left of the screen.

Type in the program below and run it. What follows is an explanation of the program.

Line 1 — Put program in Hi-Res mode. Line 2 — Define that portion of the screen that is not accessable by Print or Display statements to color 4.

Line 3 — Define char 255. Note that I have used FC instead of FF to create a solid block. The reason for doing this is that in MODE 3,3, pattern size is a 6x8 grid. (See Appendix K page 251 of manual). I am also setting up the color of char 255 to be black on a blue background.

Line 4 — Use HCHAR to display char 255 80 times.

Line 5 — Dimension variable A for use in line 10.

00000	000000
00000	000000
00000	000000
o 1	80 o
00000	000000
00000	000000
00000	000000
о00000ТО.	.000000

Line 11 - This is to show that these variables are ASCII 4 and 7, not ASCII 52 (4) and ASCII 55 (7).(To see a list of ASCII 0-30 see page 146 of TI-Writer manual.)

Line 13 — This starts another loop which will use information in the variables of A(Z) to display a duplicate of A below the original A. It should be noted here that this A has NO character pattern.

Line 17 — Displays the values of Last Point Referenced command. I believe this command has a bug because it does not agree with last CALL POINT.

Line 19/20 — Displays the hex and bi-

Line 6 – Use CALL POINT to draw a line of pixels across the screen. It is important here to point out what is being done.

Line 7 - Define char A as red (7) withIt. green (4) background. Set up the display of anything else as white (16) chars

nary values of char A. If you compare the I's in binary string to the 7's in list on the (See Page 29)

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### MY-BASIC—

(Continued from Page 28) left they are in the same position. Line 21 — Shows the difference in using row in hchar(line 11) and pixel-row in call point. row=15 vs pixel-row=113 (not 15x8). The Default Charset in MY-BASIC uses the first column of each character as part of space separation between chars (look at how Char A is displayed on the black line). Line 22 — Resets default colors for

4 CALL HCHAR(12, 1, 255, 80)5 DIM A(64) 6 CALL DCOLOR(9,5) :: FOR X =17 TO 496 :: CALL POINT(1,96) (X) :: NEXT X 7 CALL TCOLOR(7, 4) :: DISPLA Y AT(12, 40) : "A"; :: CALL TCOLOR(16, 5)8 Z=1 :: FOR Y=1 TO 8 :: FORX=1 TO 6 9 CALL GPOINT(88+Y, X+250, A(Z) ))

)+250) 19 CALL CHARPAT(65, C) :: DI SPLAY AT(15,50): "PATTERN OF CHR A"; :: DISPLAY AT(16,50) : "HEX BINARY" 20 Y=0 :: FOR X=1 TO 16 STEP 2 :: READ D\$(Y) :: DISPLAY AT(17+Y,50):SEG\$(C\$,X,2);""; D\$(Y) :: Y=Y+1 :: NEXT X 21 FOR X=1 TO 60 :: CALL POI NT(1,113,250+X) :: NEXT X 22 CALL TCOLOR(16, 5)23 CALL KEY(0,K,S) :: DISPLA Y AT(5,33): "ANY KEY TO EXIT" :: IF S=0 THEN 23 24 END 25 DATA 00111000,01000100,01 000100,01111100,01000100,010 00100,01000100,00000000

foreground and background.

Those of you that would like to have other commands explained or demonstrated can write in your requests to MI-CROpendium.

#### FOR THE HACKERS

Here's one for you hackers — What are the parmeters for the commands Inp, Outp and Pset?

```
1 CLS :: CALL GRAPHICS(3,3)
2 CALL ECOLOR(4)
3 CALL TCOLOR(2,5) :: CALL C
HAR (255, "FCFCFCFCFCFCFCFCFC")
```

```
10 DISPLAY AT(14+Y, 27+X):STR
$(A(Z));
11 CALL HCHAR (14+Y, 39+X, A(Z))
12 Z=Z+1 :: NEXT X :: NEXT Y
13 Z=1 :: FOR Y=1 TO 8 :: FO
R X=1 TO 6
14 CALL DCOLOR(A(Z), 5)
15 CALL POINT(1, 100 + Y, X + 250)
16 Z=Z+1 :: NEXT X :: NEXT Y
17 CALL LPR(M,N) :: DISPLAY
AT(13,50): "LPR="; "ROW"; M; "CO
L";N;
18 DISPLAY AT(14, 50): "LAST C
ALL POINT"; ((Y-1)+100); ((X-1)
```

#### CHECKSUMS

0 1623 983 3321 1379 587 4100 3815 2135 1801 2157 1681 1703 2179 1314 1621 1707 3672 3544 4823 1058 4583 1654 3079 1196 4411 381 3847 TOTAL 64354







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## Notung Software releases new software catalog

Notung Software recently released its winter catalog of software. Featured in the catalog are:

• Star Trek the Next Generation Calendar by Ray Kazmer. The calendar uses digitized pictures. It included 12 full page files that are accessible through Asgard's Pix-Pro, JP Software's McFlix or McCann Software's TPA. The cost is \$10. • Certificate 99 Companion Plus, by Ken Gilliland. This disk includes 30 borders, 60 clipart images and 11 fonts. The files work with Certificate 99 by Great Lakes Software. The cost is \$7. • The Ring Companion, by Ken Gilliland. This two-disk package features artwork, music and literature about Richard Wagner's Der Ring des Nibelungen. The art is in the form of 14 TI-Artist files. The cost is \$8. • Son of the Disk of Dinosaurs, by Ken Gilliland. This is a "sequel" to Disk of Dinosaurs and includes 16 realistic graphics of dinosaurs ranging in size from one-eighth to one-third of a screen. Also included on the two-disk set are a background to place the dinosaurs on and an animated cartoon with 60 frames. Requires XBASIC and TI-Artist or similar program. The cost is \$12.

videotapes. There is room for entering the title, names of up to three actors, the director. producer, score composer, year made, length, whether it is color, colorized or black and white, where located on the tape, and a rating. Requires TI-Base and two disk drives (double-density recelectronic bulletin boards with TE2. XBA-SIC required.

• The Star Trek Album: Music and graphics from the first three movies and the original TV series.

• The South Pacific Soundtrack: music, graphics and singing from the musical. XBASIC and 32K required.

ommended). The cost is \$7 and updates are free.

• The Baba Brewery Beer Labels. This consists of 4 black and white bottle labels and 3 5-color bottle labels plus recipes on making your own home brew. Requires XBASIC and TI-Artist \_\_P compatible program. The cost is \$7.

• Fonts and Borders Volume 1. A companion package for use with TI-Artist. Includes 7 TI-Artist fonts and 15+ bor-der/design instances. The cost is \$7.

• Fonts and Borders Volume 2, by Ken Gilliland and Ray Kazmer. This package includes 6 large borders, a TI-Artist font called Bricks and an instance alphabet. The cost is \$7.

• Fonts and Borders Volume 3. Consists of two SSSD disks with new fonts and borders. The cost is \$8.

• The Patsy Cline Collection: Music graphics and singing from the country-western star's hits. XBASIC, 32K re-quired.

• The Music Man Album: Songs from the musical with animated graphics. XBA-SIC, 32K and speech synthesizer required.

• The Wizard of Oz Vocal Scores: Songs from the stage production with animation. XBASIC, 32K and speech synthesizer required.

• Richard Wagner's Greatest Hits, Volume One: Selections of the composer's music with graphics. XBASIC and 32K required.

• Richard Wagner's Der Ring Des Nibelungen: Music and art for each part of *Der Ring* (including *Ride of the Valkyries*). Requires XBASIC and 32K.

• Filmlib for TI-Base, by Ken Gilliland. This database for collectors of

• Also available are several fairware packages for \$5 each or 4 for \$16. They include:

• **TE2 Encoder**: allows drawing with a joystick and encodes the output for use on

John Birdwell dies at 41

John Birdwell died Dec. 27 in Wheaton, Illinois. He was 41. Birdwell died after a lengthy battle with cancer.

Funeral services were held Dec. 31 in Wheaton. Birdwell was employed by Rabbit, a computer company.

He is survived by his wife, Kathy; two daughters, Kelly and Kristen; his parents, Ralph and Helen Jonas; a brother, Michael Birdwell; and a sister, Jan Zajac.

Birdwell was a talented programmer whose best known program for the TI and Geneve is Disk Utilities, a full-featured disk manager/sector editor. Birdwell was also a key figure in updating Myarc's Disk Manager 5 software for the Myarc Hard & Floppy Disk Controller. Birdwell died before completing this project. Prior to his illness, Birdwell was a contributor to MICROpendium, including an ambitious assembly language tutorial that resulted in MICRO-WORD, a word processor. Birdwell was forced to discontinue his work on the series as a result of his illness. Birdwell was a member of the Chicago TI User's Group. He briefly attended the Chicago TI Faire held Nov. 2, 1990. • The 1991 KBGB Girlie Calendar: Realistic, "naughty" beauties. Don't purchase if nudify offends or under 16 years of age. Requires XBASIC and printer for output.

• 9640 Music: Music and graphics from MDOS by Ken Gilliland. Includes Mozart's *Eine Kleine Nachtmusik*. DSSD.

• Woodstock, the Maze of Grog and More: By Ray Kazmer, this disk includes Woodstock's Christmas Present and the Maze of Grog, a Valentine's Day game. XBASIC required.

 The Infocom Rapid Loader: Allows users to change the text color and rapidly load Infocom games. By Ray Kazmer. Requires XBASIC.
 Artcon+: Saves BASIC and XBA-SIC screens to TI-Artist and GRAPHX formats, including sprites.
 To order or for more information (some disks available only as DSSD or ARChived SSSD) contact Notung Software, 7647
 McGroarty St., Tujunga, CA 91042.

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The CTIUG's E.B.G. is a desk top publishing project which will include a cataloging of ALL of the commercially distributed graphics in the 4A/9640 community. The first volume, which received a "4 star rating" in the December 1990 edition of "MICROpendium Magazine," is a comprehensive compendium of ALL of the commercially distributed fonts which are available in the 4A/9640 community. Its 156 pages depict over 500 discrete fonts, and each is pictured in its entirety. A complete index allows the cross referencing and comparison of all fonts depicted. The pages are printed on single sides in order to facilitate the comparison of the various fonts. Volume #2 is a compendium of ALL of the TIPS ("TI Print Shop") graphics. TIPS is clearly the largest single source of graphics for the 4A and 9640 computers, and Volume #2 provides a handy reference to these graphics and, as does Volume #1, it facilitates the performance of desk top publishing and graphics operations.

The cost of each volume is \$10.00 (plus 53.00 for postage & handling). Please add an additional \$6.00 for each manual which is to be shipped overseas.

Other CTIUB publications available include the CTIUB's "Hardware Manual" and the "TI Writer Supplement" and companion disk. Both were given a "4 star rating" and "A" evaluations by "MICROpendium Magazine" reviewers. They are available for \$5.00 apiece (plus \$2.00 for postage & handling). Please add an additional \$4.00 for each manual which is to be shipped overseas.

Order both Volume #1 & Volume #2 of the CTIUB's E.O.O. for \$23.00 (postage paid), or purchase all 4 publications for the special low price of \$35.00 (postage paid),

Membership for one year in the CTIUG is \$21.00. This gives you 10 issues of "The Chicago Times," lifetime access to our bbs, access to our extensive library, and free admission to our yearly Chicago International TI Faire.

Send all orders to: \$7336, P.O. Sox 578341, Chicage, 41 60657. For more infomation,



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### **Mission Destruct**

# More than a simple shoot-em-up

By Stephen S. Bagstad

Mission Destruct is a simple looking, mindless shoot-em-up just like a hundred others, right?

That was my first impression of this game, which has proven to be somewhat addictive despite a few minor problems. The program gets off to a bad start with a plain title screen announcing its title as "Mission Distruct" (sic)! It then launches into the instructions, including "Wepons Fire" (sic). Other misspellings noted include "gravite" for gravity, "comming" for coming, and "enimy" for enemy. Perhaps these were included for added humor? Anyway, the game is divided into three phases that I will call outer defenses, passage and tunnel. The idea, I think, is that you must penetrate to the inside of a moon to blast its power reactor. So, naturally, you begin by having to defeat the outer defense ships.

Revieu

**Report Card** 

the reactor.

Provided you make it this far, you get a bonus ship and start again with the other defenses, facing more numerous and faster defenders. With many games played, I've managed to blast a second re-

Your ship starts in the middle of the screen, while the defenders enter from the top. Your ship can move but not rotate, and you can only fire down. Thus, you must first get to the top of the screen to shoot the bad guys. They manuever in groups, so watching their "follow the leader" pattern you can eventually handle them pretty well — but don't get too cocky! Once the waves of nine ships each are blasted, you must descend through a moon passage that zig-zags along your screen. No one shoots at you, but contact with the jagged walls or numerous mines (which you can destroy with bombs) is instantly fatal. I felt that with practice this was the

Performance	B
Ease of Use	A
Documentation	C
Value	A
Final Grade	A-

**Cost:** \$9.95 plus \$2.50 shipping & handling

Manufacturer: Asgard Software, P.O. Box 10306, Rockville, MD 20849; 703-255-3085

**Requirements:** Extended BASIC, disk system

#### easiest of the three sections.

Next comes the real toughie: The tunnel. You must fly down a tunnel with hordes of defenders all intent on crashing into you. Be glad you get four ships at the start — you'll need some of them here! I found it took practice before I was able to manuever through without losing a ship, but I was able to do that only occasionally. All that you have to do is manuever and blast, but just when you think all is peachy, up comes a final contest. Compared to what you've just been through, this final task is a piece of cake. The reactor that we've been fighting to get to has its own last line of defense, a force field that shoots back! This one is handily defeated by manuevering to avoid its fireballs while shooting to weaken and eventually destroy

actor and proceed to level 3. Suffice it so say that I've yet to see a third reactor. The graphics, except for the title screen, are excellent. Response is also excellent. I thought it a nice touch that when you get blasted in phases 1 and 3 you don't have to return to the very start of the phase.

Other than the spelling mistakes, I experienced one fairly serious problem with game — it didn't seem to like my joystick fire button, so I had to play with the keyboard of my Geneve, which worked fine. (This problem may have to do more with the Geneve than the game.—Ed.)

It would have been nice to have some method of variable levels of difficulty. felt a "non-pro" game player might find it a bit too difficult, particularly the tunnel part. But then, we do want to be challenged by our games, don't we?

Finally, what I think was supposed to be entertaining sound effects sounded to me like an irritating buzzing noise that drove me crazy — I finally had to turn the volume off, it was that annoying.

Overall, Mission Destruct is full of variety and challenge at a reasonable price. If you try it on a Geneve, I recommend using GPL speed 1, as the other speeds are too darn fast. I have thoroughly enjoyed it and think you might too.

## **TICOFF now called Family Computer Expo**

It used to be known as TICOFF, but this year the fair in Roselle price is \$5 per person. The event will focus on the TI99/4A and

Park, New Jersey, will be trying to attract a broader audience of computer users. Now called the Family Computer Exposition and Hame Radio Festival, the event is planned for Saturday, March 9, at Roselle Park High School (Exit 137, New Jersey Garden State Parkway). The event is sponsored by students of the high school and the Old Bridge Ham Radio Club.
PCs. Those who purchase their tickets in advance will receive a disk of PC software. Features include workshops, seminars and vendors.
According to organizer Robert Guellnitz, there will be 70 computer vendors and 60 "Ham Flea Market Tables."
For more information, contact the high school at 201-241-4550 or a 24-hour informational BBS at 201-241-8902.

### **MICRO-REVIEWS**

## Page Pro Sideways Picture Printer, Artist Cataloger, Tl\*mes, Horizon 3000 RAMdisk kit

By HARRY BRASHEAR Ratings for the software reviewed in this column are based on a star system as follows: MS Express Software: Micky Schmitt and Michael Sealy have kicked this one off with a few famous friends in tow, including adventure designer Lynn Gardner. Again we are dealing with known quantities that have been dealing out good software for a long time. One of their new entries is Sliding Block Puzzles, a program guaranteed to grab and hold you to the tube for many hours of mental mayhem. They have some unique ideas for software and we'll take a look at them next month. Send for their catalog with a large SASE: MS Express Software, P.O. Box 498, Richmond, Ohio 43944

nying illustration. What you are looking at is two pages printed side by side on a single sheet of  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$ -inch fanfold. In this case, it put two pages of badly written poetry in a more practical format for framing, but consider if it was two pages of a newsletter. There is always a push toward a better looking, and possibly, cheaper to produce newsletter; thi \_\_\_\_ one way of do-\_\_\_\_ ing that. It should be pointed out though that the aforementioned double page format will not work with full 60-column pages. The example is done with a 48-column template that I keep handy for these purposes. That's not to say that it won't print 60 columns. Actually, if you were to move to 8½ x 14-inch page, you would have no - problems. That size makes for a really neat folded newsletter format, by the way. The program doesn't stop at miniatur-

 $\star$  Leave it alone, back to the drawing board.

★ ★ Needs improvements, but workable. ★ ★ ★ A good program, worth trying. ★ ★ ★ Send your money and buy it.

You probably remember that just a couple of months ago I was whining about the fact that software was getting scarce, but that's no longer true. Winter is here and the TIer's have come out of summer hibernation. The most amazing thing is that the new season has started with two brand new software companies; MS Express Software and Notung Software. They both get nonly two stars for their names; the first for W originality, and the second for ambiguity. Nevertheless, that will probably be the worse marks they ever receive — these are important and talented people so I'm expecting only the best. I'll give you a quick look at a few of their opening products this round and we'll take a closer look in the months to come. Notung Software: This company is owned by Ken Gilliland (Disk Of Dinosaurs, Wagner music) and Ray Kasmer, (The Maze of Grog, Woodstock's Christmas Present). What you have here is one the very best possible combinations of programming and graphics the TI community has to offer. They have an illustrated catalog available that will draw money from your wallet like a magnet and leave your tongue hanging out for more. For instance, for Trek fans, a 1991 calendar featuring all your favorite Second Generation characters and mechanicals. There are three volumes of borders and fonts for TI Artist that will just knock your eyes out. As I said, we'll look at these things closther real soon. In the meantime, send a large SASE for their catalogue to Notung Software, 7647 McGroarty Street, Tujunga, CA 91042

### **\* \* \* PAGEPRO SIDEWAYS PICTURE PRINTER**

Last month we looked at giant posters that could be made from PagePro pages and pictures. This month, we find we must go in the other direction, toward a reduction in the size of original PP pages. Sideways Printer, like Poster Maker, has a number of specialized and very practical uses.

First of all, take a look at the accompa-

quad width stretches which have many uses, from certificates to mini-banners, and also double high combinations. Admittedly, there are a number of products that accomplish similar results, but not from the graphic versatility of PagePro.

ization though. You also have double and

(See Page 34)



### MICRO-REVIEWS----

#### (Continued from Page 33)

There are a number of templates that come on a second disk with the package, so you get a chance to try a lot of stuff before you take off on your own.

This is a fabulous program that fills a number of needs, but I should advise you, it's decidedly unfriendly. I don't know if this is a result of the language used on it, or rushed programming. The biggest aggravation is that you think you are working with defaulted numbers on the second round of printing, and it's not true; they must be input completely. It's being picky I suppose, but how much more time would it have taken to set up some default lines. It's still a good program and seems crash proof in spite of that. The cost is \$12.95 plus \$2.50 per order for shipping and handling. It's from Asgard Software, P.O. Box 10306, Rockville, MD 20849

products that Great Lakes Software used to create for us. If it hadn't been for bad timing, JoyPaint 99 would have probably beaten out TI Artist. It was a fabulous drawing program and originally cost something like \$39.95. Certificate 99 was another item that GLS did a beautiful job on. Anyway, these programs and others are now sold by Comprodine for just \$7 each. I can't believe the price! If you don't own these programs, don't wait, catch up

I get!)

The cost of joining up is \$30 surface mail or \$36 airmail. If you want to do it right, you should go to a bank and get a sterling money order for 15 pounds or 18 pounds, respectively. Otherwise send greenbacks. They don't want checks or postal money orders.

Money should go to: TI99/4A Users Group (U.K.), c/o Peter Walker Esq, 24 Bacons Drive, Cuffley, Potters Bar, Herts, England, EN5 4DU

## $\star \star \star \star$

It seems to be the time for reinventing the wheel just to add a new spoke or two. We have had Artist font printers before, this one does the same job on fonts. It loads in the whole set, printing it out completely so you can see what characters are available. It does this to as many fonts as you may have on the disk, including the disk name and the font name. Old hat! Where the program adds a spoke is in the cataloging of instances. Yes, I know, we've had that before, too, but this time you get to put them in rows regardless of size. The ones I have seen in the past only print one to a row. The program reads in as many as will fit on a single row and does them all, no matter how high they may be. Since we are getting so caught up in monster graphic libraries these days, (and why not) the instance printing part of the program is important because there hasn't been anything like it to date.

to the old timers and put them in your libraries now.

> ★ ★ ★ ★ TI\*MES

No, that wasn't a typo up there, it's the name of the newsletter from the TI99/4A Users Group in England. This is another situation like the one I reported on recently down in Australia — they do it better than we do!

With so many user groups in the U.S. whining and crying about springing for quarters to send out newsletters, a lot of people wonder where they are going to get solid information from. The TI\*MES is another easy answer. It's a quarterly newsletter consisting of at least 60 pages, (spring 1990 was 80 pages) in 81/2x53/ format, staple bound and with a stiff cover. The large majority of the information in this newsletter leans toward the basic system user, people that are making do with just the original P-box equipment and console, even those people who still use the modules and items such as the Mini-Memory Module. In many respects those people get left out in the cold a lot in this country, so you are the ones that will most benefit from a publication like this. If you're looking for cassette tape games and programs, they have them.

### **\* \* \* \* HORIZON 3000 BOARD KIT**

This is not a review. I just couldn't resist saying something nice about the 3000 series Horizon RAMdisks.

I had two 2000 series boards in my Pbox and decided that I would very much like to try one of the new ones. Since I had a total of 768K between the two, I wanted to upgrade to at least that much again. Also, I like to build my own stuff.

I ordered up a 3000 kit with seven 128K chips for a new total of 896K.

Let me tell you, these new ones go together slick as yellow water through a tin horn. There's no stacking of chips and a minimum of wire to run so I was up and running in no time. Also, the cut-out switch and 32K now have their own spots on the board.

Don't let the above comment deter the upper level users from getting this publication. I intended to mention the low-end The best part is the 128K memory chips. By the time I get done, I will have 1.5 megabytes flat on the board; and I can add them over a period of time. Wow!

The new ROS V8.14 allows you to divide a single RAM card into as many drives as you want, as big as you want, up to DSDD. These things just can't be beat. By the way, if you have a 2000 series board and you want to sell it to someone to get a new one, Bud Mills Services will guarantee the old one for three months to the new owner. Of course, that's only if you buy a new board from him. Look for Bud's ads in this magazine and go for it. If you would like me to review your software in this column, please send it to Harry T. Brashear, 2753 Main St., Newfane, NY 14108. If you would like it returned, include a SASE.

The cost of the program is only \$10, plus \$1 per item S&H. It's from Comprodine, 1949 Evergreen Ave, Fullerton, CA 92635 Before I leave Comprodine, I would like to make mention of something else: They are now distributors for the great users first because they need the help and the support more than we "hackers" do. There are enough hardware articles, communications, assembly, and odd items to keep this newsletter on top of the bathroom magazine pile for months. (No insult intended there, but it's all the reading time

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## User Notes

## **EXT\_\_\_PC for 9640**

This comes from Jerry Stern, our Extended BASIC columnist. He writes:

My Extended BASIC program TEXT\_PC, published in the January, 1990 MICROpendium, transfers TI-Writer text files from the TI99/4A to a PC without losing the carriage returns or rough formatting. As it was published, it works fine with all 99/4A word processor files, but MY-Word's file format is slightly different, and requires an extra line in the program. Because MY-Word stores a blank line as a line containing nothing, instead of a line containing a line feed, like TI-Writer, blank lines in MY-Word files will crash the TEXT\_PC program as published. To convert those blank lines to single carriage returns, add this line: 175 IF A\$="" THEN A\$="!!" Don't add this line to TEXT\_\_PC unless you are using the program with the Geneve, because adding the line to the 4A version would just slow down the file transfer process.

If you are using TIPS V1.7, you will also have to edit line 2520 of TIPSX which contains the print codes for tabbing the 3x4 image. Again using a copy of the program, load the program and BREAK with FCTN 4 at the first prompt. Type in the following line:

2520 PRINT #1:CHR\$(27);CHR\$(
102);CHR\$(48);CHR\$(40);CHR\$(
27);CHR\$(76);CHR\$(170);CHR\$(
1)
Save the changed program back to disk
with SAVE DSK1.TIPSX. This change is
not required in TIPS V1.6 which does not
support the 3x4 image. Wolcott has
promised a universal tab in V1.8

NotePad, refer to the February 1990 article. To order the 40-column Utilities, send \$5 to Brad Snyder, 148 Ave. A, Palmerton, PA 18071.

100 ON BREAK NEXT :: CALL LI NK("SCINIT",1,1,40,19):: CAL L LINK("CLS"):: CALL LINK("T EXT",16,5):: GOSUB 920 :: LN =40 :: CALL LINK("LOWCAS")!2 36

150 CALL KEY(5,K,S):: CALL L INK("DISP",23,36,STR\$(I)):: CALL LINK("ACCEPT", R, 1, -LN, " ",A\$(I),G):: B\$(I)=A\$(I):: M =I !160 160 GOSUB 1080 :: IF G=11 TH EN 170 ELSE IF G=10 THEN 270 ELSE 210 !191 170 IF I<=1 THEN 150 ELSE I= I-1 :: R=R-1 :: G=0 !000 180 IF R=0 AND I>=1 THEN CAL L LINK("SCROLL",2):: R=R+1: : CAL LINK("DISP",1,1,A\$(I) ):: RS=I :: RE=I+18 :: GOTO 150 ELSE 150 !216 210 IF R=19 AND I<57 THEN CA LL LINK("SCROLL"):: R=R-1 :: CALL LINK("DISP",19,1,A\$(I+ 1)):: RS=I-17 :: RE=I+1 :: G OTO 270 ELSE 270 !133 320 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: GOSUB 1090 :: CALL LINK("DISP",24, 1, " Printer: PIO") :: CALL LI NK("ACCEPT", 24, 11, -20, "", PR\$ ):: IF PR\$="" THEN 150 !109 330 CALL KEY(3, K, S):: GOSUB 1080 :: CALL LINK("DISP", 23, 1, " Report Title: "):: CALL LINK("ACCEPT", 24, 1, 40, "", RT\$ ):: GOSUB 1080 :: GOSUB 1090 !014 340 CALL LINK("DISP", 24, 1, " Tab spaces from left margin :20"):: CALL LINK("ACCEPT",2 4,31,-2,"0123456789",T\$):: G OSUB 1080 :: GOSUB 1090 !017 400 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: GOSUB 1090 :: CALL LINK("DISP",24, 1," Save: (Enter= Exit)"):: CALL LINK("ACCEPT" ,24,8,10,"",P\$):: IF P\$="" T HEN 590 !239 470 GOSUB 1080 :: CALL LINK( "DISP",23,1," Existing file . Overwrite Y/N:"):: CALL LI NK("ACCEPT", 23, 32, 1, "", YN\$)! 049

## TIPS fix for greeting card

## One line pattern

This comes from Stephen Shaw, of Stockport, England. He writes: This tiny program requires The Missing Link and produces an interesting pattern. 10 FOR X=1 TO 220 :: FOR Y= 1 TO 180 :: T=((X/32)^2)\*Y/ 32 :: IF T AND 1 THEN CALL LINK("PIXEL", X, Y) :: NEXT Y :: NEXT X :: GOTO 10

The final GOTO 10 is just to hold the image on the screen. Instead of AND 1 try AND 2 or AND 4 or AND 8 — we are using the Extended BASIC AND operator not as the usual logic operator but as a binary operator, which works only on numbers up to 32700 odd.

This comes from Edward Machonis, of Floral Park, New York. He writes:

If you are having trouble printing the inside of the Greeting Card with TIPS V1.6 or V1.7, the problem may lie with your printer not recognizing the print control codes for horizontal tab used in the program. The print control codes are from the TI printer manual and tab the inside image and messages 40 spaces so they can print on the right hand side of the card. My Epson RX-80 worked fine with V1.4 but had difficulty with versions 1.6 and 1.7.

The author, Ron Wolcott, was gracious enough to call me and point me toward a solution. The print codes are in the linked assembly code of the LOAD program. If you are having problems, make a copy of the disk and do a string search of LOAD with a sector editor, such as Disk Utilities, for Hex string 1B4428009. Replace it with 1B66002800. Write the change back to disk. You will have to do this twice as the code is located in the eighth sector and the 21st sector of the file.

## Reminders for NotePad

This is the fourth installment of Bill Gaskill's Reminders system of programs. Refer to September, October and December 1990 issues for previous installments. Reminders requires Brad Snyder's 40-column Utilities. Reminders is used in conjunction with Gaskill's NotePad screen editor (February 1990, MICROpendium.) This month's Reminders program is actually a revision of NotePad. We are publishing only the lines that need to be replaced. After replacing these lines in the original NotePad program, delete the following lines: 190, 200, 220 and 230 from the new NotePad.

For additional instructions about

530 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: GOSUB

(See Page 36)

## User Notes

(Continued from Page 35)

1090 :: CALL LINK("DISP",24, 1," Load: (Enter= Exit)"):: CALL LINK("ACCEPT" ,24,8,10,"",P\$,K)!022 540 IF K=10 OR K=11 THEN 730 !252 900 CALL LINK("DISP",24,1,"

Are you sure? (Y/N)

"):: CALL KEY(3,K, S):: IF K=78 THEN 140 ELSE I F K<>89 THEN 900 :: RUN "DSK .NP.NPMENU" !239 970 DISPLAY AT(15,1):"F8 -restore purged file":"= -purge current file" :: DIS PLAY AT(24,1): "Press <ENTER> to return.." !228 975 DISPLAY AT(17,1):"1 -display lines 1 - 19":"2 -display lines 20 - 38":" -display lines 39 - 57 " :: RETURN !071 980 CALL LINK("NORM"):: CALL KEY(0, X, Z) :: IF X <> 13 THEN980 :: CALL LINK("TEXT", 16, 5 ):: GOTO 150 !073 990 CALL LINK("DISP", 24, 1, " Data Path: "):: CALL LINK("AC CEPT", 24, 13, 15, "", DR\$):: IF DR\$="" THEN 990 :: GOTO 150 1200 1240 CALL LINK("DISP", 24, 1, " Enter length of text line: "):: CALL LINK(" 40 ACCEPT", 24, 29, -2, "0123456789 ",LN\$):: LN=VAL(LN\$):: IF LN <1 OR LN>40 THEN 1240 ELSE 1 50 !128

Bitmap — Only the sectors mapped in the disk directory that are used are copied. This means that fractured files will be unfractured on the copy disk and only those sectors are copied. This is the best way as it does not copy unused sectors and so it is a little quicker.

Sector — This choice allows you to clone a disk, (some software companies use renumbered sectors as protection or purposely fracture files), or part of a disk, (blown directory) and, if the defaults are used, it will make an exact duplicate of the disk. If you are not familiar with how the disk is set up, use this default. If you not use the default you could get only part of your programs copied, as it does not use the sector map. For double-density an extended bit map is used. They are not all in sectors 0 to 20 if you have a lot of files on your disk.

You should, if possible, perform what is called "optimizing" on your file disks that you use frequently. As you add or delete programs the files can become fractured (part here and part there) and this can result in slower loading of programs, (See Page 37)

### **READER TO READER**

The Reader to Reader is a column to put TI99/4A and Geneve 9640 users in contact with other users. Be sure to address your questions to Reader to Reader, c/o MI-CROpendium, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

□ Dan Greenlee, 2435 E. North St., Ste. 341; Greenville, SC 29615; 803-268-2939: Looking for an expansion module for modem connection or a PEB. Will trade or trade plus cash for either.

□ Stan Krajewski, Route 6 Box 568-15, Live Oak, FL 32060: I have three Shugart half-height DSDD drives. Drives 2 and 3 quit working as I was chaining drive 3 on my system. I might have been shuffling them around while the system was on to check everything as I hooked them up. My question is — does anyone know someone who has the expertise to repair drives for our community reasonably instead of just throwing them away? After all, it might just be one chip or something simple that would be cheaper than buying two new drives. Also, I have an extensive disk library that I am starting to lose. I have not had any problems like this in the past seven years of owning a TI. It seems since my other drives have gone out that almost every disk I try to make a copy of I find my master disk has a bad sector or sectors. Even my backups that I had in case of this disaster are failing me. Can my only drive left be ruining my disks as it reads it? I have always kept my disks safe and in cases. Any input on either of these problems would be greatly appreciated. (Before you catalog another disk, put a write-protect label on the disk. If your drive is ruining your disks, this should stop it. The remainder of the problem seems related to your drives and probably the DIP switches. Try going back to your original two-drive configuration and see if it works. Other readers may have additional advice.—Ed.)

## New address for Ottawa group

The Ottawa TI99/4A Users Group has a new mailing address. Send mail to the group at 3489 Paul Anka Dr., Ottawa, Ontario, KIV 9K6, Canada.

## Copying disks

Daniel P. Cochran, 766 N. 13 St., Apt. 4; Reading, PA 19604: I am a TI owner who recently moved from Florida to Pennsylvania. The manual to my TI Impact Printer was lost in the move. If anyone has a copy of the manual that they can spare, I will gladly buy it from them. A photocopy would do just fine.

4A Video Project, David B. Ross, 2590 Old SR 37 N, Martinsville, IN 46151;
 317-342-3249; CIS 71101,167: I have recently begun an effort to bring the dormant external video pin #35 on the 9918a VDP chip to life so that the 99/4A console can be used as an inexpensive on-line video titler and graphics generator.
 I have been told that this is not a new idea, but one that has come up many times in discussion. Does anyone know of any results to date? If anyone has knowledge concerning hardware/software applications already in existence, or knows how to get the job done, please contact me.

### with DM-1000

This item appeared in the newsletter of the Cin-Day (Ohio) User Group. When you use DM-1000 to copy a disk you are offered two choices — bitmap or sector — for the copy mode.

## User Notes

#### (Continued from Page 36)

additional wear on disk drives and, worse, data loss. You can tell when this is happening if you hear the drive head see-sawing back and forth when you load a program.

Optimizing is performed by using the file copy function (Option 1 of DM-1000) to copy your files to another disk. First, copy all files from the original disk to a copy disk. Then use the Sweep Disk function to erase all the files on the original disk. Then copy the files back to the original disk. All the files will be in an unfractured condition. Bradley Voice Recognition Expansion System, the original Peripheral Expansion Box push-on/push-off switch, the 3foot power cord with built-in fuse to plug the transformer into a wall socket, R/F Modulator, battery holders for the 3-volt lithium cells used in the Mini-Memory and Super Cart modules, and heat sinks. Also listed are 5-pin DIN to dual RCA monitor plugs, and 16-pin cable connector for TI parallel ports. Write or call All Electronics Corp. for the catalog (P.O. Box 567, Van Nuys, CA 91408; 800-826-5432).

quently resulting in several program lines executing before the interrupt driven program looked again at the current line number being executed.

The situation is no hopeless, however, there is always another way to approach these problems. Jim Peterson (of Tigercub Software) suggests having a short subprogram which outputs to a printer file, then at the start of each multi-statement program line in the area to be traced call the subprogram with the line number. Here's an example: 150 CALL TRACE(150) :: remainder of the program line 160 CALL TRACE(160) :: remainder of the program line

## Hard to find parts for do-it-yourselfers

This item is by Christopher Pratt. It appeared in the PUG Peripheral, the newsletter.of the Pittsburgh TI User Group.

I have found a gold mine of TI treasures for the do-it-yourselfer. All Electronics Corp., aside from an enormous supply of electronics and surplus components, list brand new, original TI items in their catalog. The most common of these TI parts are the 99/4A power supply, transformer and keyboard, which all sell for \$3.50 or 10 for \$3 each.

## XB trace to printer

Jim Peterson of Tigercub Software is the originator of this idea, but we picked it up from an article by Ross Mudie in TISHUG News Digest, New South Wales, Australia. The item has to do with producing non-screen trace output.

At times it would be handy to have the Extended BASIC TRACE function display on a printer rather than on the screen

of the computer, especially when TRACE destroys the 30000 SUB TRACE(LINE\_NUMBER) 30010 PRINT #1:"{";LINE\_NUMB ER;"}"; 30020 SUBEND

Somewhere in the program before call-

(110 × 120 × 130 × 140 × 150 × 160 × 170 × 180 × 190 × 200 × 210 × 220 × 230 × 240 × 250 × 260 × 270 × 280 × 290 × 320 × 340 × 260 × Here is a sample of the output to expect from such a trace subprogram.

graphic screen which you are trying to debug. I have tried doing this with assembly language interrupts while the XBASIC program is executing, however, I found that the interrupts come far too infre-

ing the TRACE subprogram for the first time you will need to open the printer file. For example:

More exciting finds include the original MBX Microphone Headset for the Milton

4

1991 TI FAIRS

#### FEBRUARY

Fest West 91, Feb. 16-17, Ramada Main Gate, Anaheim, California. Contact Fest West 91 Committee, c/o Bill Nelson, 11692 Puryear Lane, Garden Grove, CA 92640, or call Users Group of Orange County BBS, (714) 751-4332.

#### MARCH

Family Computer Exposition and Ham Radio Festival, (formerly TICOFF), March 9, Roselle Park High School, 185 West Webster Ave., Roselle Park NJ 07204. Sponsored by students of the high school and the Old Bridge Ham Radio Club. For information write the high school or call (201) 241-4550 or call the 24-hour informational BBS at (201) 241-8902.

#### **APRIL**

#### 120 OPEN #1:"PIO"

Of course the subprogram doesn't have to be called TRACE nor does the variable have to be a long name. You could use: CALL T(150), for example. And for the subprogram you could use:SUB T(L).

This technique can be extended to display the value of any variables. Here is an idea to display the variable X. Somewhere in a multi-statement line include the statement — :: CALL V("X",X). 30030 SUB V(V\_NAME\$, VALUE) 30040 PRINT #1:V\_NAME\$; "=";V ALUE; 30050 SUBEND

If you want to show the contents of a

## Northeast TI99/4A Home Computer Fair, April 6. Contact Justin Dowling, The Boston Computer Society, One Center Plaza, Boston, MA 02108.

This TI event listing is a permanent feature of MICROpendium. User groups and others planning events for TI/Geneve users may send information for in-clusion in this standing column. Send information to MICROpendium Fairs, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

string variable, use a string variable in place of the numeric variable shown in the example. MICROpendium pays \$10 for items published in User Notes. If you have a tip or idea, routine or other information that may be useful to other readers send it to MICROpendium User Notes, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

## Fest West '91

## West Coast event to celebrate tenth anniversary of TI home computer

Fest West '91 is the first TI fair of the new year and will feature seminars, displays and giveaways, including a Horizon RAMdisk and Asgard mouse. 1991 also marks the tenth anniversary of the TI home computer.

Thefest is scheduled for Feb. 15-16 in Anaheim, California. The fair will be held at the Ramada Maingate hotel, across the street from Disneyland. The hotel is offering a special fest rate of \$55. For reservations, call the hotel at 800-447-4048.

Steve Mehr of Comprodine; Bud Mills of Bud Mills Services; John McDevitt of Rave 99; Beery Miller of 9640 News; Jim Horn of Disk Only Software; Bill Gaskill, a frequent contributor to MI-CROpendium; Bill Chavanne, author of TI-Tax; MS Express; Los Angeles Computer User Group; South West 99ers User Group and Riverside User Group. Asgard products will be avail-

Co-sponsors of the fest are the Users Group of Orange County and the Pomona Valley 99ers. Admission is \$6.

Expected to be attending the fair are Ken Gilliland and Ray Razmer of Notung Software; Tom Freeman of T&J Software; Jerry Price of Tex-Comp; Cheryl Whitelaw, MICROpendium's Regena; Barry Traver of Genial Software; Rodger Merritt and able and Asgard owner Chris Bobbitt may attend.

"Most of these experts will be giving a one-hour speech during the two days," says Bill Harms, planning coordinator of Fest West '91.

For more information or tickets write Bill Nelson, 11692 Puryear Lane, Garden Grove, CA 92640; or call Harms at 714-628-1334 in the evening.

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## Classified

## SOFTWARE

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WANTED: The Home Computer Wars book by Michael Tomczyk, and Home Work Helper module, disk and docs by Navarone. Bill Gaskill 303-242-8842 after 6 p.m. Mountain Time. v7n12

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